The North American Malignant Hyperthermia Registry of MHAUS

#### **Report of Acute**

# ADVERSE METABOLIC OR MUSCULAR REACTION TO ANESTHESIA

# (AMRA Report)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

This form is to be filled out by an anesthesiologist or other health care provider.

1. Complete this form each time you **suspect** a patient may have experienced an adverse metabolic reaction to anesthesia or exercise, possibly related to malignant hyperthermia (MH).

<u>Examples:</u> hypercarbia, acidosis, tachycardia, rigidity, hyperkalemia, myoglobinuria, arrhythmias, unexplained fever, etc.

- 2. Please fill out as soon as patient is stable, preferably within 48 hours of the event.
- 3. The attending anesthesiologist, or other physician, should review the completed form.
- 4. The patient's name should <u>not</u> be recorded on the form sent to the NAMH Registry. If a patient wishes to be registered by name, they may contact the Registry directly. The toll free telephone # of the NAMHR is 888-274-7899
- 5. Please make **one** (1) photocopy of the completed form, and send the forms as follows:

Original.....NAMH Registry Copy 1.....MH Diagnostic Center (if referred)

The North American Malignant Hyperthermia Registry UPMC Mercy Hospital 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Ermire Building (B) Room 8522-3 1400 Locust Street Pittsburgh, PA 15219

For **FULMINANT MH** cases refer the patient and their physician to the genetic counselor, Deanna Steele at **# 800-454-8155** for consideration of the blood test that can help diagnose MH susceptibility in other family members. The patient should call **# 888-274-7899**, the MH Registry, to discuss joining this research registry.

AMRA Report Version 9.6 June 2011

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION**

Sex	
check one	
() male () female	
Weight	
kilograms ORlbs	
Height	
cms OR ft inche	ès
Year of patient's birth	
Age when MH event occurred?	
years months	
Race:	
check as many as apply	
( ) Caucasian	( ) African
() Hispanic	( ) East Asian
( ) African-American	( ) South Asian
( ) Native American ( ) Hawajian or Pacific Islande	( ) Milddle Eastern
( ) other ( <i>specify</i> ):	4
Rody Build	
check one	
() Normal	() Lean
() Muscular	() Obese
( ) Postpartum	
( ) Other ( <i>specify</i> ):	
State or province of patient's reside	ence
State or province of facility in which	h anesthesia was given
Country	
Reporting physician's name: (optio	nal)
Facility type:	
() Hospital	
( ) Ambulatory Surgical facility lo	cated on hospital campus
( ) Free-standing ambulatory surgi	ical facility
( ) Surgical Office	other
Facility name: (optional)	
Anesthesia denartment telephone n	umber and/or email address: <i>(ontional</i> )
( )	(a)
\/	<u>C</u>

#### FAMILY HISTORY

- 12. Before this episode, was the patient's family history positive for: *check all applicable* 
  - ( ) malignant hyperthermia
  - () masseter spasm
  - ( ) intraoperative death <u>not</u> thought to be MH
  - ( ) sudden infant death syndrome or cot death
  - ( ) sudden death from unknown cause at < 45 year > 1.5 years
  - () heatstroke
  - ( ) neurolept malignant syndrome
  - () intolerance to heat
  - () chronic muscle pain
  - ( ) frequent muscle cramps
  - () chronic muscle weakness
  - () exercise intolerance due to muscle pain, weakness or fever
  - () episodes of dark urine and muscle pain
  - ( ) myopathies *specify type; write unknown if not known:*\_\_\_\_\_
  - ( ) idiopathic creatine kinase elevation
  - () diabetes
    - ( ) Type 1
    - ( ) Type 2
  - ( ) Other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_
  - ( ) none of the above
  - () unknown

## **MEDICAL HISTORY**

13.	<ul> <li>Has the patient had any of the following? <i>check all applicable</i> <ul> <li>muscle weakness interferes with daily activity at least once/week</li> <li>muscle cramps or pain that interfere with daily activity at least once/week</li> <li>cola colored urine</li> <li>heat stroke or heat prostration</li> <li>oral (or rectal/axillary equivalent) fever &gt;38.8°C or 101.4°C at least 6 times/year without medical cause</li> <li>recent generalized infection <ul> <li>recent use of cholesterol lowering drugs</li> <li>f so, which drug, and when was it last ingested? (days)</li> </ul> </li> <li>a regular regimen of physical activity? <ul> <li>fso, when was the last work-out? (days)</li> <li>inderance to heat</li> <li>exercise intolerance due to muscle pain, weakness or fever</li> <li>diabetes <ul> <li>Type 1</li> <li>Type 2</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other (<i>specify</i>):</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>
14.	Has the patient ever had physical findings of: <i>check all applicable</i> ( ) increased muscle tone ( ) decreased muscle weakness ( ) myopathy <i>specify type; write unknown if not known:</i>

- ( ) skeletal fractures (ino
  ( ) gallstones
  ( ) kidney stones
  ( ) laryngeal papillomas
  ( ) other (*specify*):
  ( ) none of the above

- () unknown

#### **ANESTHETIC HISTORY**

( ) unknown, but greater than zero Skip to question 20 if zero	() Unknown
How many were general anesthetics?	
( ) unknown, but greater than zero	() Unknown
Year of most recent anesthetic (excludin	ng present episode)?
Year	

- 18. Were unusual metabolic or muscular responses noted during prior anesthetics? *check one* 
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
  - () unknown
- 19. Was there delayed awakening from previous general anesthetics? *check one* 
  - ( ) no
  - () yes

\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_

() unknown

#### ADVERSE METABOLIC REACTION TO ANESTHESIA

- 20. Year of adverse metabolic or muscular reaction.
  - () unknown
- 21. Type of procedure scheduled check all applicable () cardiothoracic () thoracoscopic surgery (thoracic) () dental () oral surgery () orthopedic () ear, nose, or throat () eye () plastic surgery () radiology () general surgery () laparoscopic surgery () obstetrics a) abdominal b) pelvic c) other (specify) \_\_\_\_ () gynecology () urology ( ) neurosurgery () vascular () unknown () transplant transplant type\_\_\_\_\_ ( ) other (specify):\_\_\_\_\_

- 22. Was the procedure an emergency?
  - check one
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
  - () unknown

#### 22a. Did this adverse reaction occur without exposure to anesthetic?

- check one
- ( ) no ( ) yes
- add details \_\_\_\_\_

#### 22b. Was the environment hot when this reaction occurred?

- check one
- ( ) no
- () yes
- () unknown

## If yes how hot? \_\_\_\_. \_\_ C or \_\_\_\_. \_\_ F

## 23. Was any infection present at the time of this reaction?

check one

- ( ) no
- () yes
- ( ) unknown

# 24. If infection was present, what organisms were known to be present? *specify*:\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 25. After adverse metabolic or muscular reaction was noted, the surgical procedure was: *check one* 
  - ( ) deferred
  - ( ) terminated before all scheduled procedures completed
  - ( ) completed in spite of reaction
  - () not applicable patient in recovery or intensive care area at time of reaction
  - ( ) patient was in transport at time reaction occurred

- 26. Premedication and anesthetic agents utilized (before reaction occurred): *check all applicable*
- ( ) sodium citrated citric acid (Bicitra)
- ( ) cimetidine (Tagamet)
- ( ) famotidine (Pepcid)
- ( ) lansoprazole (Prevacid)
- ( ) ranitidine (Zantac)
- ( ) metoclopramide (Reglan)
- ( ) omeprazole (Prilosec)
- () atropine
- ( ) glycopyrrolate (Robinul)
- () scopolamine (Hyoscine)
- () dolasetron (Anzemet)
- ( ) droperidol (Inapsine)
- ( ) hydroxyzine (Vistaril)
- ( ) ondansetron (Zofran)
- ( ) promethazine (Phenergan)
- ( ) methohexital (Brevital)
- ( ) pentobarbital (Nembutal)
- () thiamylal
- ( ) thiopental (Pentothal)
- () clonidine (Duraclon)
- ( ) dexmedetomidine
- ( ) diazepam (Valium)
- ( ) lorazepam (Ativan)
- ( ) midazolam (Versed)
- () etomidate (Amidate)
- () ketamine (Ketalar)
- ( ) propofol (Diprivan)
- () alfentanil (Alfenta)
- ( ) fentanyl (Sublimaze)
- ( ) fentanyl and droperidol (Innovar)
- ( ) meperidine (Demerol)
- ( ) morphine
- ( ) remifentanyl (Ultiva)
- ( ) sufentanil (Sufenta)
- () unknown
  - () NO potent volatile anesthetic
- ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_

- () sevoflurane (Ultane)
- () desflurane (Suprane)
- ( ) halothane (Fluothane)
- () enflurane (Ethrane)
- () isoflurane (Forane)
- ( ) nitrous oxide
- () nalbuphine (Nubain)
- () naloxone (Narcan)
- ()atracurium (Tracrium)
- () cisatracurium (Nimbex)
- ( ) mivacurium (Mivacron)
- ( ) rocuronium (Zemuron)
- ( ) vecuronium (Norcuron)
- () curare
- ( ) metocurine (Metubine)
- ( ) pancuronium (Pavulon)
- ( ) pipecuronium (Arduan)
- () other NMB
- () **IM** succinylcholine (Anectine)
- () **IV** succinylcholine (Anectine)
  - () NO succinylcholine
- ( ) edrophonium (Tensilon)( ) neostigmine (Prostigmin)
- () physostigmine (Antilirium)
- ( ) pyridostigmine (Mestinon)
- () bupivacaine (Marcaine)
- () levo-bupivacaine
- () choroprocaine (Nesacaine)
- () cocaine
- () etidocaine (Duranest)
- () lidocaine (Xylocaine)
- () mepivacaine (Carbocaine)
- ( ) prilocaine (Citanest)
- ( ) procaine (Novocain)
- () ropivacaine (Naropin)
- () tetracaine (Pontocaine)
- () epinephrine
- () ephedrine
- () neosynephrine

27. Anesthesia induction time \_\_\_:\_\_ (military time)

28. General anesthetic induction method

check one

- () inhalation
- () intravenous
- ( ) other (specify):

#### 29. Anesthesia duration

```
_____. (in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
          (example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
```

#### 30. Type of anesthetic prior to adverse metabolic or muscular reaction check all applicable

- () monitored anesthesia care (local standby)
- () regional anesthesia
- () spinal anesthesia
- () epidural anesthesia
- () general anesthesia **without** endotracheal intubation
- () general anesthesia **with** endotracheal intubation
- () tourniquet use
  - elapsed time after the start of anesthesia tourniquet was inflated
  - \_\_\_\_\_(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points) (example - 3 minutes = 0.05)

elapsed time after final release of tourniquet

\_\_\_\_\_(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points) (example - 3 minutes = 0.05)

() general anesthesia with a face mask

() general anesthesia with a larygneal mask airway

#### PATIENT MONITORING UTILIZED BEFORE THE REACTION

- 31. Monitoring utilized (before reaction occurred): *check all monitoring used* 
  - ( ) blood pressure monitor
  - ( ) electrocardiograph
  - ( ) stethoscope
  - ( ) arterial catheter
  - ( ) central venous catheter
  - ( ) pulmonary artery catheter
- ( ) end-tidal PCO<sub>2</sub>
- ( ) pulse oximeter
- () bladder (Foley) catheter

temperature probes:

- () axillary
- () bladder
- () esophageal
- () nasopharyngeal
- () rectal
- ( ) skin electronic
- () skin liquid crystal
- () tympanic
- ( ) other (specify):\_\_\_\_\_
- 32. If a liquid crystal temperature probe was used, did it accurately trend with core temperatures? *check one* 
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
  - () unknown
- 33. Was a forced air or I.V. warming device in use?
  - check one
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
    - \_\_\_\_\_ temperature used
  - () unknown

#### SIGNS NOTED DURING THE REACTION

- 34. Abnormal signs judged to be inappropriate by the attending anesthesiologist or other physician: <u>**RANK**</u> in order of appearance. <u>NUMBER</u> do not check. <u>WRITE ZERO</u> if sign did not occur. (a number may be used more than once if signs were noted simultaneously)
  - \_\_\_\_ masseter spasm: mouth cannot be fully opened, but direct laryngoscopy possible
  - \_\_\_\_ masseter spasm: jaw clamped shut, intubation via direct visualization impossible
  - \_\_\_\_ generalized muscular rigidity
  - \_\_\_\_ cola colored urine
  - \_\_\_\_ tachypnea
  - \_\_\_\_ hypercarbia
  - \_\_\_\_ cyanosis
  - \_\_\_\_ skin mottling
  - \_\_\_\_ sinus tachycardia
  - \_\_\_\_ ventricular tachycardia
  - \_\_\_\_\_ ventricular fibrillation
  - \_\_\_\_ elevated temperature
  - \_\_\_\_\_ rapidly increasing temperature
  - \_\_\_\_ sweating
  - \_\_\_\_ excessive bleeding
  - <u>hypertension</u> > 20% of baseline
  - \_\_\_\_ other (specify):\_\_\_\_\_
- 35. Signs: Maximum values and times

fill in the blanks

··	time first adverse sign noted (after induction)
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
	time second adverse sign noted (after induction)
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
·	maximum temperature noted (°C) OR
·	maximum temperature noted (°F)
	time maximum temperature noted ( <i>after induction</i> )
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
	maximum end-tidal $PCO_2$ noted (mmHg)
	time noted ( <i>after induction</i> )
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)

36. Type of ventilation used at the time hypercarbia was first observed:

check one	
() spontaneous	liters/minute
( ) assisted	ventilation
() controlled	at the time of this
( ) not applicable	blood gas
() unknown	

#### LABORATORY TESTS UTILIZED

37. Laboratory Evaluation

Fill in the blanks for all lab tests obtained. Write unknown if results are not known.

Most abnormal arterial blood gas after MH was suspected:

<b>·</b>	$F_1O_2$	
·	pH	
	PCO <sub>2</sub>	liters/minute
	PO <sub>2</sub>	ventilation
·	BE (mEq/L) (specify $\pm$ )	at the time of this
	Bicarbonate (mEq/L)	blood gas
••	time ( <i>after induction</i> )	-
	(in hours, express parts of an hour	using decimal points)
	$(example - \hat{3} minutes = 0.05)$	

peak lactic acid

\_\_.\_\_ mmol/L

peak  $K^+$ 

 $\_\_\_.\__mEq/L \text{ or }mmol/L$ 

peak post-op creatine kinase*	first creatine kinase*	last creatine kinase*
, U/L	,,	;
hours after induction	hrs after induction	hrs after induction

\* recommended intervals for creatine kinase determination are 0, 6, 12, 24 hours after the adverse reaction

serum myoglobin \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ ng/ml \_\_\_\_\_ hours after induction urine myoglobin \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_ mg/L \_\_\_\_\_ hours after induction fibrinogen \_\_\_\_\_ mg/dl PT (prothrombin time) PTT (partial thromboplastin time) seconds \_\_\_\_\_ seconds laboratory upper limit of normal laboratory upper limit of normal \_\_\_\_\_ seconds \_\_\_\_\_\_ seconds platelet count INR \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_ • \_\_\_

#### PATIENT MONITORING UTILIZED AFTER THE REACTION

# 38. Monitoring utilized (after reaction occurred): *check all monitoring used*

- ( ) blood pressure monitor
- () electrocardiograph
- () stethoscope
- () arterial catheter
- ( ) central venous catheter
- ( ) pulmonary artery catheter

#### temperature probes:

- () axillary
- () bladder
- () esophageal
- () nasopharyngeal
- () rectal
- () skin electronic
- ( ) skin liquid crystal
- () tympanic
- ( ) other (specify):\_\_\_\_\_

- () end-tidal PCO<sub>2</sub>
- () pulse oximeter
- ( ) bladder (Foley) catheter

## TREATMENT GIVEN

39.	Treatment given for possible or fulminant MH Check all treatments utilized
	Fill in the blanks
	( ) Volatile anesthetics discontinued
	( ) Volatile anestiteties discontinued time (after induction)
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using desired points)
	(in nours, express parts of an nour using decimal points) $(1 - 2 - 1$
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
	( ) Anesthesia circuit changed
	() Hyperventilation with 100% oxygen
	( ) Dantrolene (Dantrium)
	Initial dose (mg)
	Time of first dose ( <i>after induction</i> )
	(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(example - 3 minutes = 0.05)
	Total dose (mg) - including maintenance therapy
	Time of last dose ( <i>after induction</i> )
	(in hours express parts of an hour using decimal points)
	(ar nours, express parts of an nour using accurate points) (arample = 3 minutes = 0.05)
	(a) Active cooling
	Method (specify)
	( ) Elvid loading
	() Fluid loading
	( ) Eurosemide
	() Furosennue () Calcium () $\mathbf{N}_{i}$
	() Mannitol () Bicarbonate
	() Glucose, insulin () Amrinone
	() Bretylium () Vasopressor
	( ) Lidocaine ( ) Procainamide
	() CPR () Defibrillation
	( ) other ( <i>specify</i> ):
	( ) none of the above
40	Mark any of the following that were noted after dentrolone was given.
40.	( ) Decreases in beaut rate
	( ) Decrease in near rate.
	( ) Decrease in end-tidal carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide tension in blood.
	( ) Decrease in temperature.
	If none were noted, please skip to question 42
41.	How many minutes after dantrolene administration was the maximum change in this sign noted and what was the magnitude of the maximum change?
	Heart rate

( \_\_\_\_) minutes
 ( \_\_\_\_) (change in beats/min)
Carbon dioxide
 (\_\_\_\_) minutes
 ( \_\_\_\_) (change in mmHg or torr)
Temperature
 ( \_\_\_\_) minutes
 ( \_\_\_\_) or ( \_\_.\_ °F ) (change in temperature)

- 42. Were any problems noted with the dantrolene administration?
  - check one
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
    - If no, please skip to question 44

#### What were the observed dantrolene complications? 43. check all applicable

- () phlebitis
- () excessive secretions
- () gastrointestinal upset
- () hyperkalemia
- () muscle weakness
- () respiratory failure
- ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_

44. Anesthetic Agents Utilized **After** Adverse Metabolic or Muscular Reaction was noted: *check all applicable* 

- () sodium citrated citric acid (Bicitra)
- () cimetidine (Tagamet)
- () famotidine (Pepcid)
- () lansoprazole (Prevacid)
- () ranitidine (Zantac)
- ( ) metoclopramide (Reglan)
- ( ) omeprazole (Prilosec)
- () atropine
- ( ) glycopyrrolate (Robinul)
- () scopolamine (Hyoscine)
- () dolasetron (Anzemet)
- () droperidol (Inapsine)
- () hydroxyzine (Vistaril)
- () ondansetron (Zofran)
- () promethazine (Phenergan)
- () methohexital (Brevital)
- ( ) pentobarbital (Nembutal)
- () thiamylal
- () thiopental (Pentothal)
- () clonidine (Duraclon)
- ( ) dexmedetomidine
- ( ) diazepam (Valium)
- () lorazepam (Ativan)
- ( ) midazolam (Versed)
- () etomidate (Amidate)
- () ketamine (Ketalar)
- () propofol (Diprivan)
- () alfentanil (Alfenta)
- ( ) fentanyl (Sublimaze)
- ( ) fentanyl and droperidol (Innovar)
- ( ) meperidine (Demerol)
- () morphine
- () remifentanyl (Ultiva)
- ( ) sufentanil (Sufenta)
- () unknown
  - () **NO** potent volatile anesthetic
- ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_

- ( ) nitrous oxide
- ( ) nalbuphine (Nubain)
- ( ) naloxone (Narcan)
- ()atracurium (Tracrium)
- () cisatracurium (Nimbex)
- ( ) mivacurium (Mivacron)
- ( ) rocuronium (Zemuron)
- ( ) vecuronium (Norcuron)
- () curare
- ( ) metocurine (Metubine)
- ( ) pancuronium (Pavulon)
- ( ) pipecuronium (Arduan)
- () other NMB
- () succinylcholine
  - () NO succinylcholine
- () edrophonium (Tensilon)
- () neostigmine (Prostigmin)
- ( ) physostigmine (Antilirium)
- ( ) pyridostigmine (Mestinon)
- () bupivacaine (Marcaine)
- () levo-bupivacaine
- () choroprocaine (Nesacaine)
- () cocaine
- () etidocaine (Duranest)
- () lidocaine (Xylocaine)
- () mepivacaine (Carbocaine)
- ( ) prilocaine (Citanest)
- () procaine (Novocain)
- () ropivacaine (Naropin)
- () tetracaine (Pontocaine)
- () epinephrine
- () ephedrine
- () neosynephrine

#### PATIENT OUTCOME

- 45. Did the patient develop any of the following complications? *check all that apply* 
  - () cardiac dysfunction
  - () change in consciousness level and/or coma
  - ( ) disseminated intravascular coagulation
  - ( ) hepatic dysfunction
  - ( ) pulmonary edema
  - ( ) renal dysfunction
  - ( ) compartment syndrome
  - ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_
  - () none
  - () unknown

## 46. Did the patient survive the initial reaction?

check one

- () no () unknown because of transfer of case during treatment
- () yes

If no, please skip to question 51

- 47. Did the patient develop additional signs or symptoms after initial adequate treatment (recrudescence)?
  - check one
  - () no () unknown because of transfer to another facility
  - () yes

If no, please skip to question 54

#### 48. What was the time of the recrudescence?

\_\_\_\_\_ hours after anesthetic induction

(in hours, express parts of an hour using decimal points) (example -3 minutes = 0.05) 49. Signs of recrudescence that were judged to be inappropriate by the attending anesthesiologist or other physician:

<u>RANK in order of appearance.</u> <u>NUMBER</u> do not check. <u>WRITE ZERO if sign did</u> not occur A number may be used more than once if signs were noted simultaneously. \_\_\_\_\_\_ masseter spasm: mouth cannot be fully opened, but direct laryngoscopy possible \_\_\_\_\_\_ masseter spasm: jaw clamped shut, intubation via direct visualization impossible \_\_\_\_\_\_ generalized muscular rigidity

- \_\_\_\_ cola colored urine
- \_\_\_\_ tachypnea
- \_\_\_\_ hypercarbia
- \_\_\_\_ cyanosis
- \_\_\_\_ skin mottling
- \_\_\_\_\_ sinus tachycardia
- \_\_\_\_ ventricular tachycardia
- \_\_\_\_\_ ventricular fibrillation
- \_\_\_\_ elevated temperature
- \_\_\_\_\_ rapidly increasing temperature
- \_\_\_\_ sweating
- \_\_\_\_ excessive bleeding
- <u>hypertension</u> > 20% of baseline
- \_\_\_\_ other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_
- 50. Did the patient survive both the initial reaction, the recrudescence, if any, and recover? *check one* 
  - ( ) no
  - () yes () unknown due to transfer to another hospital
- 51. If the patient died, what was the primary cause of death?
  - check all that apply
  - ( ) MH
  - ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_
  - () unknown () death > one month after the MH episode
- 52. If the patient died, was an autopsy performed?
  - ( ) no
  - ( ) yes specify principal findings\_\_\_\_\_
- 53. Was tissue from the deceased examined for a specific genetic defect? If so what was found? specify:
- 53a. In what tissue (check all that apply)?
  - () Blood
  - () Muscle
  - ( ) Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_

#### **CLINICAL IMPRESSION**

54. Patient experienced (opinion of attending anesthesiologist):

check one

- ( ) adverse metabolic reaction that was not related to MH
- ( ) possible MH may include masseter spasm (MH diagnostic center referral recommended)
- () fulminant MH (family counseling, MH diagnostic center referral recommended)
- ( ) other (*specify*):\_\_\_\_\_
- 55. Were the patient and his/her family referred to a MH diagnostic center? *check one* 
  - ( ) no
  - () yes
  - () unknown
- 56. If referred to a MH diagnostic center, check identity of center:

(	) Ottawa Hospital Civic Campus	Ottawa, ON
(	) Wake Forest University	Winston-Salem, NC
(	) Uniformed Services University	Bethesda, MD
(	) University of California at Davis	Davis, CA
(	) University of Minnesota	Minneapolis, MN
(	) University of Toronto	Toronto, ON

- 57. Were the patient and the family also referred to MHAUS?
  32 South Main Street
  PO Box 1069
  Sherburne, NY 13460-1069
  (607) 674-7902 or 1-800-986-4287 *check one*( ) no
  - () yes

#### **COMMENTS ON PATIENT**

(Optional)

Please make photocopies and distribute according to instructions on cover sheet.

Original may be mailed to:

The North American Malignant Hyperthermia Registry UPMC Mercy 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Ermire Building (B) Room 8522-3 1400 Locust Street Pittsburgh, PA 15219

#### MH DIAGNOSTIC CENTER DIRECTORY

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