

Supplemental Table 1. Obstetric Simulation Scenarios

<i>Year</i>	<i>Scenario(s)</i>
2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maternal Cardiac Arrest
2006	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoulder Dystocia • Eclamptic Seizure
2007	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anaphylaxis • Shoulder Dystocia
2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • STAT Cesarean Delivery • Postpartum Hemorrhage, Introduction of Massive Transfusion Guidelines
2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eclamptic Seizure • Magnesium Overdose
2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maternal Cardiac Arrest • Peri-mortem Cesarean Delivery
2011	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failed Operative Vaginal Delivery, STAT Cesarean Delivery • Vaginal Breech Delivery, Inverted Uterus, Family Centered Care
2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoulder Dystocia, Neonatal Resuscitation • Refractory Eclamptic Seizure, Refractory Hypertension, STAT Cesarean Delivery
2013	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retroperitoneal, Postpartum Hemorrhage, Family Centered Care • Postpartum Hemorrhage, Introduction of Checklist
2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disaster Preparedness Training • Local Anesthetic Toxicity, Cardiac Arrest • Fire in the Operating Room
2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Postpartum Hemorrhage, Introduction of Revised Checklist

Supplemental Table 2. Communication Techniques	
Orientation or Briefing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concise description of clinical situation to arriving provider
SBAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Orientation using “Situation, Background, Assessment, & Response” acronym
Directed Communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of eye contact, names, or gestures to clearly assign tasks
Closed-loop Communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbal acknowledgement of request or information • Verbal report of task completion
Check back or Repeat back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbal repeat of request or information by receiver
Critical Language or “CUS” Assertion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbalization of a safety concern using the words, “I’m concerned,” “I’m uncomfortable,” or “I’m scared”
2-Challenge Rule	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbalization of concern twice or more to emphasize importance and provide acknowledgement opportunity
Transparent Thinking or Call Out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbalization of action or thinking processes to improve team awareness and cohesive future action
Recap or Take Ten Seconds to Save Ten Minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbal situation updates to entire team to ensure uniform knowledge and trajectory, improve team efficiency