**Supplemental Box:**

Level of Quality of Evidence: Defined by the American College of Cardiology (ACC) and the American Heart Association (AHA) Clinical Practice Guideline Recommendation Classification System

Level A

High-quality evidence from >1 randomized controlled trial; Meta-analysis of high-quality randomized controlled trials or ≥1 randomized controlled trial by registry studies

Level B-R

Moderate quality evidence with 1 randomized controlled trial or meta-analysis of moderate-quality randomized controlled trials

Level B-NR

Moderate-quality evidence from ≥ 1 well-designed, well-executed nonrandomized studies, observational or registry studies

Level C-LD

Randomize or nonrandomized observational or registry studies with limitations in design or execution; Meta-analysis of such studies; Physiological or mechanistic human subject studies

Level C-EO

Consensus of expert opinions based on clinical expertise

Modified from: Halperin JL, Levine GN, Al-Khatib SM, Birtcher KK, Bozkurt B, Brindis RG, Cigarroa JE, Curtis LH, Fleisher LA, Gentile F, Gidding S, Hlatky MA, Ikonomidis J, Joglar J, Pressler SJ, Wijeysundera DN. Further evolution of the ACC/AHA clinical practice guideline recommendation classification system: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines. Circulation. 2016;133:1426-1428.