

Supplemental Digital Appendix 3

Instructions for Use of the Safe and Effective Discharge Tool

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1

THIS IS AN OBSERVATION, ASSESSMENT, ENTRUSTMENT AND COMPETENCY TOOL!

2

FORMATIVE:
Use for Feedback
On Discharges

3

INPATIENT MEDICINE PGY1-2 SAFE-D Safe and effective discharge

SUMMARY BEHAVIORS	INDIVIDUAL BEHAVIORS	1	2	3	4	5
WHAT	HOW	Resident cannot perform this skill, even with assistance.	Resident can perform this skill, but only under supervision.	Resident can perform this skill under indirect supervision.	Resident can perform this skill under direct supervision.	Resident can act as instructor for team.
HOW TO IMPROVE						
MEDICATION RECONCILIATION	<input type="checkbox"/> Asks patients about barriers to obtaining medications. <input type="checkbox"/> Confirms pre-admission medications. <input type="checkbox"/> Explains medication of patient at discharge. <input type="checkbox"/> Reviews and reconciles discharge list.					
DISCHARGE SUMMARY-PATIENT INSTRUCTION	<input type="checkbox"/> Completes discharge summary. <input type="checkbox"/> Summarizes and succinctly communicates key information. <input type="checkbox"/> Includes diagnostic studies with appropriate interpretation. <input type="checkbox"/> Discharge instructions includes patient, medications and plan.					
PATIENT/CAREGIVER COMMUNICATION	<input type="checkbox"/> Uses Teach back. <input type="checkbox"/> Gives education about final diagnosis. <input type="checkbox"/> Communicates daily about the anticipated day of discharge. <input type="checkbox"/> Asks patient/family what they need at discharge.					
TEAM COMMUNICATION TO ADDRESS BARRIERS	<input type="checkbox"/> Days prior to and on the day of discharge pursues communication with the inter-professional team. <input type="checkbox"/> Initiates discussion with team concerning barriers such as transition to PC meds, PCC times. <input type="checkbox"/> Accurately relates the plan of the interprofessional team.					
ACTIVELY COLLABORATES WITH THE INTER-PROFESSIONAL TEAM AND RECOGNIZES UNIQUE INTERPROFESSIONAL ROLES FOR THE DISCHARGE	<input type="checkbox"/> Teases the expertise of the inter professional team: nurse for readiness, case manager for placement, pharmacist for medication reconciliation. <input type="checkbox"/> Actively collaborates.					
ANTICIPATES POST HOSPITAL NEEDS AND ASSESSES READINESS PRIOR TO THE DAY OF DISCHARGE	<input type="checkbox"/> Checks for readiness of discharge on the day prior to and on the day of discharge. <input type="checkbox"/> Anticipates post-hospital needs. <input type="checkbox"/> Appropriately follows up with patient after discharge.					

Instructions

Check Boxes

Write Comments

Use Arrows

FACULTY OBSERVER: _____

RESIDENT OBSERVED: _____ PGY 1 2 3 4 TY

FIRST OBSERVED: _____

OBSERVATIONS (PGY 1-4 TY) _____

LAST OBSERVED: _____

ALL OF THE BEHAVIORS ASSOCIATED WITH A SAFE AND EFFECTIVE DISCHARGE WERE CONSISTENTLY PERFORMED BY THE RESIDENT. THE RESIDENT IS READY FOR INDIRECT SUPERVISION (LEVEL 3): CHECK 1

YES/NO

YES/NO

4

INSTRUCTIONS

- At the start of the rotation, distribute 3 copies of this tool.
 - Give one copy to the **Intern(s)** on your service: "This is how you will be evaluated on safe discharges during the month. Are you already working on any of these skills?"
 - Give one copy to the **Supervising Resident** on your service. "I am assessing the intern(s) for their ability to discharge a patient in a safe and effective way. Would you note any observations you make of their skills in these areas this month? I will be using your observations to complete my impression of their skill level."
- Keep a copy for your own **Attending** notes as you observe the trainee perform these skills.
- During rounds, watch for one or more **individual behaviors** on the left side of the tool.
 - You can record all behaviors observed throughout the month for the trainee on the same tool.
 - Check the box beside any behavior you observe. **Do not check boxes if not observed.** When left empty, it will serve as your "not observed" indication for these behaviors.
 - Think of one behavior the trainee could learn to do at a higher level. This will form the basis for your feedback. You can jot this feedback down in the FEEDBACK space on the right of the form, by item.
 - It is best to give feedback as soon as you observe the behavior i.e. walking between rooms.

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