Supplemental digital content for Heidemann LA, Keilin CA, Santen SA, Fitzgerald JT, Zaidi NL, Whitman L, Jones EK, Lypson ML, Morgan HK. Does performance on evidence-based medicine and urgent clinical scenarios assessments deteriorate during the fourth year of medical school? Findings from one institution. Acad Med.

## **Supplemental Digital Appendix 1**

Demographic Characteristics of 76 Examinees, From a Study of Performance on Evidence-Based Medicine and Urgent Clinical Medicine Assessments, University of Michigan Medical School, 2014–2015

	No. Total		No. Urgent Clinical		No. Evidence- Based	
Program	Cohort	%		%	Medicine	%
Anesthesiology	8	11%	8	15%	6	12%
Emergency Medicine	5	7%	4	8%	3	6%
Family Medicine	3	4%	1	2%	1	2%
Internal Medicine	14	18%	12	23%	9	17%
Internal Medicine (Prelim Neurology)	2	3%	1	2%	2	4%
Internal Medicine/Pediatrics Combined	4	5%	3	6%	2	4%
Obstetrics and Gynecology	7	9%	6	11%	6	12%
Orthopaedic Surgery	2	3%	2	4%	1	2%
Pathology - Anatomic and Clinical	5	7%	1	2%	2	4%
Pediatrics	9	12%	3	6%	8	15%
Pediatrics (Child Neurology Prelim)	1	1%			1	2%
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	1	1%			1	2%
Psychiatry	5	7%	4	8%	3	6%
Surgery	4	5%	3	6%	1	2%
Surgery subspecialty <sup>a</sup>	6	7%	5	10%	6	12%
Total	76	100%	53	100%	52	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Surgery subspecialty includes plastic surgery (n = 1), Thoracic (n = 3), Vascular (n = 1), Urology (n = 1).