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Supplemental Digital Appendix 1

Two Versions—(1) Weaknesses in Medical Expertise and (2) Weaknesses in Communication—of the Educational Handover Reports Created for, Respectively, Each of the Two Simulated Residents Depicted in Videos for a 2018 Study Examining the Influence of Educational Handover on Assessment

Order:

Before Video 1: Dr Wheeler – version with comments noting weaknesses in medical expertise followed by version with comments noting weaknesses in communication (control group received no handover report)

Before Video 2: Dr Wilson – version with comments noting weaknesses in medical expertise followed by version with comments noting weaknesses in communication (control group received no handover report)

All the rating scales were scored as satisfactory – only comments differed.

Supplementary digital content for Dory V, Danoff D, Plotnick LH, Cummings B-A, Gomez-Garibello C, Pal NE, Gumuchian ST, Young M. Does educational handover influence subsequent as sessment? A cad Med.

McGill	Evaluated By: Dr Richard
University	Evaluating: Dr Rudolph Wheeler
·	Dates: 01-07-2018 to 31-08-2018

MEDICAL EXPERT

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Appropriately performs patient history and physical examination presentation of patients	0	0	0	•	0
Implements a patient-centered care plan that supports ongoing care, follow-up on investigations, response to treatment, and further consultation	0	0	0	•	0

COMMUNICATOR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Conveys compassion and empathy in communications with patients and families	0	0	0	•	0
Uses patient-centered interviewing skills to effectively gather relevant biomedical and psychosocial information	То	0	0	•	0

COLLABORATOR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Interacts and consults effectively with all health professionals by recognizing and acknowledging their roles & expertise	0	0	0	•	0
Accurately and effectively delegates patient care to another health care professional to facilitate continuity of safe patient care	0	0	0	•	0

LEADER

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Understands and uses information technology	0	0	0	•	0
Organizes work and manages time effectively	0	0	0	•	0

Supplementary digital content for Dory V, Danoff D, Plotnick LH, Cummings B-A, Gomez-Garibello C, Pal NE, Gumuchian ST, Young M. Does educational handover influence subsequent as sessment? A cad Med.

SCHOLAR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Facilitates the learning of patients, families, other trainees, and health professionals	0	0	0	•	0
Demonstrates motivation to acquire and develop knowledge	0	0	0	•	0

HEALTH ADVOCATE

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Advocates for individual patients' and families' health needs	0	0	0	•	0
Understands the local population and advocates for the health of the community	0	0	0	•	0

PROFESSIONAL

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Demonstrates an understanding of and ability to incorporate into practice the professional, ethical and legal principles implicated in the management of injured patients.	0	0	0	•	0
Recognizes own limitations and seeks advice when needed	0	0	0	•	0

OVERALL

	Incomplete	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
*GLOBAL EVALUATION OF	0		0		
COMPETENCE AND PROGRESS	O	0	O	•	O

COMMENTS (Including Strengths, Weaknesses and Suggestions for development.

Description of performance during the rotation

Rudolph spent eight weeks in this rotation during which time he was observed performing three histories and four physical examinations as well as placing a central line. His performance was discussed with all senior residents and attending staff who worked with him during the rotation. He performed overall as expected of an R2 at the beginning of the year. He was reliable, hard-working, and friendly with staff and patients. There were no professionalism lapses. His time management has improved over the course of the rotation and he is becoming more efficient during rounds.

Suggestions for development

Rudolph needs to work on improving his differential diagnoses. His differentials tend to include "zebras" and miss some key "horses". He is not yet able to use a meaningful differential to focus his history and physical examination. This results in his asking shot gun questions and not following-up on significant positive and negative. We suggest that Rudolph read around common presentations and develops lists of the most common causes for each. This should help him focus his histories and physical examinations. He should also be observed more frequently performing a focused history.

COMMENTS (Including Strengths, Weaknesses and Suggestions for development.

Description of performance during the rotation

Rudolph spent eight weeks in this rotation during which time he was observed performing three histories and four physical examinations as well as placing a central line. His performance was discussed with all senior residents and attending staff who worked with him during the rotation. He performed overall as expected of an R2 at the beginning of the year. He was reliable and hard-working, his investigation and management plans for common presentations required few adjustments. There were no professionalism lapses. His time management has improved over the course of the rotation and he is becoming more efficient during rounds.

Suggestions for development

Rudolph clearly takes his responsibilities to patients seriously, however, he can come off as brusque and somewhat distant to colleagues as well as patients. We suggest that Rudolph work on his rapport building with patients in particular.

Supplementary digital content for Dory V, Danoff D, Plotnick LH, Cummings B-A, Gomez-Garibello C, Pal NE, Gumuchian ST, Young M. Does educational handover influence subsequent assessment? A cad Med.

McGill	Evaluated by: Dr Tremblay
University	Evaluating: Dr John Wilson
	Dates: 01-03-2018 to 30-04-2018

MEDICAL EXPERT

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Appropriately performs patient history and physical examination presentation of patients	0	0	0	•	0
Implements a patient-centered care plan that supports ongoing care, follow-up on investigations, response to treatment, and further consultation	0	0	0	•	0

COMMUNICATOR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Conveys compassion and empathy in communications with patients and families	0	0	0	•	0
Uses patient-centered interviewing skills to effectively gather relevant biomedical and psychosocial information	0	0	0	•	0

COLLABORATOR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Interacts and consults effectively with all health professionals by recognizing and acknowledging their roles & expertise	0	0	0	•	0
Accurately and effectively delegates patient care to another health care professional to facilitate continuity of safe patient care	0	0	0	•	0

LEADER

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Understands and uses information technology	0	0	0	•	0
Organizes work and manages time effectively	0	0	0	•	0

Supplementary digital content for Dory V, Danoff D, Plotnick LH, Cummings B-A, Gomez-Garibello C, Pal NE, Gumuchian ST, Young M. Does educational handover influence subsequent as sessment? A cad Med.

SCHOLAR

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Facilitates the learning of patients, families, other trainees, and health professionals	0	0	0	•	0
Demonstrates motivation to acquire and develop knowledge	0	0	0	•	0

HEALTH ADVOCATE

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Advocates for individual patients' and families' health needs	0	0	0	•	0
Understands the local population and advocates for the health of the community	0	0	0	•	0

PROFESSIONAL

	Could Not Judge	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
Demonstrates an understanding of and ability to incorporate into practice the professional, ethical and legal principles implicated in the management of injured patients.	0	0	0	•	0
Recognizes own limitations and seeks advice when needed	0	0	0	•	0

OVERALL

	Incomplete	Unsatisfactory	Borderline	Satisfactory	Superior
*GLOBAL EVALUATION OF		0	0		
COMPETENCE AND PROGRESS		U	O	•	O

COMMENTS (Including Strengths, Weaknesses and Suggestions for development.

Description of performance during the rotation

This report is based on information gathered from attending staff and nurses on the ward following John's eight weeks with us. John was exposed to a variety of cases, from the common and benign to severely ill patients as well as patients with rare diseases. John was a solid member of the team during this time. He was reliable and asked questions when he was unsure about anything. He was eager to do his job well and to learn, he responded well to feedback. He was well liked by patients and staff. John was thorough. His thoroughness tended to make him inefficient and unfocused. His case presentations tended to be very detailed and he struggled to convey the priority issues of each case. His investigation and management plans often needed to be streamlined.

Suggestions for development

John should work on synthesizing the key issues for each patient, and try to see the big picture. This will enable him to tailor investigation and management plans to the individual patient as opposed to addressing every single issue in isolation.

COMMENTS (Including Strengths, Weaknesses and Suggestions for development.

Description of performance during the rotation

This report is based on information gathered from attending staff and nurses on the ward following John's eight weeks with us. John was exposed to a variety of cases, from the common and benign to severely ill patients as well as patients with rare diseases. John was a solid member of the team during this time. He was reliable and asked questions when he was unsure about anything. He was eager to do his job well and to learn, he responded well to feedback. John was thorough yet reasonably efficient, his case presentations were accurate and complete. His investigation and management plans were good.

Suggestions for development

John struggles to put patients at ease and can be a little awkward. This could just be because he is shy and reserved, and hopefully will improve as he gains in confidence. We recommend this be monitored to ensure that he is able to build rapport with patients and gain their trust.

Supplemental Digital Appendix 2

Adapted Version of the Mini-Clinical Evaluation Exercise (Mini-CEX) Form Used by Participants to Rate the Performance of the Two Simulated Residents in a 2018 Study Examining the Influence of Educational Handover on Assessment

1. Medical Interviewing Skills

UNS	UNSATISFACTORY			SATISFACTORY			SUPERIOR		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8 9			

2. Humanistic Qualities/Professionalism

UNSATISFACTORY			SA	TISFACTO	RY	SUPERIOR		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

3. Clinical Judgement

UNS	UNSATISFACTORY			TISFACTO	RY		SUPERIOR	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8 9		9

4. Organization/Efficiency

UNS	UNSATISFACTORY			TISFACTO	RY	SUPERIOR		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8 9		

5. Overall clinical competency

UNS	UNSATISFACTORY			SATISFACTORY			SUPERIOR		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8 9			

Comments

Supplemental Digital Appendix 3

Findings From Analyses of Potential Moderating Variables in a 2018 Study Examining the Influence of Educational Handover on Assessment

Table 3A

Mean Score (95% confidence interval) for Video 1 (Simulated Resident 1 Interviewing Simulated Patient 1 With Neck Lump) According to Participant Self-Reported Gender, Self-Reported

Assessment Experience, and Mindset for Empathy^a

Control group Handover report mentions weaknesses in medical expertise	Assessment Experienc	c, and militaset i				1
Male			Control	Handover	Handover	All
Male			group			
Sender Male n = 12 n = 13 n = 16 n = 41				mentions	mentions	
Cander (one participant stated their gender as "other" - their data are not presented here unless aggregated - to preserve anonymity) Case Case				weaknesses	weaknesses in	
Male				in medical	communication	
(one participant stated their gender as "other" – their data are not presented here – unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) female n = 8 n = 8 n = 13 n = 29 n = 20 n = 10 n = 10 n = 5 n = 10 n = 10 n = 5 n = 10 n = 10 n = 5 n = 10 n = 10 n = 5 n = 10 n = 10 n = 5 n = 10 n = 1				expertise		
stated their gender as "other" – their data are not presented here – unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) (4.7;6.3) (3.9;5.9) (4.3;5.6) (4.7;5.5) Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 n = 1 n = 8 n = 10 Assessment experience (years) 6.3 6.0 4.6 5.4 5-9 n = 5 n = 4 n = 8 n = 17 5.2 5.0 5.0 5.1 10+ n = 12 n = 16 n = 17 n = 45 5.5 4.9 5.0 5.1 (4.5;6.5) (4.0;5.5) (4.0;5.8) (4.2;5.8) (4.6;5.6) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 n = 6 n = 2 n = 12 6.0 5.7 5.0 5.7 5.0 5.7 (3.1;8.9) (3.4;7.9) (1;9) (4.5;6.8) Indiscriminate n = 3 n = 4 n = 2 n = 9 6.3 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 (4.9;7.8) (2.2;5.8) (4.0;6.0) 6.0 <td< td=""><td>Gender</td><td>Male</td><td>n=12</td><td>n = 13</td><td>n = 16</td><td>n = 41</td></td<>	Gender	Male	n=12	n = 13	n = 16	n = 41
"other" – their data are not presented here – unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) Female n = 8 (4.2;7.1) n = 8 (3.4;6.8) n = 13 (4.5;5.8) n = 29 (4.5;5.8) Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 (4.2;7.1) n = 1 (3.4;6.8) n = 10 (4.1;5.8) n = 10 (4.5;5.8) Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 (3.9;8.6) n = 1 (3.4;6.8) n = 10 (4.5;5.8) 5-9 n = 5 (3.9;8.6) n = 4 (3.5;5.7) n = 8 (4.4;6.4) n = 17 (4.4;6.4) 10+ n = 12 (3.8;6.6) n = 16 (1.6;8.4) n = 17 (4.2;5.8) n = 45 (4.5;5.6) 10+ n = 12 (4.5;6.5) n = 16 (4.0;5.9) n = 17 (4.2;5.8) n = 45 (4.6;5.6) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 (4.0;5.9) n = 2 (4.2;5.8) n = 12 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 (4.0;5.9) n = 2 (4.2;5.8) n = 12 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 3 (4.0;5.9) n = 2 (4.2;5.8) n = 12 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 3 (4.0;5.9) n = 2 (4.5;6.8) n = 9 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy n = 14 (4.9;7.8) n = 2 (4.2;5.8)	(one participant		5.5	4.9	4.9	5.1
"other" – their data are not presented here – unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) Female n = 8 (4.2;7.1) n = 8 (3.4;6.8) n = 13 (4.5;5.8) n = 29 (4.5;5.8) Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 (3.2;7.1) n = 1 (3.4;6.8) n = 10 (4.1;5.8) n = 10 (4.5;5.8) Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 (3.9;8.6) n = 1 (3.4;6.8) n = 10 (4.5;5.8) 5-9 n = 5 (3.9;8.6) n = 4 (3.5;5.7) n = 8 (4.4;6.4) n = 17 (4.4;6.4) 10+ n = 12 (3.8;6.6) n = 16 (1.6;8.4) n = 17 (4.2;5.8) n = 17 (4.5;5.6) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 (4.5;6.5) n = 6 (4.2;5.8) n = 12 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 (4.5;6.5) n = 6 (4.5;6.8) n = 2 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 3 (4.0;5.9) n = 2 (4.5;6.8) n = 9 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 3 (4.9;7.8) n = 4 (4.5;6.8) n = 2 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 3 (4.5;6.8) n = 4 (4.5;6.8) n = 2 (4.5;6.8) Mindset for empathy fixed n = 3 (4.5;6.8) <td< td=""><td>stated their gender as</td><td></td><td>(4.7;6.3)</td><td>(3.9;5.9)</td><td>(4.3;5.6)</td><td>(4.7;5.5)</td></td<>	stated their gender as		(4.7;6.3)	(3.9;5.9)	(4.3;5.6)	(4.7;5.5)
are not presented here – unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) 5.6 5.1 4.9 5.2 Assessment experience (years) 0-4 n = 4 n = 1 n = 5 n = 10 5-9 n = 5 n = 4 n = 8 n = 17 5.2 5-9 n = 5 n = 4 n = 16 n = 17 n = 45 10+ n = 12 n = 16 n = 17 n = 45 5.5 4.9 5.0 5.1 (4.5;6.5) (4.0;5.9) (4.2;5.8) (4.6;5.6) Mindset for empathy Fixed n = 4 n = 6 n = 2 n = 12 6.0 5.7 5.0 5.7 5.0 5.7 (3.1;8.9) (3.4;7.9) (1;9) (4.5;6.8) Indiscriminate n = 3 n = 4 n = 2 n = 9 6.3 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 (4.9;7.8) (2.2;5.8) (4.0;6.0) 6.3 4.0 5.0 5.0 6.3 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.		Female				,
- unless aggregated – to preserve anonymity) Assessment experience (years) O-4 O-4 O-5.9 O-5.9 O-6.0 O-7.0 O-7.0 O-8.0 O-8.0 O-8.0 O-9.0 O-9.0	are not presented here		5.6	5.1	4.9	5.2
to preserve anonymity) Assessment experience (years) O-4			(4.2;7.1)	(3.4;6.8)	(4.1;5.8)	(4.5;5.8)
Assessment experience (years)	to preserve			, , ,		, , ,
Assessment experience (years)	anonymity)					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0-4	n = 4	n = 1	n = 5	n = 10
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	experience (years)		6.3	6.0	4.6	5.4
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(3.9; 8.6)		(3.5;5.7)	(4.4;6.4)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		5-9	n = 5	n = 4		n = 17
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			5.2	5.0	5.0	5.1
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(3.8;6.6)	(1.6; 8.4)	(4.2;5.8)	(4.4;5.7)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		10+				n = 45
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			5.5	4.9	5.0	5.1
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(4.5;6.5)	(4.0;5.9)	(4.2;5.8)	(4.6;5.6)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Mindset for empathy	Fixed		n = 6	n=2	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			6.0	5.7	5.0	5.7
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(3.1;8.9)	(3.4;7.9)	(1;9)	(4.5;6.8)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Indiscriminate	n = 3	n = 4	n=2	n = 9
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			6.3	4.0	5.0	5.0
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			(4.9;7.8)	(2.2;5.8)		(4.0;6.0)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Growth			n= 26	
All $n = 21$ $n = 21$ $n = 30$						
All $n = 21$ $n = 21$ $n = 30$			(4.5;6.1)	(3.9;6.1)	(4.4;5.5)	(4.6;5.4)
	All				` '	
(4.9;6.2) $(4.2;5.8)$ $(4.5;5.4)$			(4.9;6.2)	(4.2;5.8)	(4.5;5.4)	

^aMindset (growth vs. fixed) determined using Pal and colleagues' instrument to measure mindset regarding empathy (Pal, Young, Danoff, et al. Teachers' mindsets in medical education: A pilot survey of clinical supervisors. Med Teach. 2020;42:291-298.)

Table 3B

Mean Score (95% confidence interval) for Video 2 (Simulated Resident 2 Interviewing Simulated Patient 2 with Abdominal Pain) According to Participant Self-Reported Gender, Self-Reported Assessment Experience, and Mindset for Empathy^a

Assessment Experienc	e, and minuset i				
		Control	Handover	Handover	All
		group	report	report	
			mentions	mentions	
			weaknesses	weaknesses in	
			in medical	communication	
			expertise		
Gender	Male	n = 12	n = 13	n = 16	n = 41
(one participant		4.9	4.9	5.0	4.9
stated their gender as		(4.0;5.9)	(3.9;5.8)	(4.1;5.9)	(4.4;5.4)
"other" – their data	Female				
are not presented here					
– unless aggregated –		n = 8	n = 8	n = 13	n = 29
to preserve		4.6	5.3	4.6	4.8
anonymity)		(3.5;5.7)	(4.3;6.2)	(4.0;5.2)	(4.4;5.2)
Assessment	0-4	n = 4	n = 1	n = 5	n = 10
experience (years)		4.5	6.0	4.6	4.7
		(1.7;7.3)		(2.7;6.5)	(3.6;5.8)
	5-9	n = 5	n = 4	n = 8	n = 17
		5.4	4.8	5.0	5.1
		(4.7;6.1)	(2.8;6.8)	(3.5;6.6)	(4.3;5.8)
	10+	n = 12	n = 16	n = 17	n = 45
		4.7	5.0	4.9	4.9
		(3.7;5.6)	(4.2;5.8)	(4.3;5.6)	(4.5;5.3)
Mindset for empathy	Fixed	n = 4	n = 6	n=2	n = 12
		4.8	5.7	3.0	4.9
		(4.0;5.6)	(4.2;7.1)	(1;9)	(4.0;5.8)
	Indiscriminate	n = 3	n = 4	n = 2	n = 9
		5.0	4.5	4.0	4.6
		(1;9)	(2.5;6.6)	(1;9)	(3.5;5.6)
	Growth	n = 14	n = 11	n = 26	n = 51
		4.8	4.8	5.1	5.0
		(3.9;5.7)	(3.9;5.8)	(4.6;5.7)	(4.6;5.4)
All		n = 21	n = 21	n = 30	
		4.8	5.0	4.9	
		(4.2;5.4)	(4.4;5.6)	(4.4;5.5)	

^aMindset (growth vs. fixed) determined using Pal and colleagues' instrument to measure mindset regarding empathy (Pal, Young, Danoff, et al. Teachers' mindsets in medical education: A pilot survey of clinical supervisors. Med Teach. 2020;42:291-298.)

Table 3C

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects in Repeated-Measures ANOVAs Comparing Means Scores Across Conditions and One of the Moderating Variables (Rater Gender, Experience or Mindset for Empathy), With Videos as Repeated-Measures

	F value	P value	
Ratergender			
Gender	F(2, 64) = 0.03	.97	
Interaction with condition	F(4, 64) = 0.24	.79	
Rater Assessment experience	;		
Assessment experience	F(2, 63) = 0.17	.85	
Interaction with condition	F(4, 63) = 0.30	.88	
Rater Minds et for Empathy -	-		
only comparing control group			
and group where report			
indicated weaknesses in			
communication			
Mindset for empathy	F(2, 45) = 0.21	.82	
Interaction with condition	F(2, 45) = 1.13	.33	

Abbreviation: ANOVA = analysis of variance.