**Is Infant at Higher Risk for NEC? (see below) …. If YES, follow Delayed Feeding Initiation:**

1. Placental insufficiency: PIH w/severe features, absent/reversal of end diastolic flow, Twin to Twin transfusion, Severe IUGR, abruption.
2. Perinatal events: HIE, hypoxia, acidosis, hypotension, shock.
3. Maternal medications: Vasoactive drugs including Cocaine, SSRI, methamphetamine.

**NPO x 24 hours (Record Time/Date): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_, then 10ml/kg x 24 hours \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_,**

**then 20 ml/k x 24 hours \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_**

**Then continue to advance feedings per protocol unless otherwise ordered by medical provider.**

Supplemental Figure 2: “At Risk” Feeding Protocol: Screening questions for nurses. Feeding initiation is slowed for infants felt to be at risk for NEC.