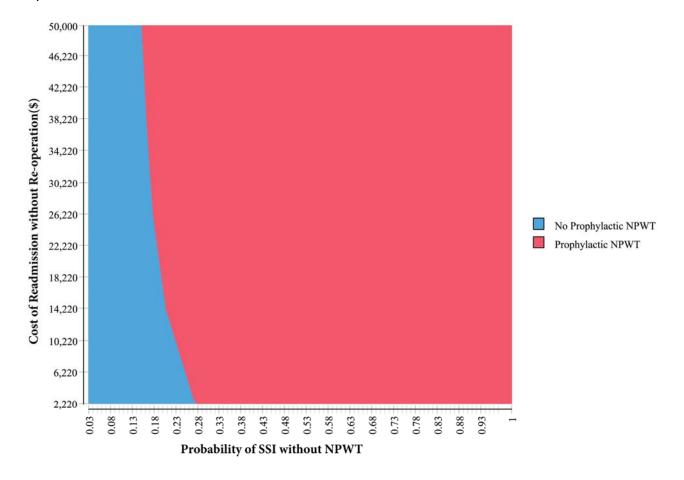
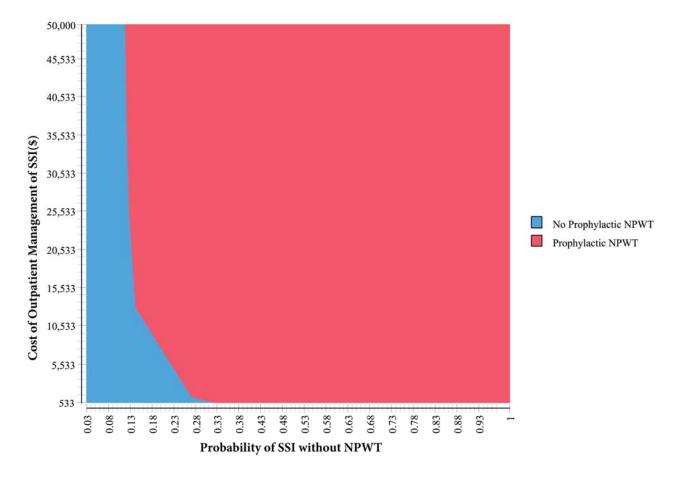
**Appendix 1:** Sensitivity analysis of probability of surgical site infection (SSI) without negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) compared with cost of readmission without re-operation; standard postoperative dressing (*blue*); prophylactic NPWT (*red*). Shaded area is where a particular strategy is preferable.



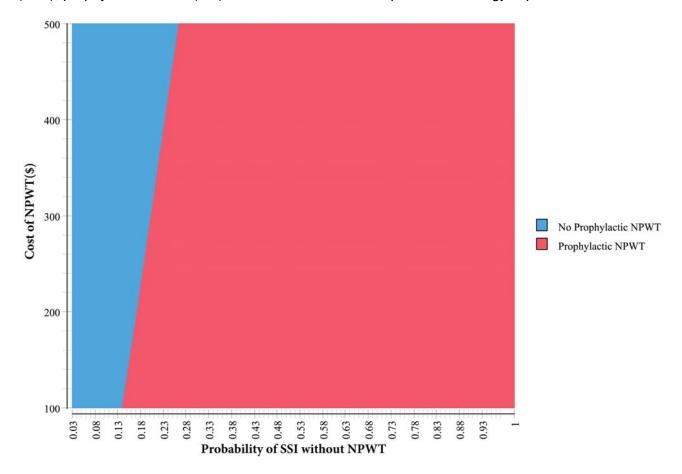
Echebiri NC, McDoom MM, Aalto MM, Fauntleroy J, Nagappan N, and Barnabei VM. Prophylactic use of negative pressure wound therapy after cesarean delivery. Obstet Gynecol 2015;125.

**Appendix 2:** Sensitivity analysis of probability of surgical site infection (SSI) without negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) compared with cost of outpatient management; standard postoperative dressing (*blue*); prophylactic NPWT (*red*). Shaded area is where a particular strategy is preferable.

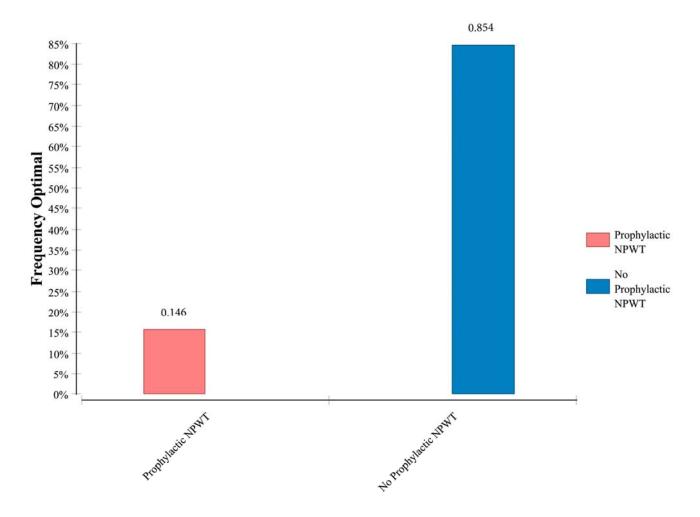


Echebiri NC, McDoom MM, Aalto MM, Fauntleroy J, Nagappan N, and Barnabei VM. Prophylactic use of negative pressure wound therapy after cesarean delivery. Obstet Gynecol 2015;125.

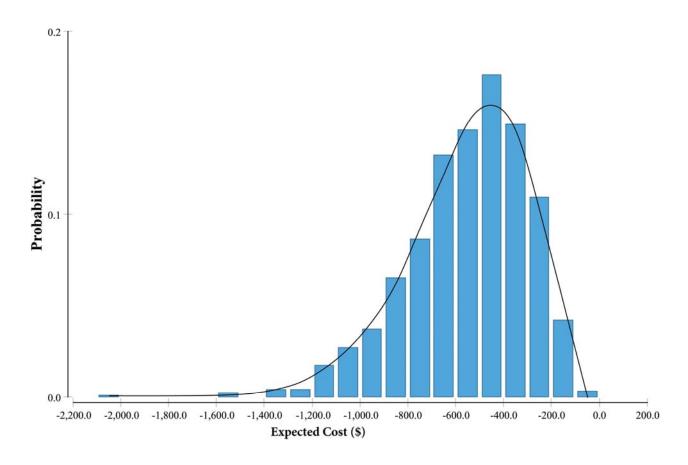
**Appendix 3:** Sensitivity analysis of probability of surgical site infection (SSI) without negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) compared with cost of NPWT; standard postoperative dressing (*blue*); prophylactic NPWT (*red*). Shaded area is where a particular strategy is preferable.



**Appendix 4:** Strategy selection frequency with probabilistic sensitivity analysis using Monte Carlo simulation; standard postoperative dressing (*blue*); prophylactic NPWT (*red*).



**Appendix 5:** Monte Carlo probability distribution of the expected cost per standard postoperative dressing (SPD) strategy. Negative values indicate costs. Blue color indicates that SPD is the preferred strategy



**Appendix 6:** Monte Carlo probability distribution of the expected cost per negative pressure wound therapy (NPWT) strategy. Negative values indicate costs. Blue color indicates that standard postoperative dressing (SPD) is the preferred strategy

