Supplementary Figure 1. Effect of pH on the growth of *S. epidermidis*. (A) Growth curves for *S. epidermidis* cultured at pH 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, and 9.0, respectively. (B) Flow cytometry quantification of the numbers of *S. epidermidis* after culture for 15 h at each pH value. Asterisks indicate significant deviations from control cells cultured at pH 7.0. *Compared with G5, F=91.287, P<0.001. (C) The pH values of SMF and BSCP. SMF had a higher pH than BSCP. † Compared with BSCP, t=48.361, t<0.001. (D and E) After synchronizing the pH values of BSCP and SMF, the growth curves for *S. epidermidis* in the two groups almost overlapped. SMF: supernatant of *Malassezia furfur*; BSCP: beef extract-sodium chloride-Peptone;

Supplementary Figure 2. Changes in the urease activity of M. furfur and culture supernatant pH values. (A) M. furfur showed increased urease activity after being cultured for 15 h in lipid-free medium. *Compared with lipid-sufficient, t=67.540, P<0.001. (B) pH changes that occurred after M. furfur was cultured in a lipid sufficient or lipid-free environment.

Supplementary Figure 3. Influence of AHA on the urease activity of *M. furfur* and the pH value of SMF. (A) AHA inhibited the urease activity of *M. furfur* after co-culture for 15 h. *Compared with plus AHA group, t=15.959, P<0.001. (B) The pH values of SMF, SMF plus AHA, BSCP, and BSCP plus AHA. AHA at a concentration of 10 mg/mL inhibited the increase in SMF pH values after being co-cultured for 15 h. † Compared with SMF+AHA, t=32.092, P<0.001. ‡ Compared with SMF+AHA, t=22.463, P<0.001. AHA: acetohydroxamic acid; SMF: supernatant of *Malassezia furfur*; BSCP: beef extract-sodium chloride-Peptone.





