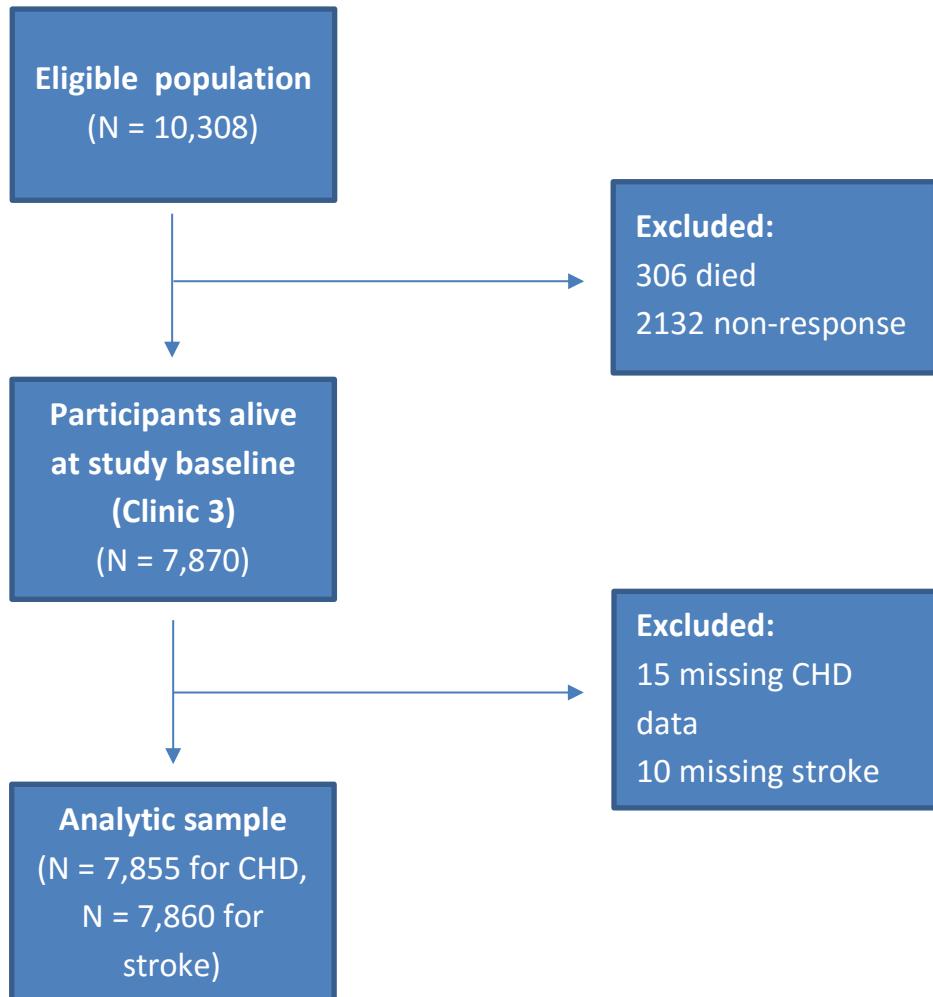


eAppendices

eAppendix I. Flow Chart of Sample Selection



eAppendix 2. Cross-classification and Validation of Non-fatal Incident or Recurrent Coronary Heart Disease Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference According to Risk Factor Sub-groups

Risk factor		Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment		Percent (95% confidence interval)		
			Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value
Socioeconomic status	High (N=3246)	Case	260	122	68 (63-73)	97 (97-98)	76 (71-81)
		Non-case	82	2782			96 (95-97)
	Intermediate (N=3429)	Case	315	125	72 (67-76)	96 (95-97)	72 (68-77)
		Non-case	120	2869			96 (95-97)
	Low (N=1180)	Case	90	38	70 (62-78)	94 (93-96)	60 (52-68)
		Non-case	59	993			96 (95-97)
Smoking habit	Never (N=3522)	Case	264	117	69 (64-74)	97 (96-97)	71 (67-76)
		Non-case	106	3035			96 (96-97)
	Former (N=2901)	Case	274	118	70 (65-74)	97 (96-97)	77 (72-81)
		Non-case	83	2426			95 (95-96)
	Current (N=765)	Case	77	29	73 (63-81)	96 (94-97)	74 (65-82)
		Non-case	27	632			96 (94-97)
Hypertensive status	Non-hypertensive (N=4584)	Case	285	140	67 (62-72)	98 (97-98)	74 (70-79)
		Non-case	98	4061			97 (96-97)
	Hypertensive (N=1875)	Case	260	103	72 (67-76)	95 (93-96)	76 (71-81)
		Non-case	81	1431			93 (92-95)
Cholesterol level	<6.0 mmol/L (N=3315)	Case	207	115	64 (59-70)	98 (97-98)	75 (69-80)
		Non-case	70	2923			96 (96-97)
	≥6.0 mmol/L or lipid lowering drugs (N=3083)	Case	335	124	73 (69-77)	96 (95-97)	76 (72-80)
		Non-case	106	2518			95 (94-96)

eAppendix 3. Cross-classification and Validation of Non-fatal Incident or Recurrent Coronary Heart Disease and Stroke Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference According to Period of Follow-up

Outcome	Period of follow for ascertainment of outcome ^a	Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment			Percent (95% confidence interval)		
			Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Negative predictive value
CHD								
Clinic 3 to Clinic 4 (N=7855)	Case	214	196	52 (47-57)	99 (98-99)	77 (72-82)	97 (97-98)	
	Non-case	63	7382					
Clinic 4 to Clinic 5 (N=7129)	Case	336	222	60 (56-64)	99 (99-99)	84 (80-84)	97 (96-97)	
	Non-case	64	6507					
Clinic 5 to Clinic 6 (N=6590)	Case	263	73	78 (74-83)	96 (95-96)	50 (45-54)	99 (99-99)	
	Non-case	268	5986					
Stroke								
Clinic 3 to Clinic 4 (N=7860)	Case	30	17	64 (49-77)	100 (100-100)	91 (76-98)	100 (100-100)	
	Non-case	3	7810					
Clinic 4 to Clinic 5 (N=7123)	Case	54	18	75 (63-85)	100 (100-100)	79 (68-88)	100 (100-100)	
	Non-case	14	7037					

^aYears in which Whitehall study Clinics were conducted: 1997-1999 (Clinic 3); 2003-2004 (Clinic 4); 2008-2009 (Clinic 5); 2012-2013 (Clinic 6).

eAppendix 4. Associations of Risk Factors with Incident or Recurrent Whitehall II Ascertained or HES Ascertained Non-fatal Coronary Heart Disease.

Risk factor at 2003-04	N	Incident or recurrent coronary heart disease until 2013			
		Whitehall II-ascertainment		HES-ascertainment	
		No. events	HR ^a (95% CI)	No. events	HR ^a (95% CI)
Age (per 10y)	7855	950	2.3 (2.0-2.5)	926	2.4 (2.1-2.7)
Gender					
Male	5466	748	1.0 (Ref)	718	1.0 (Ref)
Female	2389	202	0.6 (0.5-0.7)	208	0.6 (0.5-0.7)
Socioeconomic status					
High	3246	382	1.0 (Ref)	342	1.0 (Ref)
Intermediate	3429	440	1.3 (1.2-1.5)	435	1.4 (1.2-1.6)
Low	1180	128	1.5 (1.2-1.8)	149	1.5 (1.2-1.9)
Anti-hypertensive medication					
No	6701	661	1.0 (Ref)	634	1.0 (Ref)
Yes	1089	280	2.8 (2.4-3.2)	282	2.6 (2.2-3.0)
Systolic blood pressure (per 10mmHg) in those not on anti-hypertensive medication	5610	575	1.1 (1.1-1.2)	518	1.1 (1.0-1.2)
Lipid lowering medication					
No	7519	853	1.0 (Ref)	814	1.0 (Ref)
Yes	271	88	3.0 (2.4-3.8)	102	3.4 (2.8-4.2)
Cholesterol (per 1 mmol) in those not on lipid lowering medication	6196	712	1.1 (1.1-1.2)	649	1.2 (1.1-1.3)
Smoking habit					
Never	3522	381	1.0 (Ref)	370	1.0 (Ref)
Former	2901	392	1.2 (1.0-1.3)	357	1.1 (0.9-1.2)
Current	765	106	1.6 (1.3-1.9)	104	1.4 (1.1-1.8)

^a Hazard ratios by age and gender are mutually adjusted and all other hazard ratios are adjusted for age and sex.

eAppendix 5. Associations of Risk Factors with Incident or Recurrent Whitehall II Ascertained or HES Ascertained Non-fatal Stroke.

Risk factor at 2003-04	Incident or recurrent stroke until 2009					
	N	Whitehall II-ascertainment		HES-ascertainment		
		No. events	HR ^a (95% CI)	No. events	HR ^a (95% CI)	
Age (per 10y)	7860	118	3.1 (2.3-4.4)	107	3.2 (2.2-4.4)	
Gender						
Male	5470	87	1.0 (Ref)	76	1.0 (Ref)	
Female	2390	31	0.8 (0.5-1.2)	31	0.9 (0.6-1.3)	
Socioeconomic status						
High	3248	43	1.0 (Ref)	36	1.0 (Ref)	
Intermediate	3431	49	1.4 (1.2-1.6)	46	1.3 (0.9-2.1)	
Low	1181	26	1.9 (1.5-2.3)	25	2.0 (1.1-3.6)	
Anti-hypertensive medication						
No	6704	89	1.0 (Ref)	78	1.0 (Ref)	
Yes	1088	29	1.6 (1.1-2.5)	29	1.7 (1.1-2.7)	
Systolic blood pressure (per 10mmHg) in those not on anti-hypertensive medication	5611	78	1.2 (1.1-1.4)	60	1.2 (1.0-1.3)	
Lipid lowering medication						
No	7521	111	1.0 (Ref)	98	1.0 (Ref)	
Yes	271	7	1.5 (0.7-3.1)	9	1.9 (1.0-3.8)	
Cholesterol (per 1 mmol) in those not on lipid lowering medication	6196	95	0.7 (0.6-0.9)	76	0.7 (0.5-0.9)	
Smoking habit						
Never	3524	54	1.0 (Ref)	45	1.0 (Ref)	
Former	2901	38	0.8 (0.5-1.2)	33	0.8 (0.5-1.3)	
Current	764	19	2.0 (1.2-3.4)	18	2.0 (1.2-3.5)	

^a Hazard ratios by age and gender are mutually adjusted and all other hazard ratios are adjusted for age and sex.

eAppendix 6. Cross-classification and Validation of Fatal and Non-fatal Coronary Heart Disease Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference in the Total Cohort and According to Sub-groups

		Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment			Percent (95% confidence interval)		
			Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Negative predictive value
Total	(N=7851)	Case	744	275	73 (70-76)	96 (96-97)	74 (71-77)	96 (96-96)
		Non-case	254	6578				
Gender	Men (N=5465)	Case	602	199	75 (72-78)	96 (96-97)	78 (75-81)	96 (95-96)
		Non-case	171	4493				
Age at start of follow-up	<55 years (N=3793)	Case	142	76	65 (58-71)	96 (95-97)	63 (56-63)	96 (96-97)
		Non-case	83	2085				
	55 – 59 years (N=1685)	Case	212	101	68 (62-73)	98 (97-98)	75 (69-80)	97 (97-98)
		Non-case	71	3409				
	≥ 60 years (N=2373)	Case	175	66	73 (67-78)	96 (95-97)	76 (70-81)	95 (94-96)
		Non-case	56	1388				
Total, excluding prevalent CHD	(N=7283)	Case	357	108	77 (73-81)	93 (92-94)	74 (70-78)	94 (93-95)
		Non-case	127	1781				

eAppendix 7. Cross-classification and Validation of Fatal and Non-fatal Stroke Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference in the Total Cohort and According to Sub-groups

		Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment			Percent (95% confidence interval)		
			Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Negative predictive value
Total	(N=7856)	Case	91	33	73 (65-78)	100 (99-100)	75 (66-82)	100 (99-100)
		Non-case	31	7701				
Gender	Men (N=5469)	Case	63	25	72 (61-71)	100 (99-100)	79 (69-87)	100 (99-100)
		Non-case	17	5364				
	Women (N=2387)	Case	28	8	78 (61-90)	99 (99-100)	67 (50-80)	100 (99-100)
		Non-case	14	2337				
Age at start of follow-up	<60 years (N=5482)	Case	30	17	64 (49-77)	100(100-100)	65 (50-79)	100 (100-100)
		Non-case	16	5419				
	≥ 60 years (N=2374)	Case	61	16	79 (68-88)	99 (99-100)	80 (70-89)	99 (99-100)
		Non-case	15	2282				
Total, excluding prevalent stroke	(N=7835)	Case	89	32	74 (65-81)	100 (99-100)	74 (65-82)	100 (99-100)
		Non-case	31	7683				

eAppendix 8. Cross-classification and Validation of Fatal and Non-fatal Coronary Heart Disease Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference According to Risk Factor Sub-groups

Risk factor	Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment			Percent (95% confidence interval)		
		Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value	Negative predictive value
Socioeconomic status	High (N=3246)	Case	283	119	70 (66-95)	97 (97-98)	78 (74-82)
		Non-case	79	2765			96 (95-97)
	Intermediate (N=3425)	Case	349	119	75 (70-78)	96 (95-97)	74 (70-78)
		Non-case	120	2837			96 (95-97)
	Low (N=1180)	Case	112	37	75 (67-82)	95 (93-96)	67 (59-74)
		Non-case	55	976			96 (95-97)
Smoking habit	Never (N=3520)	Case	292	113	72 (67-76)	97 (96-97)	73 (69-78)
		Non-case	106	3009			96 (96-97)
	Former (N=2901)	Case	305	113	73 (68-77)	97 (96-97)	79 (75-83)
		Non-case	79	2404			96 (95-96)
	Current (N=764)	Case	88	29	75 (66-83)	96 (94-97)	77 (68-84)
		Non-case	27	620			96 (94-97)
Hypertensive status	Non-hypertensive (N=4582)	Case	303	138	69 (64-73)	98 (97-98)	75 (71-80)
		Non-case	99	4042			97 (96-97)
	Hypertensive (N=1873)	Case	301	97	76 (71-80)	95 (94-96)	80 (75-84)
		Non-case	76	1399			94 (92-95)
Cholesterol level	<6.0 mmol/L (N=3313)	Case	227	114	67 (61-72)	98 (97-98)	76 (71-81)
		Non-case	70	2902			96 (95-97)
	≥6.0 mmol/L or lipid lowering drugs (N=3081)	Case	373	118	76 (72-80)	96 (95-97)	79 (75-82)
		Non-case	102	2488			95 (95-96)

eAppendix 9. Cross-classification and Validation of Fatal and Non-fatal Coronary Heart Disease and Stroke Defined Using HES-ascertainment with Whitehall-ascertainment as the Reference According to Period of Follow-up

Outcome	Period of follow for ascertainment of outcome ^a	Whitehall-ascertainment	HES-ascertainment			Percent (95% confidence interval)	
			Case	Non-case	Sensitivity	Specificity	Positive predictive value
CHD							
Clinic 3 to Clinic 4 (N=7851)	Case	249	190	57 (52-61)	99 (98-99)	71 (66-76)	97 (97-98)
	Non-case	100	7312				
Clinic 4 to Clinic 5 (N=7119)	Case	360	218	62 (58-66)	99 (98-99)	81 (77-84)	97 (96-97)
	Non-case	87	6454				
Clinic 5 to Clinic 6 (N=6583)	Case	301	73	80 (76-84)	96 (95-96)	54 (49-58)	99 (98-99)
	Non-case	260	5949				
Stroke							
Clinic 3 to Clinic 4 (N=7856)	Case	35	16	69 (54-81)	100 (100-100)	73 (58-85)	100 (100-100)
	Non-case	13	7792				
Clinic 4 to Clinic 5 (N=7121)	Case	56	18	76 (64-85)	100 (100-100)	74 (62-83)	100 (100-100)
	Non-case	20	7027				

^aYears in which Whitehall study Clinics were conducted: 1997-1999 (Clinic 3); 2003-2004 (Clinic 4); 2008-2009 (Clinic 5); 2012-2013 (Clinic 6).