Supplemental Digital Content 1. Step-by-step Details of the Healthy Control Selection
Algorithm System

## Control Selection Algorithm

1. Calculate expected \# of newborns enrolled in each calendar month - using monthly proportional distribution of births from previous live birth data from site

Expected newborns enrolled in each calendar month=Live births in month ${ }^{*} n /$ Total live births
2. Calculate expected \# of controls in each calendar month - using monthly proportional distribution of births from previous live birth data from site

Expected controls in each calendar month=Live births in month $* 400$ / Total live births
3. Calculate base control selection probability $b$ from total projected newborn enrollment in site $n$ and required controls (400), equally distributed to the 10 scheduled visits $b p_{k}=(400 / n) / 10$ [where k is calendar month]
4. Monthly adjustments of control selection probability (at 00:00 hrs on the 1st of every month): to ensure $\sim 400$ controls selected after 24 months, irrespective of total enrollment
Month 1: use starting base probability $b p_{k}$
Month 2 onwards: $b p_{k}=[(($ expected \# of controls in previous month - actual controls selected) + expected \# of controls in current month)/ expected \# of neonates' enrollment for that month] / 10
5. Calculate the $\%$ of cases enrolled in each visit slot in last month (moving 30 days) $c_{i}=$ total cases enrolled in last 30 days for visit $i$ /total neonates enrolled as of previous day ( n )
6. Standardize the probability of a case occurring for each visit slot $s c_{i}=c_{i} * 10 /$ sum of $c_{i}$ across all visits
7. Calculate the adjusted control selection probability for each visit slot for each calendar month $a p_{k i}=b p_{k} * s c_{i}$
8. Random selection of controls:

- Multiply $a p_{k i}$ for each visit slot by 100000
- Calculate cumulative total of $a p_{k i} \times 100000$ across all 10 scheduled visits
- For every newborn now enrolled, generate a random number (between 1 and 100 000 ), and check whether that random number systematically falls in a specific age/visit slot, e.g., if the cumulative total for visits 20 and 27 are 12400 and 12800 and the random number is 12672 , then this newborn will be selected as a control for day 27.
- If the random number is higher than the cumulative total after visit 59 , then the newborn is not selected as a control.

