

Fig. E-1A
Line graph showing the evolution of dual x-ray absorptiometry values of injured limbs compared with those of contralateral healthy lower limbs at baseline (at the time of the fracture), at the time of cast removal, and at follow-ups of six and eighteen months in adolescents following lower-limb fracture for calcaneum bone mineral density (BMD) (**Fig. E-1A**), total hip BMD (**Fig. E-1B**), femoral neck BMD (**Fig. E-1C**), and entire lower limb (**Fig. E-1D**). The error bars represent the 95% CI.

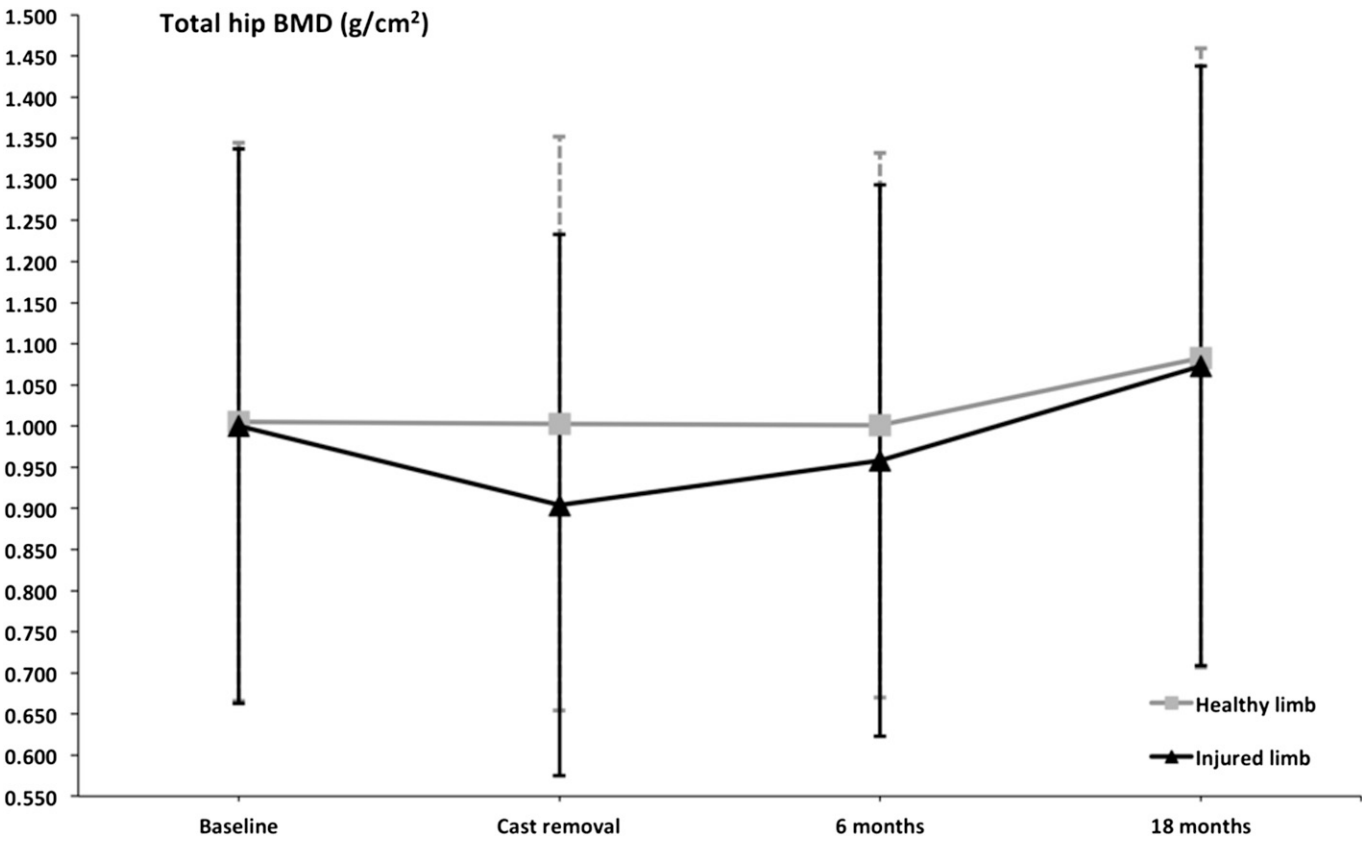


Fig. E-1B

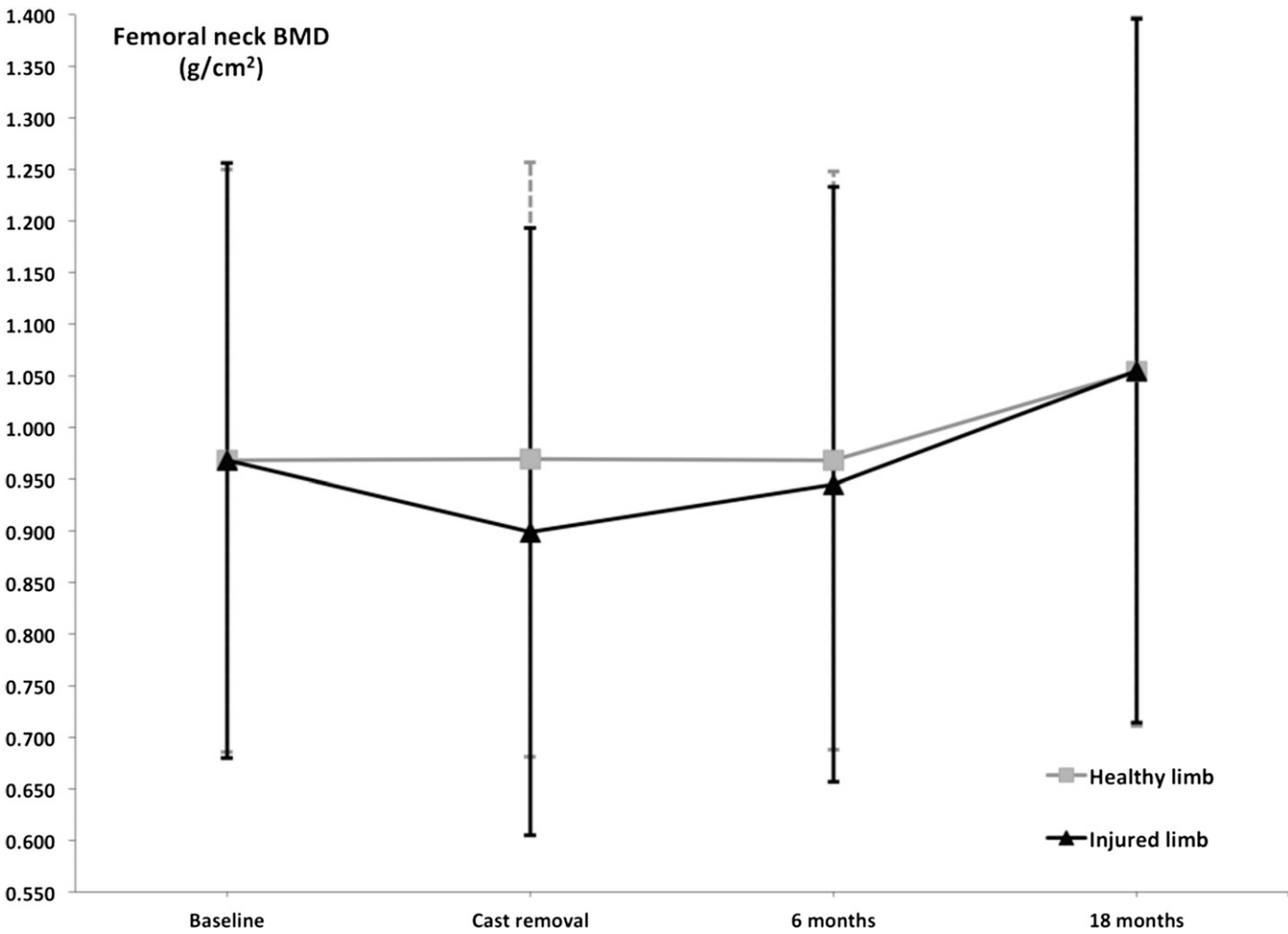


Fig. E-1C

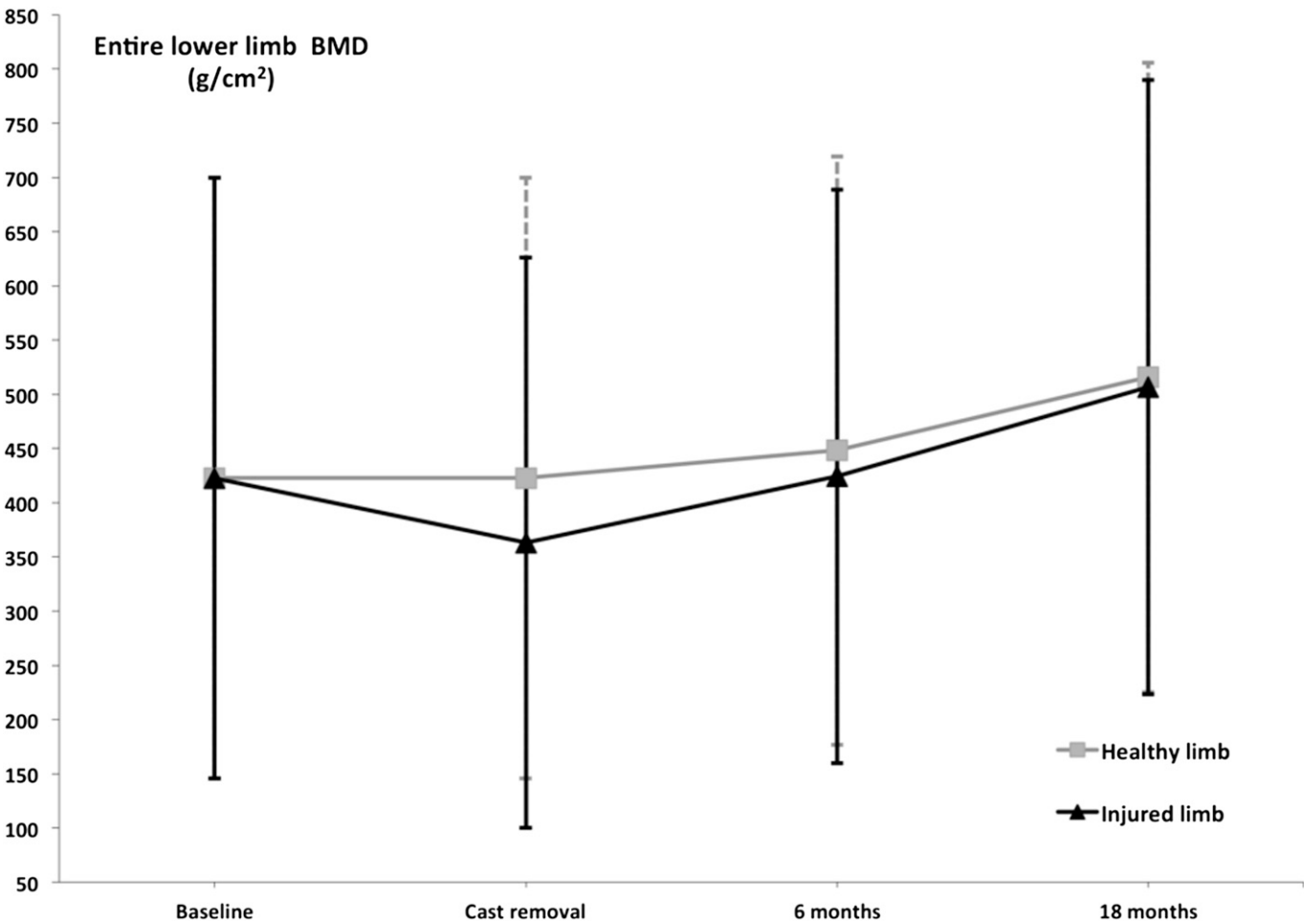


Fig. E-1D

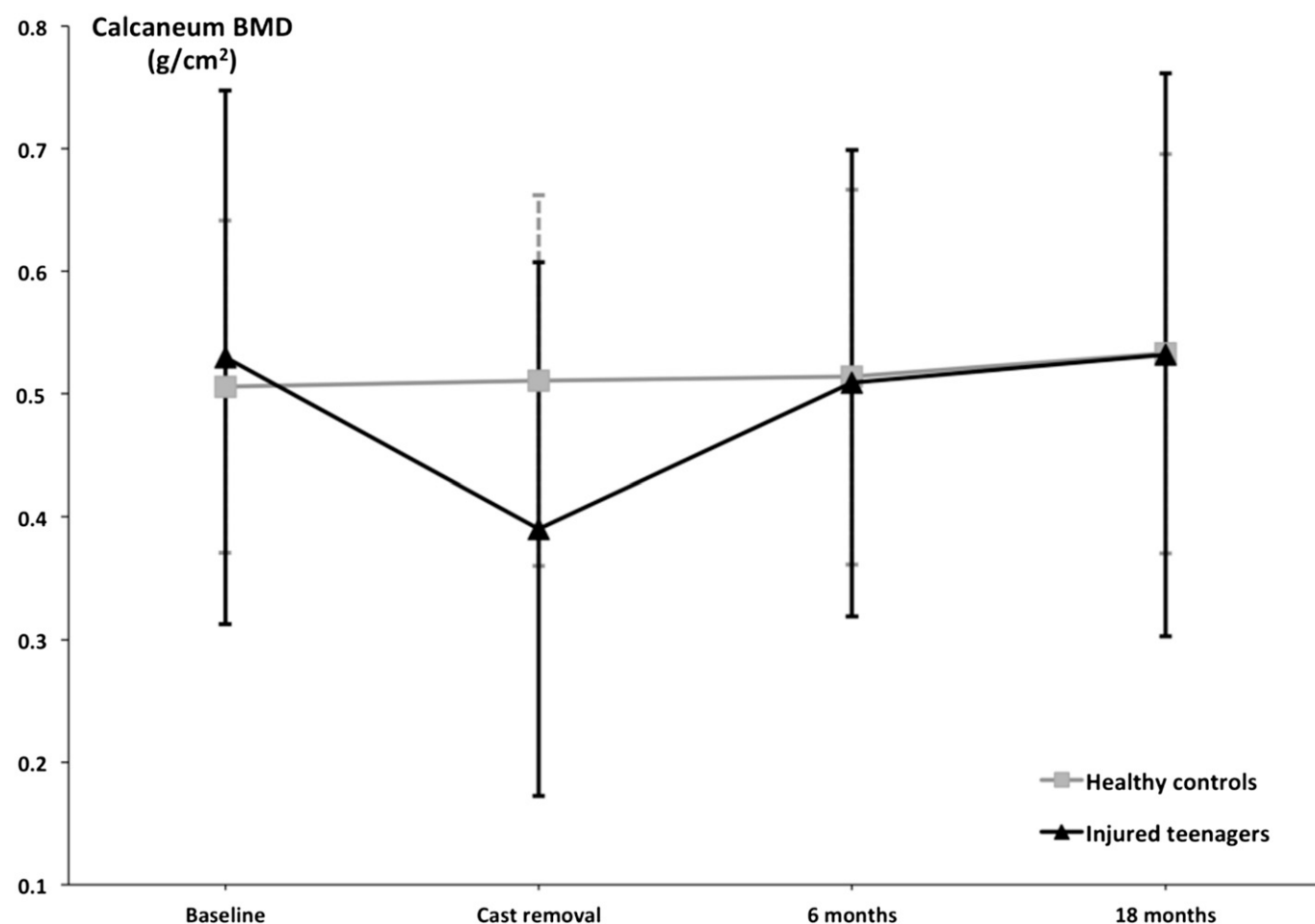


Fig. E-2A

Line graph showing the evolution of dual x-ray absorptiometry values at baseline (at the time of the fracture), at the time of cast removal, and at follow-ups of six and eighteen months in injured adolescents compared with healthy controls for calcaneum BMD (**Fig. E-2A**), total hip BMD (**Fig. E-2B**), femoral neck BMD (**Fig. E-2C**), and entire lower limb (**Fig. E-2D**). The error bars represent the 95% CI.

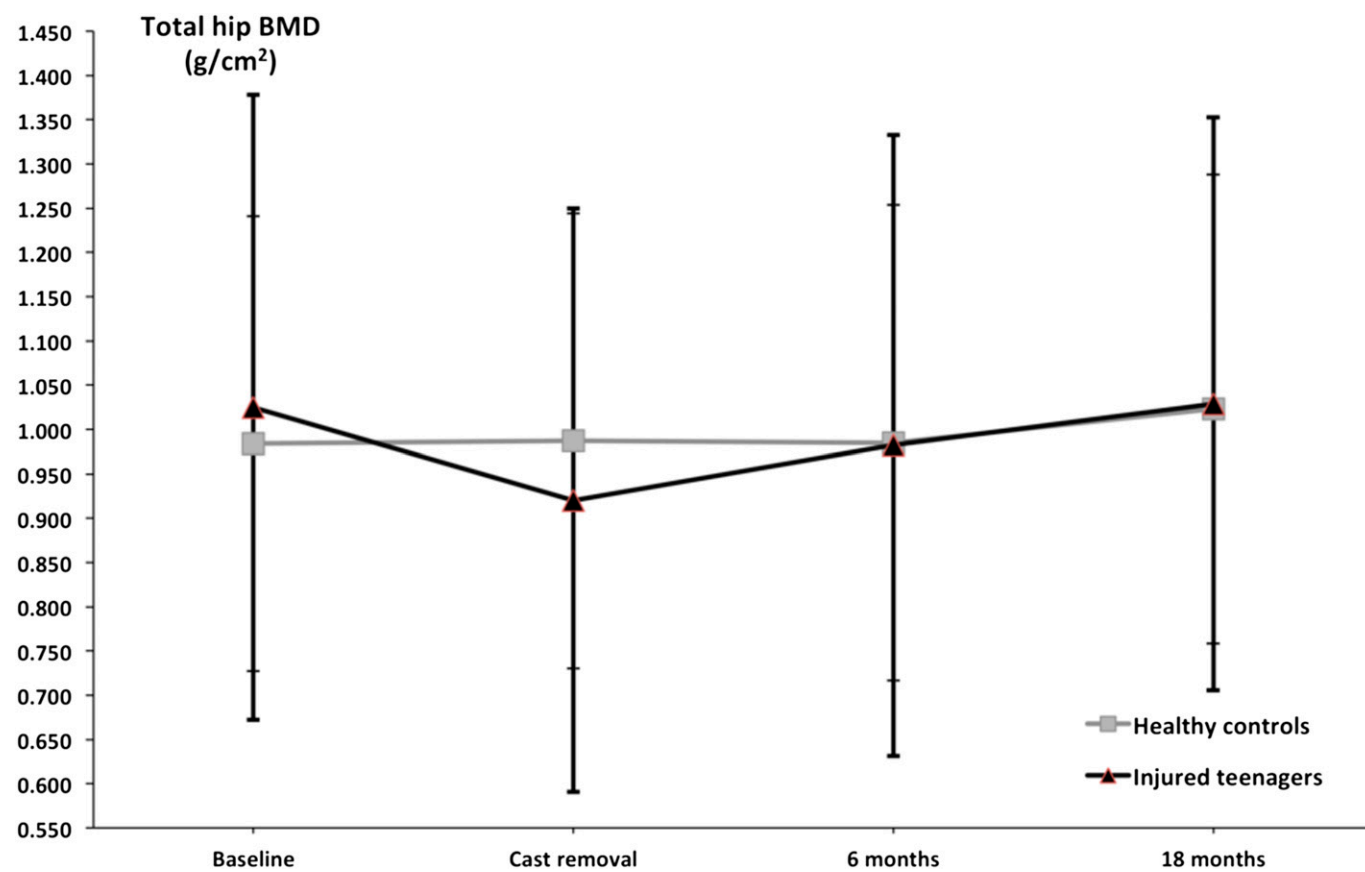


Fig. E-2B

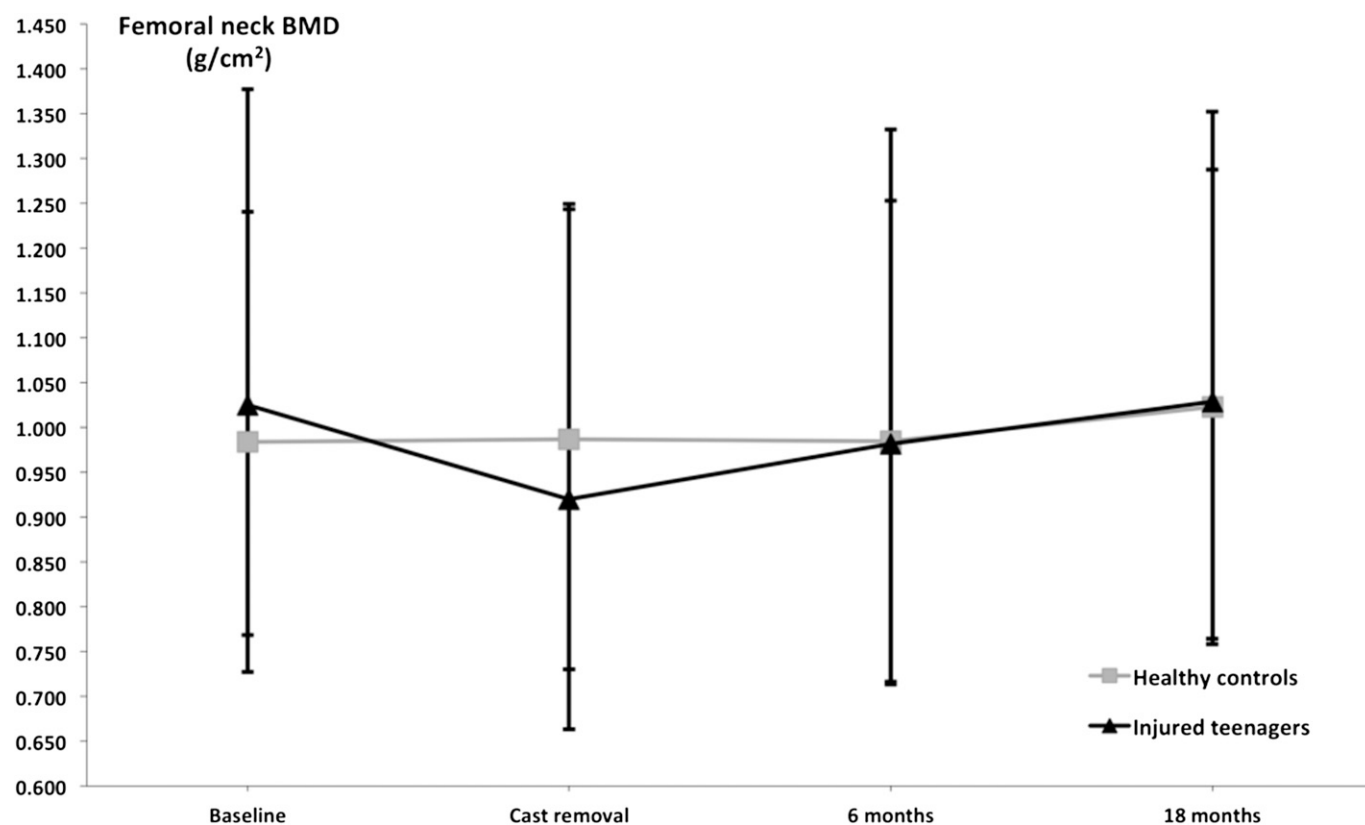


Fig. E-2C

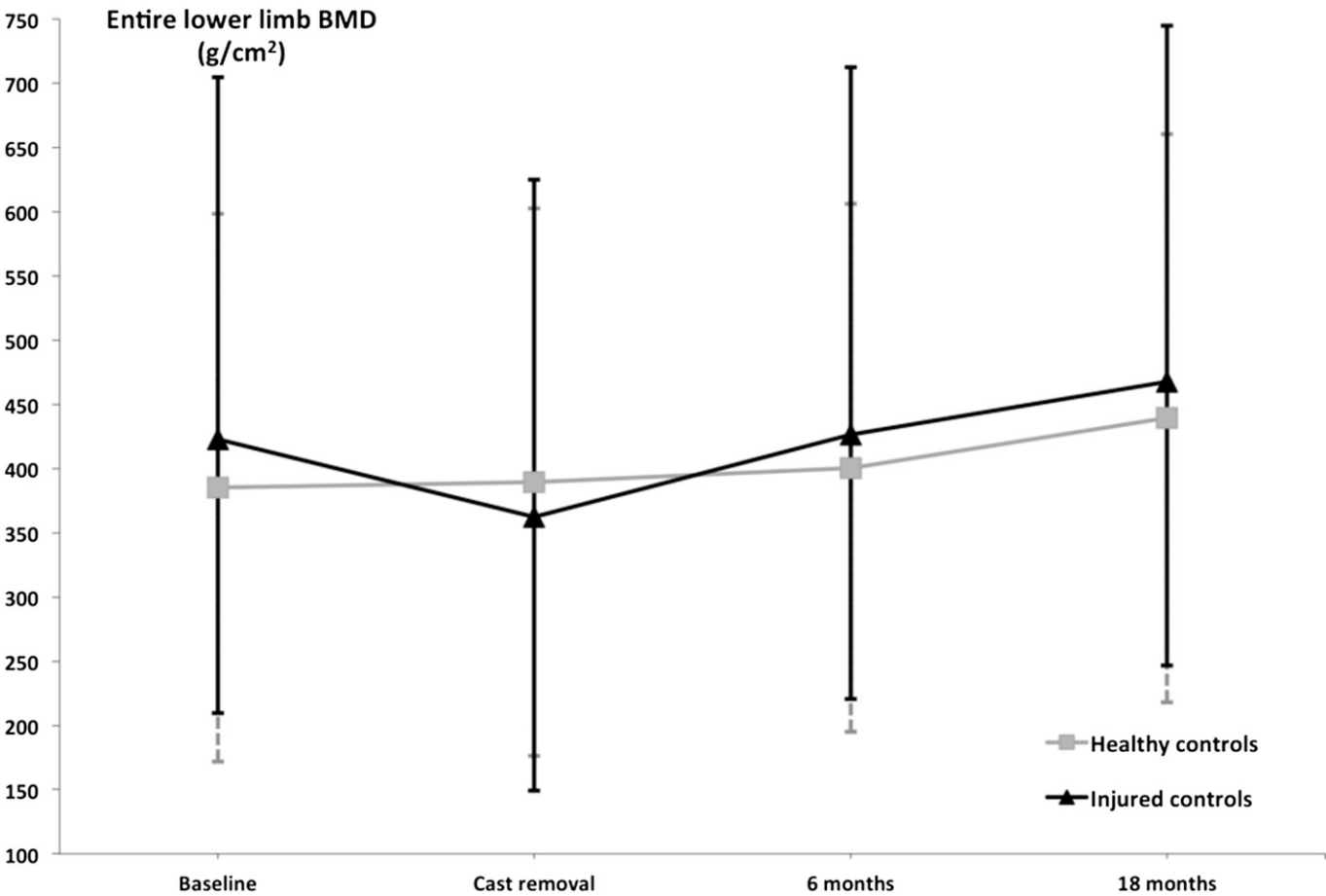


Fig. E-2D