Electronic Appendix

Power Analysis

Pilot data suggested that there would be an 8.0-mm mean displacement for the PHN implant and a 4.0-mm mean displacement of the distal fragment in bending for the LCP-PH implant. Assuming a common standard deviation of 2.0 mm, at a significance level of 0.05, a power analysis showed that six specimens in each group would be needed to yield a power of 90%. Therefore, the pilot data suggested that an effect size of 2.0 could be detected with experimental groups of six specimens each.

TABLE E-1 Bone Mineral Density (BMD) for Each Experimental Group

The bone quality of the humeri was assessed using a dual x-ray absorptiometry scan prior to mechanical intervention.

	Bending		Torsion	
Specimen	PHN (g/cm²)	LCP-PH (g/cm²)	PHN (g/cm²)	LCP-PH (g/cm²)
1	0.315	0.606		0.389
2	0.661	0.665	0.405	0.514
3	0.392	0.374	0.677	0.652
4	0.473	0.396	0.387	0.414
5	0.543	0.518	0.513	0.536
6	0.526	0.488	0.611	0.720
Average	0.485	0.508	0.519	0.538
Std. Dev.	0.121	0.114	0.126	0.130

TABLE E-2 Anthropometric Measurements Between Experimental Groups

Length

Bendina

Specimen length, head circumference, and diaphyseal shaft circumference are shown for each specimen.

Head Circumference

Shaft Circumference

	(n	(mm) (mm)		(mm)		
Specimen	PHN	LCP-PH	PHN	LCP-PH	PHN	LCP-PH
1	330.32	339.59	177.61	175.32	82.49	84.41
2	327.35	330.21	180.19	170.75	91.93	87.49
3	348.98	302.91	181.66	151.87	77.28	76.92
4	363.86	353.13	186.90	170.26	93.75	94.81
5	339.53	338.10	178.80	185.40	76.31	100.43
6	326.73	332.57	175.97	172.97	79.27	91.25
Average	339.46	332.75	180.19	171.10	83.51	89.22
St. Dev.	14.68	16.66	3.84	10.92	7.56	8.23
Toroion	Length		Head Circumference		Shaft Circumference	
Torcion	Le	ngui	neau Circ	unnerence	Shart Circ	unnerence
Torsion		nm)		nm)		nm)
Torsion Specimen						
	(n	nm)	(n	nm)	(n	nm)
Specimen	(n	nm) LCP-PH	(n	nm) LCP-PH	(n	nm) LCP-PH
Specimen 1	PHN 	nm) LCP-PH 329.26	PHN 	nm) LCP-PH 166.03	PHN 	nm) LCP-PH 75.04
Specimen 1 2	9HN 336.40	nm) LCP-PH 329.26 346.17	PHN 162.10	nm) LCP-PH 166.03 198.27	PHN 72.78	nm) LCP-PH 75.04 109.4
Specimen 1 2 3	9HN 336.40 319.00	nm) LCP-PH 329.26 346.17 321.28	PHN 162.10 169.50	166.03 198.27 164.71	72.78 85.69	75.04 109.4 83.81
Specimen 1 2 3 4	9HN 336.40 319.00 412.20	329.26 346.17 321.28 356.48	PHN 162.10 169.50 171.00	166.03 198.27 164.71 171.17	72.78 85.69 89.82	75.04 109.4 83.81 81.06
Specimen	9HN 336.40 319.00 412.20 324.74	10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	162.10 169.50 171.00 172.24	166.03 198.27 164.71 171.17 170.83	72.78 85.69 89.82 85.66	75.04 109.4 83.81 81.06 97.86

TABLE E-3 Mode and Cycle at Failure in Torsion*

Instrumentation	Mode of Failure	Cycle No.
msuumentation	Wode of Patture	at Failure
PHN	Diaphyseal spiral fracture through distal locking screws	750
PHN	Proximal screw cut-out of greater tuberosity	989
PHN	Proximal screw cut-out of greater tuberosity	4700
PHN	Proximal screw cut-out of greater tuberosity	5000+
PHN	Proximal screw cut-out of greater tuberosity	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+
LCP-PH	Plate-screw construct pull-out of distal cortical bone	5000+

^{*}The mode and cycle at failure is listed for each specimen. 5000+ indicates the specimen failed during load-to-failure testing rather than cyclic testing.