Pre-Arthritic/Kinematic Alignment in Unicompartmental Knee Arthroplasty Restores Activity

In patients undergoing unicompartmental knee arthroplasty (UKA), could pre-arthritic/kinematic alignment help restore long-term function?

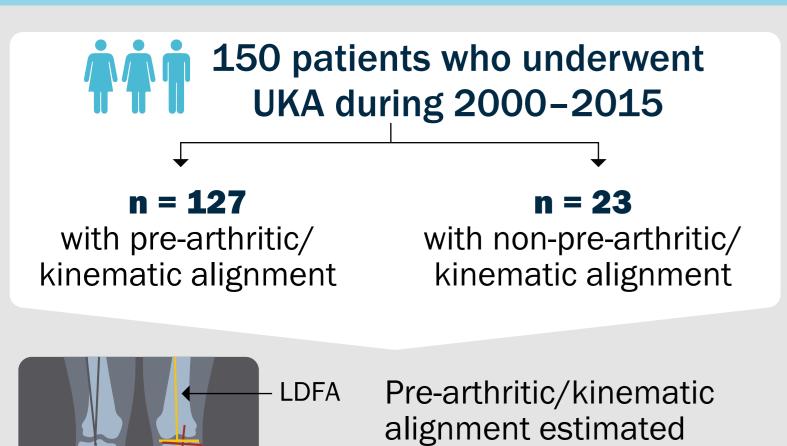


years

10

follow-up

Mean



MPTA: medial proximal tibial angle | LDFA: lateral distal femoral angle

using arithmetic

hip-knee-ankle angle

(aHKA = MPTA - LDFA)

Outcomes after 10 years

	Outcome measures	Pre-arthritic/ kinematic alignment	Non-pre-arthritic/ kinematic alignment	<i>p</i> -value
	Mean survival time (years)	18.6 (95% CI, 18.2–19)	15.4 (95% CI, 13.4-17.5)	p = 0.008
	KOOS Activities of Daily Living	92	74	p < 0.001
	KOOS Sport	74	36	p < 0.001
	Proportion of knees achieving PASS for KOOS Activities of Daily Living	85%	28%	p < 0.01
	Proportion of knees achieving PASS for KOOS Sport	87%	57%	p < 0.01

KOOS: Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score

PASS: patient acceptable symptom state

Restoration of pre-arthritic/kinematic alignment of knees yields significantly better functional outcomes and return to activities than non-pre-arthritic/kinematic alignment at an average of 10 years after UKA

Pre-Arthritic/Kinematic Alignment in Fixed-Bearing Medial Unicompartmental Knee Arthroplasty Results in Return to Activity at Mean 10-Year Follow-up







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