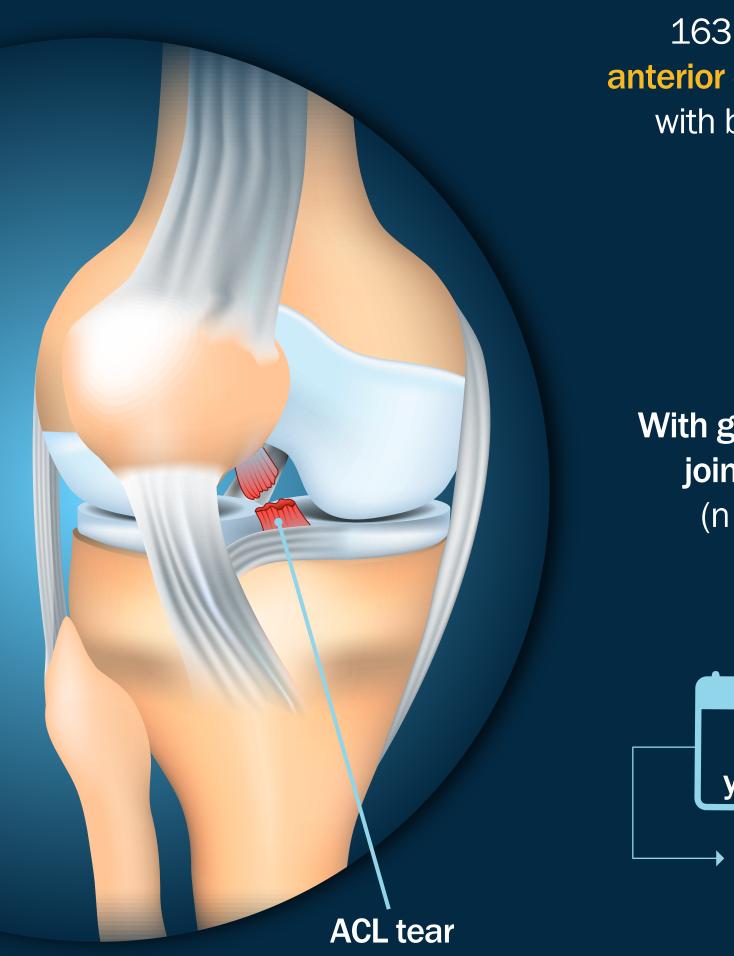
Does Generalized Joint Laxity affect ACL reconstruction outcomes?



163 patients who underwent unilateral anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction with bone-patellar tendon-bone autograft for isolated ACL tears

Beighton & Horan criteria

With generalized joint laxity (n = 41)

Without generalized joint laxity (n = 122)

Follow-ups



Outcome measures:

Lachman test, Pivot-shift test, KT-2000 arthrometer, Lysholm scale, International Knee Documentation Committee scale

At the 8-year follow-up, patients with generalized joint laxity had...





...and these outcomes worsened over time.

Generalized joint laxity is a risk factor for poor outcomes after ACL reconstruction.

Minimum Two-Year Follow-up of Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction in **Patients with Generalized Joint Laxity**

Kim et al. (2018)

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