

Schorr, C.A.; Angelo, M; LeCompte, K.; and Dellinger, R. P. (2020). The association of increasing hospice use with decreasing hospital mortality: An analysis of the national inpatient sample. *Journal of Healthcare Management*, 65(2).

## Supplemental Table 1

### A Comparison of Geographic Region and Location to Hospital Type

	<b>Private not-for-profit</b> <i>N</i> = 5,278,096	<b>Government non-federal</b> <i>N</i> = 868,588	<b>Private for profit</b> <i>N</i> = 220,255
<b>Hospital region, %</b>			
Northeast	92	4	4
Midwest	86	8	6
South	59	17	24
West	68	14	18
<b>Hospital location, %</b>			
Rural	63	22	15
Urban	75	10	15

*Note.* Northeast = Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Midwest = Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin; South = Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia; West = Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

## Supplemental Table 2

### A Comparison of Discharge to Hospice and Mortality Based on Hospital Type

	<b>Discharged to Hospice</b> <i>N</i> = 199,337	<b>Hospital Mortality</b> <i>N</i> = 466,528
<b>Hospital type, %</b>		
Private not-for-profit	2.7	6.4
Government non-federal	2.6	6.5
Private for profit	3.4	6.7