Supplemental Digital Content 1, The Trauma Patient Transitions: Administrator Survey **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- The transition you should think about when completing this survey is when a trauma patient transitions from the ICU to non-ICU care areas within your hospital.
- Use the postage-paid envelope provided to return the completed survey.
- Any information you can provide will be important.
- Email Jason. A. Saucier Wanderbilt.edu to request another paper survey if needed.
- You may use our electronic format via: https://redcap.link/42uj6s0i.
- Please indicate your survey number in the electronic format: Your Survey #:

Definitions of Terms

Registered Nurse (RN): a graduate trained nurse who is licensed by state authority after qualifying for registration.

APRN—Nurse Practitioner (NP): a registered nurse with advanced clinical training at the masters or doctoral level who is licensed by state authority after qualifying or registration.

Physician Assistant (PA): a licensed professional who practices medicine under the supervision of a licensed physician.

Physician (MD/DO): a doctoral prepared medical professional licensed to practice medicine under the laws of the state.

Intensivist: Is a physician who specializes in the care of critically ill patients

ICU: Adult intensive care units are critical care units resourced and dedicated to treated life-threatening conditions, often with specialty equipment and lower nurse to patient ratios.

Non-intensive, non-stepdown unit: Adult care units with a reduction in monitoring and increased patient to RN ratio; patients on these units do not require the specialized treatment, equipment, and staff ratios of the critical care units.

Senior management: Pertains to hospital administrators directly above the unit leadership team and are likely not part of the day-today operations of the unit.

FTE: Full-Time Equivalent; One (1) full time person equal 1 FTE. Two (2) part-time persons equal 1 FTE regardless of the number of hours employed.

1.	Does your hospital have a designated trauma ICU? (Check one) Yes *No *If no, please skip to #34
2.	Is your trauma center verified? (Check ALL that apply) □ Yes, by state designation □ Yes, by ACS □ No □ Do not know
3.	Does the trauma unit include ICU and step-down beds? *Yes \bigs No \bigs No \bigs *If yes, approximately what percentage of these beds are dedicated to ICU patients?%
4.	When patients are ready to transfer out of the trauma ICU, do 100% of these patients transition to a stepdown unit? (Check one) — Yes, every ICU patient must go to a stepdown after the ICU — No, at least some trauma patients may go to other types of units in the hospital (e.g., floor/ward)
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 6. Do the providers at your institution utilize a standardize hand-off as patients transition from the traur ICU? (An example is the I-PASS handoff tool) (Check one) Yes No
Check ALL that apply) Patients Families Education about the floor environment. Yes No. Yes No. Education about the floor staff expectations. Yes No. Yes No. Education about the transfer process. Yes No. Yes No. An opportunity to pre-view the floor before transfer. Yes No. Yes No. A visit from a floor representative. Yes No. Yes No.
8. Patient transfer handoffs are conveyed between nurses <i>primarily</i> by (Check one)
 □ Tape recordings □ By phone call communication □ A review of patient information such as the care plan without face-to-face report □ Face-to-face report in nurses' station or other location such as break room □ Walking rounds/report at which they stop in the patient's room or bedside
 9. How often do patient transitions occur during a nursing shift change? (Check one) Always Frequently Sometimes Rarely Never
Tell us about the resources that support Trauma ICU transition work 10. What types of computer software programs are utilized during Trauma ICU transitions? (Check ALL that apply) □ Electronic bed flow programs □ Software text platforms □ Patient physiological readiness programs □ Decision support software □ Identification of the receiving team prior to transfer □ Other: □ Other:
11. Do all unit RNs use: Phones/2-way mobile communications. Vibrating pager/other communication device. Yes No D

12. Does your institution use an electronic medical record (EMR)? *Yes. \bullet No
*If yes, indicate which of the following EMR functions are available to staff:
*Yes No * <u>If yes, is it used for transition work?</u>
Yes No
Physician order entry
In-and-out of hospital records
In-and-out of hospital records. Primary care office records.
Skilled nursing facility records
12b. Does the trauma ICU have a transfer form(s) unique to their unit?
Yes No
12c. If yes, describe:
13. Do you have a standardized method on which your nurse staffing budget is based?
Yes Do not know
13a. If yes, describe the system:
14. What is the trauma ICU <i>budgeted</i> occupancy for <u>last month</u> ? (#patients)
15. What was the <i>actual</i> trauma ICU occupancy for <u>last month</u> ? (#patients)
16. Which of the following acuity measures is (are) used to characterize patients? (Check ALL the apply)
APACHE
APACHE TSI TRISS SARS CMI
SARS
CMI
SOFA (Specify:)
(Speen):
17. Approximately what percentage of your population is greater than 65 years of age?
$_{}$ % > 65 years of age
18. Approximately, what percent of the trauma ICU patient population identifies as:
% American Indian, Alaskan Native
Asian
Black, African-American
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White
More than one of these
<u>Total 100%</u>
10. A monoving stally yith at manager of the transparential and an interest of the time of the transparent o
19. Approximately what percent of the trauma unit's population is Hispanic/Latino/Latina?% Hispanic or Latino

Tell us about the provider role and	human resources in the Trauma ICU
	bes the <u>physician</u> model on the trauma ICU? (Check one)
☐ Only intensivist manage	patients (closed model)
☐ Some patients are manag (simple mixed model)	ged by intensivist(s) and some are managed by attending physicians
` -	ntly by an intensivist and the attending physician with defined roles
are jointly managed by b	ged by an intensivist, some are managed by attending physicians, and some oth intensivists and attending physicians (matrix mixed model), attending physicians manage their own patients (open unit)
•	nysician role can write a transfer order? (Check ALL that apply)
☐ First-year resident	
□ Resident	
□ Fellow	
□ Attending	
22. In your trauma ICU, what <i>ph</i> process during a patient tran ☐ First-year resident ☐ Resident ☐ Fellow ☐ Attending	hysician level is most responsible for providing elements of the transition sfer? (Check one)
	th the ICU provider-to-provider hand off? (Check ALL that apply)
□ APRN- Nurse Practit	ioner
□ Physician Assistant	
☐ Attending Physician☐ Resident/Fellow MD	/DO
☐ Other: please specify	
24. Approximately how many re	esidents were assigned to the trauma ICU last month? (#)
25. In a <i>one-month period</i> , appr	oximately how many <u>intensivists</u> care for patients on this unit? (#)
26. Does this unit have a physician	ian director? *Yes \boxed No \boxed *If Yes, more than one? Yes \boxed No \boxed
27. Do the following kinds of pr (Please check one, if yes, sp	oviders practice in the Trauma ICU? pecify approximate #) *Yes (if *yes, estimate #) No
Nurse practitioners employed by h Nurse practitioners employed by p Physician assistants employed by Physician assistants employed by	(#)

28. What is the approximate typical provider-to-patient ratio during the <u>day-time</u> ? (Check one per provider-type where <u>Provider: # of Patients</u>)
$\frac{1:1 \text{ or } 2:1}{1:2} \frac{1:2}{1:3} \frac{1:4}{1:5} \frac{1:6}{1:6} \geq 6$
Provider Type
RNs
1:5 or less 1:6-8 1:9-11 1:12-14 1:15-18 1:19-21 >21 Not Applicable APRN- Nurse Practitioner Image: Control of the properties of the
Intensivist (MD/DO)
Attending Physician.
 29. In the last month, approximately how often did the unit use temporary nursing agency or float pool nurses? (Check one) □ 0% of shifts □ > 0% and equal or less than 10% of shifts □ > 10% and equal or less than 20% of shifts □ > 20% and equal or less than 50% of shifts □ > 50% of shifts 30. In the trauma ICU, nursing shifts are scheduled to overlap (Check one) □ not at all
If not at all, check here if some staff overlap at least some shifts to update incoming nurses: 1 - 15 minutes 16 - 29 minutes 30 minutes Besides the overlap, are some RNs assigned to overlap shifts by > 1 hour (e.g. an RN who works 1300-1700 when most RNs change shift at 1500) Yes No
31. Approximately what percent of trauma ICU RNs have a bachelors or higher nursing degree?: %
Personnel Yes No Unit based Hospital based Provided Yes No Unit leadership Image: Comparison of the provided of the pro
32. At your institution, what <i>people</i> have an essential role in the transfer process of trauma patients? (Select ALL that apply) □ Network of nursing leaders □ Non-clinical bed management roles □ Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant roles □ Physicians
33. Is there a role in your institution dedicated to facilitating overall bed management resources? (e.g., nurse liaisons, clinical resource coordinators, etc.) (Check one) Yes No

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Scillo	r manageme	_	a of the kinds of n	nistakes that	occur in this
			Check one		
	Always	Frequently	Sometimes	Rarely	Never
. The t	rauma ICU fo	ollows a specific	process to review	performance	against defi
			Check one		
	Always	Frequently	Sometimes	Rarely	Never
5. The c			kes it easy to lear		
	Always	Frequently	Sometimes	Rarely	Never
	Ц		—		
⁷ . Good	communicat		p the chain of con	mmand regard	ling patient s
7. Good			Check one		
7. Good	communicat Always		•	nmand regard	ding patient s
. Good			Check one		
	Always	Frequently isions are made at	Check one	Rarely	Never

This is the end of the survey, thank you for your time.

Please use the postage-paid envelope provided to return the completed survey:

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or fill out the electronic version: https://redcap.link/42uj6s0i