**Table A1. Logit Regression of Influenza Vaccination Uptake on Base and Functional Proximity Measures for Employees in Building Two**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Model 1 | Model 2 | Model 3 | Model 4 | Model 5 |
| Badge use, Sept-Oct non-clinic days, | 0.109\* |  |  | 0.151\*\* |  |
| standardized | (0.058) |  |  | (0.069) |  |
|  | *p* = 0.063 |  |  | *p* = 0.028 |  |
| Badge use, Sept-Oct non-clinic |  | 0.136\* |  |  | 0.155\* |
| weekdays, clinic time window, standardized |  | (0.075) |  |  | (0.081) |
|  |  | *p* = 0.070 |  |  | *p* = 0.056 |
| Badge use, Sept-Oct non-clinic |  | -0.015 |  |  | 0.008 |
| weekdays, not clinic time window, standardized |  | (0.073) |  |  | (0.081) |
|  |  | *p* = 0.834 |  |  | *p* = 0.921 |
| Base proximity (1/base distance), |  |  | -0.024 | 0.009 | 0.0103 |
| standardized |  |  | (0.057) | (0.060) | (0.060) |
|  |  |  | *p* = 0.671 | *p* = 0.878 | *p* = 0.865 |
| Additional controls | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| Observations | 1,281 | 1,281 | 1,281 | 1,281 | 1,281 |
| LR chi2 for regression | 3.62 | 4.92 | 0.18 | 55.36 | 56.38 |
| Prob > chi2 | 0.0571 | 0.0853 | 0.6709 | 0.0003 | 0.0326 |

This table shows logit regression results. The dependent variable is an indicator for being vaccinated. Standard errors are in parentheses. Additional control variables are building floor level, age, gender, possession of an office, full-time employee status, regular employee status, salaried employee status, job grade, and indicators for whether age, gender, and job grade are missing. Two of the 12 job grades are consolidated into a single dummy variable because there is only one Building Two employee in each. Two-tailed statistical significance at the 10%, 5% and 1% level are indicated by \*, \*\*, and \*\*\*, respectively.