## SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Physical Activity and mortality among male survivors of Myocardial Infarction
Laila Al-Shaar MS, MPH, PhD ${ }^{1}$, Yanping Li, PhD ${ }^{1}$, Eric B. Rimm ${ }^{1,2,4}$, ScD, JoAnn E. Manson ${ }^{4,5}$, MD, DrPH, Bernard Rosner, 3,4, PhD, Frank B. Hu ${ }^{1,2,4}$, MD, PhD, Meir J. Stampfer ${ }^{1,2,4}$, MD, DrPH, Walter C. Willett1,4 MD, DrPH.
${ }^{1}$ Department of Nutrition, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA, USA;
${ }^{2}$ Department of Epidemiology, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA, USA;
${ }^{3}$ Department of Biostatistics, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA, USA;
${ }^{4}$ Channing Division of Network Medicine, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA;
${ }^{5}$ Division of Preventive Medicine, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women’s Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston;

Correspondence to:<br>Walter C. Willett, MD, Dr.PH<br>Department of Nutrition<br>Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, 655 Huntington Avenue, Boston, MA 02115, USA Phone: 617.432.4680<br>Email: wwillett@hsph.harvard.edu

| Supplemental Table 1: Age adjusted baseline characteristics of the Study Participants in the Health Professionals Follow up Study by Moderate to vigorous physical activity categories (METhours/week) before MI ( $\mathrm{N}=1651$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \leq 1.5 \\ (\mathrm{~N}=338) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.6-7.4 \\ (\mathrm{~N}=287) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.5-20.9 \\ & (\mathrm{~N}=404) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \geq 21 \\ (\mathrm{~N}=622) \end{gathered}$ | p-value |
| Continuous Variables Mean (Standard Deviation) or Median (Interquartile Range) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mod to vig PA (MET-hrs/week) | 0 (0-0.2) | 4.3 (2.7-5.8) | 12.6 (10.0-16.3) | 41.5 (29.0-58.7) | $<0.001$ |
| Mod to vig PA (hrs/week) | 0.0 (0-0) | 1.0 (0.5-1.2) | 2.5 (2.0-3.4) | 8.1 (5.5-11.5) | $<0.001$ |
| Total PA (hrs/week) | 0.7 (0-2.5) | 1.5 (1.0-3.0) | 4.0 (2.5-5.5) | 9.0 (6.5-13.5) | $<0.001$ |
| Total PA (MET-hours/week) | 2.5 (0.1-7.5) | 6.4 (4.3-10.0) | 16.8 (12.8-22.5) | 45.0 (31.5-66.6) | $<0.001$ |
| Age at diagnosis | 65.1 (8.8) | 65.4 (9.1) | 64.6 (9.2) | 65.6 (8.4) | 0.58 |
| BMI ( $\mathrm{Kg} / \mathrm{m} 2$ ) | 27.1 (3.7) | 26.8 (3.5) | 26.3 (3.6) | 26.0 (3.1) | $<0.001$ |
| Alternate Healthy Eating Index score | 53 (12) | 53 (11) | 55 (11) | 56 (12) | $<0.001$ |
| Alcohol intake (g/day) | 8.6 (12.5) | 9.5 (14.8) | 10.7 (15.1) | 10.7 (14.6) | 0.01 |
| Categorical variables | \% | \% | \% | \% |  |
| White race | 91 | 92 | 94 | 92 | 0.75 |
| Married | 73 | 78 | 79 | 82 | 0.001 |
| Family history of MI | 45 | 42 | 42 | 41 | 0.32 |
| Family history of Diabetes | 28 | 23 | 24 | 22 | 0.12 |
| Family history of cancer | 37 | 32 | 36 | 33 | 0.44 |
| Types of physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walking $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 51 | 56 | 78 | 80 | $<0.001$ |
| Running $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | $<0.001$ |
| Jogging and rowing $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 1 | 6 | 19 | 36 | $<0.001$ |
| Biking and swimming $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 0 | 13 | 27 | 31 | $<0.001$ |
| Racquet sports $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 0 | 2 | 11 | 16 | $<0.001$ |
| Mod-heavy outdoor work $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 2 | 19 | 42 | 55 | $<0.001$ |
| Weight training $\geq 1 \mathrm{hr} /$ week | 0 | 0 | 10 | 22 | $<0.001$ |
| Smoking |  |  |  |  |  |
| Never smoker | 38 | 46 | 43 | 38 | 0.42 |
| Former smoker | 46 | 45 | 49 | 53 | 0.01 |
| Current smoker | 15 | 9 | 8 |  | 0.01 |
| Comorbidities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diabetes | 12 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 0.07 |
| Hypertension | 47 | 41 | 44 | 41 | 0.24 |
| Hypercholesterolemia | 43 | 49 | 49 | 52 | 0.02 |
| Medication use |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aspirin | 42 | 46 | 46 | 45 | 0.28 |
| Anti-hypertensives | 40 | 35 | 36 | 34 | 0.11 |
| Anti-hypercholesterolemia | 15 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 0.05 |

* Not Age-adjusted; PA: Physical Activity; Mod to vig: Moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity; Racquet sports included tennis, squash, and racquetball. Variables were assessed on average 13 months pre-MI diagnosis.

Supplemental Table 2: Age and multivariate adjusted Hazard Ratios ( $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ CI) of all-cause mortality after simultaneous adjustment for categories of moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity shortly before and after myocardial infarction diagnosis (in MET-hours/week) ( $\mathrm{N}=1651$ ).

| All-cause <br> Mortality | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Multivariate Adjusted* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before MI diagnosis |  |  |  |
| All-cause mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 168 (338) | Reference | Reference |
| 1.6-7.4 | 131 (287) | 0.81 (0.64, 1.02) | 0.82 (0.65, 1.04) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 158 (404) | 0.71 (0.57, 0.89) | 0.71 (0.57, 0.90) |
| $\geq 21$ | 221 (622) | 0.73 (0.59, 0.89) | 0.75 (0.60, 0.95) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.13 | 0.14 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.03 | 0.20 |
| CVD mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 87 (338) | Reference | Reference |
| 1.6-7.4 | 56 (287) | 0.69 (0.47, 0.94) | 0.67 (0.47, 0.95) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 69 (404) | 0.60 (0.43, 0.83) | 0.61 (0.44, 0.85) |
| $\geq 21$ | 95 (622) | 0.62 (0.46, 0.84) | 0.65 (0.46, 0.90) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.03 | 0.08 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.04 | 0.15 |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |
| All-cause mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 147 (280) | Reference | Reference |
| 1.6-7.4 | 113 (243) | 0.79 (0.62, 1.01) | 0.82 (0.64, 1.05) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 176 (405) | 0.91 (0.73, 1.14) | 0.96 (0.76, 1.21) |
| $\geq 21$ | 242 (713) | 0.74 (0.60, 0.92) | 0.82 (0.65, 1.04) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.89 | 0.67 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.02 | 0.20 |
| CVD mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 72 (280) | Reference | Reference |
| 1.6-7.4 | 52 (243) | 0.77 (0.53, 1.10) | 0.80 (0.56, 1.16) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 75 (405) | 0.81 (0.58, 1.13) | 0.87 (0.62, 1.22) |
| $\geq 21$ | 108 (713) | 0.71 (0.52, 0.97) | $0.82(0.59,1.16)$ |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.43 | 0.84 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.09 | 0.48 |

[^0]Supplemental Table 3: Distribution of participants (in percentages) according to their change in moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity from before to after MI diagnosis ( $\mathrm{N}=1651$ ).

| Change in moderate to vigorous PA (MET- <br> hours/week) |  | After MI |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before MI | $\leq \mathbf{1 . 5}$ | 38 | 19 | 25 | 18 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 . 6 - 7 . 4}$ | 21 | 24 | 27 | 28 |
|  | $\mathbf{7 . 5 - 2 0 . 9}$ | 12 | 16 | 20 | 41 |
|  | $\geq \mathbf{2 1}$ | 6 | 8 | 21 | 65 |

Supplemental Table 4: Multivariate adjusted Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) of all-cause and CVD mortality for the joint association between physical activity changes, and changes in weight and diet quality ( $\mathrm{N}=1541$ ).

| Long-term PA Change (MET-hrs) | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {deaths }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {CVD deaths }}$ | All-Cause Mortality | CVD Mortality |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | HR (95\% CI) |  |
| Low- Low; Weight loss, no improved diet | $77(109)$ | 42 | $\mathbf{1 . 5 4 ( 1 . 0 4 , \mathbf { 2 . 2 7 } )}$ | $1.54(0.89,2.68)$ |
| Low- Low; Weight loss, improved diet | $15(32)$ | 6 | $1.22(0.71,2.25)$ | $0.87(0.34,2.32)$ |
| Low- Low; No weight loss | $46(100)$ | 21 | 1 | 1 |
| Low- High; Weight loss, no improved diet | $59(996)$ | 29 | $0.99(0.66,1.49)$ | $0.98(0.54,1.76)$ |
| Low- High; Weight loss, improved diet | $26(57)$ | 15 | $1.08(0.66,1.78)$ | $1.26(0.63,2.49)$ |
| Low- High; No weight loss | $36(116)$ | 18 | $0.79(0.50,1.24)$ | $0.67(0.35,1.30)$ |
| High- Low; Weight loss, no improved diet | $29(49)$ | 10 | $1.43(0.88,2.32)$ | $1.01(0.46,2.21)$ |
| High- Low; Weight loss, improved diet | $8(12)$ | 4 | $0.68(0.31,1.48)$ | $0.66(0.21,2.03)$ |
| High- Low; No weight loss | $33(76)$ | 14 | $0.99(0.62,1.58)$ | $0.94(0.47,1.90)$ |
| High- High; Weight loss, no improved diet | $151(306)$ | 69 | $0.91(0.64,1.30)$ | $0.87(0.52,1.46)$ |
| High- High; Weight loss, improved diet | $48(150)$ | 18 | $\mathbf{0 . 6 1 ( 0 . 4 0 , \mathbf { 0 . 9 4 } )}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 4 8 ( 0 . 2 5 , \mathbf { 0 . 9 2 } )}$ |
| High- High; No weight loss | $120(435)$ | 48 | $0.78(0.54,1.11)$ | $0.71(0.42,1.22)$ |

Supplemental Table 5: Multivariate adjusted Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) of all-cause and CVD mortality according to moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity categories after MI, and the change from before to after MI, after further adjusting for MI severity during hospital admission.

| After MI diagnosis | All-Cause Mortality RR (95\% CI) | CVD mortality RR (95\% CI) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mod-vig PA after MI (MET-hours/day) |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | Reference |  |
| 1.6-7.4 | 0.80 (0.62, 1.02) | 0.78 (0.54, 1.12) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 0.92 (0.73, 1.16) | 0.82 (0.59, 1.15) |
| $\geq 21$ | 0.75 (0.60, 0.93) | 0.71 (0.52, 0.97) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ | 0.97 | 0.50 |
| Mod-vig PA Change (MET-hrs) |  |  |
| Low- Low ( $\mathrm{N}=322$ ) | 1 | 1 |
| Low-High ( $\mathrm{N}=303$ ) | 0.93 (0.74, 1.18) | 1.06 (0.76, 1.50) |
| High-Low ( $\mathrm{N}=201$ ) | 0.74 (0.57, 0.96) | 0.87 (0.60, 1.27) |
| High-High ( $\mathrm{N}=825$ ) | 0.76 (0.62, 0.93) | 0.70 (0.52, 0.94) |
| Mod-vig PA Change* (MET-hrs) |  |  |
| Low- Low ( $\mathrm{N}=252$ ) | 1 | 1 |
| Low-High ( $\mathrm{N}=281$ ) | 0.75 (0.58, 0.96) | 0.75 (0.51, 1.05) |
| High-Low ( $\mathrm{N}=152$ ) | 0.82 (0.61, 1.09) | 0.67 (0.43, 1.04) |
| High-High ( $\mathrm{N}=966$ ) | 0.62 (0.50, 0.76) | 0.54 (0.40, 0.72) |
| Mod-vig PA Change ${ }^{\Psi}$ (MET-hrs) |  |  |
| Low- Low ( $\mathrm{N}=234$ ) | 1 | 1 |
| Low-High ( $\mathrm{N}=286$ ) | 0.71 (0.55, 0.91$)$ | 0.70 (0.49, 1.00) |
| High-Low ( $\mathrm{N}=137$ ) | 0.72 (0.53, 0.97) | 0.64 (0.41, 0.99) |
| High-High ( $\mathrm{N}=971$ ) | 0.61 (0.50, 0.75) | 0.52 (0.38, 0.71) |

* Using cumulative average before and after MI
$\Psi$ Using cumulative average before and stopping to update the data after reporting physical activity impairment during the follow-up after MI.
${ }^{\forall}$ Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol
consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, peak enzyme levels of troponin or CKMB, LV dysfunction, and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.

Supplemental Table 6: Multivariate adjusted Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) of all-cause and CVD mortality, according to MET-hours/week of moderate to vigorous physical activity before and after MI diagnosis, stratified by smoking status ( $\mathrm{N}=1651$ ).

| Moderate to vigorous PA (MET-hours/week) | Non-smoker (N=549) |  | Ever smoker ( $\mathrm{N}=1102$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | RR (95\% CI) ${ }^{\mathbf{Y}}$ | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | RR (95\% CI) ${ }^{\mathbf{Y}}$ |
| Before MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |
| All-cause mortality |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 59 (96) | 1 | 109 (242) | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 40 (110) | 0.47 (0.31, 0.73) | 91 (177) | 0.98 (0.74, 1.32) |
| 7.5-20 | 46 (144) | 0.41 (0.27, 0.62) | 112 (260) | 0.89 (0.67, 1.18) |
| > 20 | 60 (199) | 0.50 (0.34, 0.74) | 161 (423) | 0.85 (0.66, 1.10) |
| $P_{\text {noolinearity }}$ |  | 0.03 |  | 0.25 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.04 |  | 0.19 |
| CVD mortality |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 30 (96) | 1 | 57 (242) | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 20 (110) | 0.50 (0.27, 0.92) | 36 (177) | 0.69 (0.44, 1.06) |
| 7.5-20 | 24 (144) | 0.43 (0.24, 0.77) | 45 (260) | 0.67 (0.44, 1.01) |
| >20 | 20 (199) | 0.34 (0.18, 0.61) | 75 (423) | 0.77 (0.53, 1.11) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.009 |  | 0.06 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.004 |  | 0.67 |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |
| All-cause mortality |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 51 (87) | 1 | 96 (193) | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 32 (82) | 0.42 (0.27, 0.68 ) | 81 (161) | 0.98 (0.72, 1.33) |
| 7.5-20 | 44 (128) | 0.48 (0.31, 0.74) | 132 (287) | 1.10 (0.83, 1.45) |
| $>20$ | 78 (252) | 0.51 (0.35, 0.75) | 164 (461) | 0.81 (0.62, 1.07) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.97 |  | 0.90 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.16 |  | 0.04 |
| CVD mortality |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 29 (87) | , | 43 (193) | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 14 (82) | 0.33 (0.17, 0.66) | 38 (161) | 1.05 (0.67, 1.69) |
| 7.5-20 | 20 (128) | 0.38 (0.20, 0.70) | 55 (287) | 1.04 (0.68, 1.58) |
| $>20$ | 31 (252) | 0.36 (0.20, 0.62) | 77 (461) | 0.96 (0.64, 1.44) |
| $P_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.28 |  | 0.91 |
| $P_{\text {trend }}$ |  | 0.02 |  | 0.68 |

[^1]Supplemental Table 7: Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) for all-cause mortality associated with walking and walking pace before and after MI diagnosis.

| All-cause Mortality | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | Age adjusted | Multivariate <br> Adjusted* | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Multivariate <br> Adjusted ${ }^{\forall}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walking (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<0.5$ | 208 (505) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0.5-1 | 71 (163) | 0.89 (0.68, 1.16) | 0.87 (0.66, 1.15) | 0.88 (0.66, 1.16) | 0.85 (0.64, 1.13) |
| 1-2.5 | 77 (200) | 0.78 (0.60, 1.01) | 0.79 (0.61, 1.04) | 0.83 (0.63, 1.09) | 0.82 (0.62, 1.07) |
| 2.5-5 | 206 (536) | 0.80 (0.66, 0.97) | $0.82(0.67,1.003)$ | 0.85 (0.70, 1.05) | $0.84(0.69,1.04)$ |
| >5 | 116 (247) | 0.87 (0.69, 1.10) | 0.90 (0.71, 1.14) | 0.95 (0.74, 1.21) | 0.96 (0.75, 1.23) |
| $\boldsymbol{P}_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 0.44 |
| Pace of Walking |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2 \mathrm{mph}$ | 52 (94) | 1 | 1 | 1 | --- |
| $2-3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 365 (833) | 0.66 (0.50, 0.89) | 0.67 (0.50, 0.91) | 0.69 (0.51, 0.93) | --- |
| $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 222 (617) | 0.59 (0.44, 0.80) | 0.62 (0.45, 0.84) | 0.64 (0.47, 0.88) | --- |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walking (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<0.5$ | 194 (473) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0.5-1 | 63 (156) | 0.84 (0.63, 1.12) | 0.79 (0.59, 1.06) | 0.79 (0.59, 1.07) | $0.81(0.60,1.09)$ |
| 1-2.5 | 60 (163) | 0.84 (0.63, 1.12) | 0.76 (0.56, 1.02) | 0.76 (0.56, 1.02) | 0.78 (0.58, 1.06) |
| 2.5-5 | 257 (607) | 0.74 (0.62, 0.90) | 0.71 (0.58, 0.87) | 0.72 (0.59, 0.88) | 0.74 (0.60, 0.90) |
| >5 | 104 (250) | 0.64 (0.50, 0.82) | 0.66 (0.51, 0.84) | 0.66 (0.52, 0.85) | 0.66 (0.51, 0.85) |
| $\boldsymbol{P}_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.001 | <0.001 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2 \mathrm{mph}$ | 50 (101) | 1 | 1 | 1 | --- |
| 2-3 mph | 391 (819) | 0.89 (0.66, 1.19) | 0.78 (0.57, 1.05) | 0.80 (0.59, 1.08) | --- |
| $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 232 (678) | 0.70 (0.52, 0.96) | 0.67 (0.49, 0.92) | 0.71 (0.51, 0.97) | --- |

* Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use. Models using PA after MI diagnosis were further adjusted for heart failure during hospital admission and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis. $\Psi$ : Adjusted for the same variables as in model *, with simultaneous adjustment for walking in hours/week and walking pace in the model. $\forall$ Adjusted for the same variables as in model *, with simultaneous adjustment for walking before and after MI diagnosis.


## Supplemental Table 8: Hazard Ratios ( $95 \%$ CI) for CVD mortality associated with walking and walking pace before and after MI diagnosis.

| CVD Mortality | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | Age adjusted | Multivariate Adjusted * | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\forall}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Before MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walking (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<0.5$ | 98 (505) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0.5-1 | 27 (163) | 0.71 (0.47, 1.10) | 0.71 (0.46, 1.09) | 0.72 (0.46, 1.11) | 0.70 (0.45, 1.09) |
| 1-2.5 | 29 (200) | 0.62 (0.41, 0.94) | 0.65 (0.42, 0.99) | 0.69 (0.45, 1.06) | 0.67 (0.43, 1.03) |
| 2.5-5 | 104 (536) | 0.87 (0.66, 1.14) | $0.89(0.67,1.18)$ | 0.93 (0.73, 1.25) | 0.94 (0.69, 1.27) |
| $>5$ | 49 (247) | 0.78 (0.55, 1.11) | 0.80 (0.56, 1.15) | 0.86 (0.60, 1.24) | 0.74 (0.50, 1.09) |
| $\mathbf{p}_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.62 | 0.67 | 0.87 |  |
| Pace of Walking |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2 \mathrm{mph}$ | 26 (94) | 1 | 1 | 1 | --- |
| 2-3 mph | 167 (833) | 0.59 (0.39, 0.89) | 0.65 (0.42, 0.99) | 0.67 (0.43, 1.02) | --- |
| $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 95 (617) | 0.50 (0.32, 0.78) | 0.55 (0.35, 0.86) | 0.57 (0.36, 0.89) | --- |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walking (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<0.5$ | 78 (473) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0.5-1 | 26 (156) | 0.88 (0.56, 1.39) | 0.83 (0.52, 1.33) | 0.85 (0.53, 1.37) | 0.86 (0.54, 1.36) |
| 1-2.5 | 30 (163) | 1.16 (0.75, 1.77) | $0.99(0.64,1.55)$ | 0.99 (0.64, 1.56) | $1.01(0.65,1.59)$ |
| 2.5-5 | 122 (609) | 0.95 (0.71, 1.27) | 0.86 (0.63, 1.17) | 0.89 (0.65, 1.20) | 0.88 (0.64, 1.20) |
| $>5$ | 51 (250) | 0.87 (0.60, 1.24) | 0.86 (0.59, 1.24) | 0.88 (0.61, 1.29) | 0.90 (0.61, 1.31) |
| $\mathbf{p}_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | 0.29 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.32 |
| After MI diagnosis |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2 \mathrm{mph}$ | 24 (101) | 1 | 1 |  | --- |
| $2-3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 186 (819) | 0.83 (0.54, 1.27) | 0.77 (0.50, 1.20) | 0.77 (0.49, 1.20) | --- |
| $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ | 95 (678) | 0.57 (0.36, 0.90) | 0.59 (0.37, 0.94) | 0.60 (0.38, 0.96) | --- |

* Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use. Models using PA after MI diagnosis were further adjusted for heart failure during hospital admission and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
$\Psi$ : Adjusted for the same variables as in model ${ }^{*}$, with simultaneous adjustment for walking in hours/week and walking pace in the model. $\forall$ Adjusted for the same variables as in model ${ }^{*}$, with simultaneous adjustment for walking before and after MI diagnosis.

Supplemental Table 9: Multivariate Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) for all-cause and CVD mortality for the joint association between walking and walking pace before and after MI diagnosis.

|  | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {deaths }}$ | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {CVDdeaths }}$ | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Psi}$ allcause mortality | $\begin{gathered} \text { Multivariate } \\ \text { Adjusted }{ }^{\Psi} \text { CVD } \\ \text { mortality } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Delta}$ allcause mortality | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Delta}$ CVD mortality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Walking Before MI (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pace $<3 \mathrm{mph}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1$ hour/week ( $\mathrm{N}=422$ ) | 190 | 85 | Reference | Reference | Reference | Reference |
| 1-2.4 hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=114$ ) | 48 | 18 | 0.91 (0.66, 1.26) | 0.79 (0.49, 1.31) | 1.01 (0.73, 1.40) | 0.76 (0.45, 1.28) |
| $\geq 2.5$ hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=406$ ) | 179 | 90 | 0.85 (0.69, 1.06) | 0.96 (0.70, 1.30) | 0.89 (0.71, 1.10) | 0.92 (0.67, 1.26) |
| Pace $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1$ hour/week ( $\mathrm{N}=202$ ) | 69 | 29 | 0.87 (0.66, 1.15) | 0.78 (0.51, 1.19) | 0.89 (0.66, 1.20) | 0.79 (0.50, 1.25) |
| 1-2.4 hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=75$ ) | 25 | 10 | 0.64 (0.42, 0.98) | 0.58 (0.30, 1.13) | 0.65 (0.42, 1.01) | 0.61 (0.30, 1.22) |
| $\geq 2.5$ hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=343$ ) | 128 | 56 | 0.83 (0.66, 1.04) | $0.82(0.58,1.16)$ | 0.88 (0.68, 1.14) | 0.86 (0.58, 1.26) |
| Walking after MI (hrs/week) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pace $<3 \mathrm{mph}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1$ hour/week ( $\mathrm{N}=394$ ) | 178 | 71 | Reference | Reference | Reference | Reference |
| 1-2.4 hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=100$ ) | 42 | 22 | 0.73 (0.52, 1.04) | 0.96 (0.60, 1.58) | 0.71 (0.49, 1.02) | 0.98 (0.60, 1.67) |
| $\geq 2.5$ hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=445$ ) | 221 | 117 | 0.73 (0.59, 0.89) | 0.97 (0.72, 1.33) | 0.75 (0.60, 0.93) | 0.98 (0.71, 1.36) |
| Pace $\geq 3 \mathrm{mph}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1$ hour/week ( $\mathrm{N}=216$ ) | 79 | 33 | 0.84 (0.64, 1.10) | 0.87 (0.57, 1.32) | 0.88 (0.65, 1.19) | 0.91 (0.57, 1.45) |
| 1-2.4 hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=60$ ) | 18 | 8 | 0.78 (0.47, 1.29) | 0.86 (0.41, 1.83) | 0.83 (0.49, 1.42) | 0.90 (0.39, 2.04) |
| $\geq 2.5$ hours/week ( $\mathrm{N}=403$ ) | 135 | 54 | 0.62 (0.49, 0.78) | 0.62 (0.43, 0.89) | 0.67 (0.51, 0.86) | 0.65 (0.43, 0.98) |

$\Psi$ : Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use. Models using data after MI diagnosis were further adjusted for heart failure during hospital admission and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
${ }^{\Delta}$ Adjusted for the same variables as in model $\Psi$, with simultaneous adjustment for walking and walking pace before and after MI, in the model.

Supplemental Table 10: Multivariate Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) of all-cause mortality by subtypes of physical activity before MI diagnosis

|  | Duration of activity before MI, hr/week |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Activity | 0 | $\leq 1$ | >1 |
| Jogging |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 559 (1355) | 53 (139) | 19 (79) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.00 (0.75-1.33) | 0.80 (0.51-1.27) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.00 (0.75-1.34) | 0.87 (0.54-1.38) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.08 (0.77-1.51) | 0.96 (0.58-1.59) |
| Running |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 592 (1460) | 24 (67) | 15 (42) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.88 (0.59-1.33) | 1.17 (0.70-1.96) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.88 (0.58-1.33) | 1.33 (0.79-2.25) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.94 (0.58-1.51) | 1.50 (0.80-2.81) |
| Rowing |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 459 (1158) | 122 (268) | 55 (154) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.04 (0.85-1.27) | 0.84 (0.64-1.11) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.99 (0.80-1.21) | 0.89 (0.67-1.18) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.07 (0.85-1.34) | 0.95 (0.69-1.29) |
| Biking |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Nevents}^{\text {( }}$ ( ${ }_{\text {total }}$ ) | 450 (1122) | 120 (274) | 69 (190) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.91 (0.74-1.11) | 0.86 (0.67-1.11) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.92 (0.75-1.13) | 0.89 (0.69-1.15) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.97 (0.78-1.21) | 0.93 (0.71-1.22) |
| Moderate to heavy outdoor |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 230 (520) | 127 (412) | 162 (454) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.69 (0.55-0.86) | 0.88 (0.72-1.08) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.71 (0.57-0.88) | 0.89 (0.72-1.10) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.72 (0.58-0.91) | 0.90 (0.73-1.12) |
| Weight Training |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 362 (970) | 36 (143) | 24 (128) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.78 (0.56-1.11) | 0.75 (0.50-1.14) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.82 (0.58-1.16) | 0.81 (0.53-1.24) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.93 (0.64-1.33) | 0.92 (0.58-1.45) |
| Swimming |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 575 (1438) | 37 (94) | 15 (41) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.82 (0.59-1.15) | 0.81 (0.49-1.36) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.84 (0.60-1.18) | 0.85 (0.51-1.43) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.85 (0.60-1.21) | 0.90 (0.53-1.54) |
| Racquet sports |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 563 (1380) | 18 (52) | 42 (130) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.85 (0.53-1.36) | 0.64 (0.47-0.87) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.90 (0.55-1.45) | 0.65 (0.47-0.89) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.92 (0.57-1.50) | 0.64 (0.46-0.89) |

$\Psi:$ Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
$\forall$ : Adjusted for the same variables in model $\Psi$, in addition to other types of activity in this table plus walking

Supplemental Table 11: Multivariate Hazard Ratios ( $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ CI) of CVD mortality by subtypes of physical activity before MI diagnosis

|  | Duration of activity before MI, hr/week |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Activity | 0 | $\leq 1$ | >1 |
| Jogging |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 252 (1355) | 22 (139) | 10 (79) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.89 (0.58, 1.39) | 0.94 (0.50, 1.78) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.86 (0.55, 1.35) | 1.15 (0.60, 2.19) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.98 (0.59, 1.67) | 1.31 (0.65, 2.65) |
| Running |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 268 (1460) | 13 (67) | 7 (42) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.02 (0.58, 1.80) | 1.15 (0.54, 1.80) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.99 (0.59, 1.76) | 1.28 (0.59, 2.76) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.15 (0.59, 2.24) | 0.98 (0.35, 2.75) |
| Rowing |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 205 (1158) | 54 (268) | 29 (154) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.02 (0.76, 1.38) | 0.99 (0.67, 1.47) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.93 (0.68, 1.26) | 1.14 (0.76, 1.70) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.03 (0.73, 1.46) | 1.29 (0.83, 2.00) |
| Biking |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 211 (1122) | 47 (274) | 29 (190) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.78 (0.57, 1.07) | 0.78 (0.53, 1.16) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.75 (0.54, 1.04) | 0.83 (0.56, 1.24) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.84 (0.60, 1.19) | 0.86 (0.57, 1.30) |
| Moderate-heavy outdoor |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 113 (520) | 52 (412) | 60 (470) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.58 (0.42, 0.80) | 0.65 (0.47, 0.89) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.58 (0.41, 0.80) | 0.66 (0.48, 0.92) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.61 (0.43, 0.86) | 0.67 (0.48, 0.94) |
| Weight Training |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 155 (970) | 14 (143) | 9 (128) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.71 (0.41, 1.24) | 0.65 (0.33, 1.28) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.77 (0.44, 1.35) | 0.74 (0.37, 1.48) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.94 (0.52, 1.68) | 0.73 (0.35, 1.55) |
| Swimming |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 256 (1438) | 19 (94) | 9 (41) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.98 (0.61, 1.57) | 1.13 (0.58, 2.20) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.92 (0.57, 1.50) | 1.19 (0.61, 2.35) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.94 (0.57, 1.56) | 1.18 (0.59, 2.38) |
| Racquet sports |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 255 (1380) | 7 (52) | 20 (130) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.70 (0.33, 1.48) | 0.69 (0.44, 1.09) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.73 (0.34, 1.57) | 0.67 (0.42, 1.07) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.80 (0.37, 1.73) | 0.71 (0.44, 1.15) |

$\Psi:$ Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
$\forall$ : Adjusted for the same variables in model $\Psi$, in addition to other types of activity in this table plus walking

Supplemental Table 12: Multivariate Hazard Ratios (95\% CI) of all-cause mortality by subtypes of physical activity after MI diagnosis

Duration of activity after MI, hr/week

| Activity | 0 | $\leq 1$ | $>1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jogging |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 548 (1331) | 39 (125) | 34 (89) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.83 (0.59-1.15) | 0.99 (0.69-1.40) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.86 (0.62-1.20) | 1.06 (0.75-1.52) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.97 (0.67-1.40) | 1.11 (0.75-1.63) |
| Running |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 594 (1457) | 14 (55) | 7 (27) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.78 (0.46-1.32) | 0.85 (0.40-1.80) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.73 (0.42-1.25) | 0.96 (0.45-2.07) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.77 (0.42-1.39) | 0.84 (0.40-1.98) |
| Rowing |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 430 (990) | 108 (246) | 68 (173) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.05 (0.85-1.30) | 0.91 (0.71-1.18) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.99 (0.79-1.23) | 0.95 (0.73-1.24) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.97 (0.77-1.23) | 1.00 (0.76-1.33) |
| Biking |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 377 (968) | 153 (370) | 105 (235) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.01 (0.84-1.22) | 1.17 (0.94-1.46) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.04 (0.86-1.26) | 1.22 (0.98-1.53) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.02 (0.83-1.27) | 1.29 (1.02-1.64) |


| Mod-heavy outdoor |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 317 (664) | 155 (403) | 166 (514) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.93 (0.77-1.13) | 0.79 (0.66-0.97) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.98 (0.79-1.19) | 0.88 (0.72-1.08) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.98 (0.80-1.21) | 0.84 (0.68-1.04) |
| Weight Training |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 493 (1126) | 93 (273) | 36 (157) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.92 (0.73-1.15) | 0.74 (0.52-1.03) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.96 (0.76-1.21) | 0.86 (0.61-1.22) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.99 (0.77-1.27) | 0.79 (0.54-1.16) |
| Swimming |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 580 (1429) | 31 (83) | 13 (36) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.76 (0.53-1.10) | 0.70 (0.41-1.22) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.74 (0.51-1.07) | 0.72 (0.41-1.26) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.77 (0.53-1.12) | 0.70 (0.39-1.25) |
| Racquet sports |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 582 (1415) | 10 (29) | 28 (84) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.39 (0.74-2.61) | 0.58 (0.40-0.85) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.68 (0.88-3.20) | 0.64 (0.43-0.94) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.63 (0.85-3.14) | 0.64 (0.43-0.96) |

$\Psi$ : Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
$\forall$ : Adjusted for the same variables in model $\Psi$, in addition to other types of activity in this table plus walking

Supplemental Table 13: Multivariate Hazard Ratios ( $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ CI) of CVD mortality by subtypes of physical activity after MI diagnosis

Duration of activity after MI, hr/week

| Activity | 0 | $\leq 1$ | >1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jogging |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 253 (1331) | 11 (125) | 14 (89) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.48 (0.26, 0.88) | 0.86 (0.50, 1.47) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.52 (0.28, 0.96) | 0.92 (0.53, 1.59) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.53 (0.27, 1.03) | 0.99 (0.54, 1.81) |
| Running |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 268 (1457) | 6 (55) | 2 (27) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.72 (0.32, 1.62) | 0.48 (0.12, 1.96) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.65 (0.28, 1.50) | 0.60 (0.16, 2.48) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.88 (0.35, 2.22) | 0.80 (0.19, 3.41) |
| Rowing |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 186 (968) | 47 (246) | 41 (173) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | $1.04(0.75,1.43)$ | 1.25 (0.89, 1.75) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.89 (0.64, 1.25) | 1.28 (0.90, 1.82) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | $0.89(0.63,1.28)$ | 1.49 (1.01, 2.20) |
| Biking |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 157 (968) | 78 (370) | 54 (235) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | $1.24(0.95,1.63)$ | 1.46 (1.07, 1.99) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.23 (0.93, 1.63) | 1.43 (1.04, 1.97) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | $1.24(0.91,1.69)$ | 1.42 (1.00, 2.01) |
| Mod-heavy outdoor |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 152 (664) | 68 (403) | 69 (514) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 0.83 (0.62, 1.11) | 0.67 (0.50, 0.90) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.90 (0.67, 1.21) | 0.81 (0.60, 1.10) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.88 (0.65, 1.19) | 0.81 (0.60, 1.12) |
| Weight Training |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 222 (1126) | 49 (273) | 14 (157) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.06 (0.78, 1.45) | 0.60 (0.35, 1.03) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.20 (0.86, 1.65) | 0.76 (0.44, 1.32) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.12 (0.77, 1.62) | 0.57 (0.31, 1.05) |
| Swimming |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 261 (1429) | 18 (83) | 4 (36) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | $1.01(0.63,1.64)$ | 0.51 (0.19, 1.37) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 0.93 (0.57, 1.52) | 0.38 (0.14, 1.05) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 0.95 (0.57, 1.59) | 0.34 (0.11, 1.01) |
| Racquet sports |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathrm{N}_{\text {total }}\right)$ | 266 (1415) | 5 (29) | 12 (84) |
| Age adjusted | Ref | 1.50 (0.62, 3.66) | 0.57 (0.32, 1.02) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\Psi}$ | Ref | 1.77 (0.71, 4.40) | 0.60 (0.33, 1.08) |
| Multivariate ${ }^{\forall}$ | Ref | 1.70 (0.67, 4.36) | 0.56 (0.30, 1.04) |

$\Psi:$ Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.
$\forall$ : Adjusted for the same variables in model $\Psi$, in addition to other types of activity in this table plus walking

Supplemental Table 14: Moderate to vigorous physical activity (MET-hours/week) before MI in relation to all-cause and CVD mortality among all 3419 men with MI, including those who did not survive up to the post-MI questionnaire cycle or had missing post-MI PA data.

| Moderate-vigorous Physical Activity (MET-hours/week) | $\mathbf{N}_{\text {events }}\left(\mathbf{N}_{\text {totala }}\right)$ | Age adjusted | Multivariate Adjusted ${ }^{\Psi}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All-cause mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 749 (933) | 1 | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 438 (611) | 0.84 (0.75, 0.95) | 0.87 (0.77, 0.98$)$ |
| 7.5-20.9 | 506 (782) | 0.75 (0.67, 0.84) | 0.79 (0.71, 0.89) |
| $\geq 21$ | 654 (1093) | 0.74 (0.66, 0.82) | 0.78 (0.70, 0.87) |
| $\boldsymbol{P}_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | <0.001 | <0.001 |
| CVD mortality |  |  |  |
| $\leq 1.5$ | 512 (933) | 1 | 1 |
| 1.6-7.4 | 285 (611) | 0.83 (0.72, 0.96) | 0.84 (0.72, 0.97) |
| 7.5-20.9 | 313 (782) | 0.72 (0.63, 0.83) | 0.75 (0.65, 0.86) |
| $\geq 21$ | 386 (1093) | 0.69 (0.60, 0.78) | 0.70 (0.61, 0.80) |
| $p_{\text {nonlinearity }}$ |  | <0.001 | <0.001 |

Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, marital status, smoking, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use.

Supplemental Figure 1: Multivariate adjusted Hazard Ratios of all-cause and CVD mortality for the joint association between walking and pace of walking after MI diagnosis, among men who reported less than 1 hour of weekly vigorous exercise (<6 MET-hour/week, $\mathbf{n = 9 6 1 )}$ ).


Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, aspirin use, heart failure during hospital admission, and incidence of cancer and stroke after MI. * represents statistical significance

Page 17 of 17


[^0]:    ${ }^{\Psi}$ : Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use. Models using PA after MI diagnosis were further adjusted for heart failure during hospital admission and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis. *Simultaneous adjustment for Pre and Post-MI physical activity.

[^1]:    $\Psi$ : Adjusted for age, race, family history of myocardial infarction, cancer, and diabetes, smoking, marital status, alcohol consumption, alternate healthy eating index score, year of MI diagnosis, and aspirin use. Models using PA after MI diagnosis were further adjusted for heart failure during hospital admission and incidence of stroke and cancer after MI diagnosis.

