Supplemental Digital Content 1

Muscle volume (cm³) before and after leg curl training

		Pre-TR	Post-TR	ANCOVA*	Adjusted Post
WH	Seated-Leg	618.9 ± 171.3	705.7 ± 180.1	F(1, 20.2) = 27.5, P < .001	699.4
	Prone-Leg	606.6 ± 163.2	663.1 ± 172.4	Adjusted Pre = 612.7	669.5
BFL	Seated-Leg	171.5 ± 46.8	196.0 ± 47.2	F(1, 19.5) = 36.6, P < .001	194.8
	Prone-Leg	169.1 ± 44.7	180.1 ± 44.5	Adjusted Pre = 170.3	181.3
ST	Seated-Leg	159.6 ± 60.8	197.4 ± 71.2	F(1, 20.0) = 8.0, P = .010	1983
	Prone-Leg	162.1 ± 59.8	193.2 ± 69.2	Adjusted Pre = 160.8	191.8
SM	Seated-Leg	205.3 ± 45.7	221.9 ± 46.0	F(1, 20.5) = 16.2, P = .001	217.5
	Prone-Leg	196.5 ± 44.7	203.8 ± 46.8	Adjusted Pre = 200.9	208.2
BFS	Seated-Leg	82.6 ± 28.0	90.5 ± 28.5	F(1, 20.6) = 1.8, P = .190	88.7
	Prone-Leg	78.9 ± 26.3	86.0 ± 26.7	Adjusted Pre = 80.7	87.8
GRA	Seated-Leg	77.9 ± 24.2	95.4 ± 28.5	F(1, 20.5) = 3.0, P = .097	93.2
	Prone-Leg	74.0 ± 25.1	89.4 ± 27.9	Adjusted Pre = 76.0	91.6
SAR	Seated-Leg	94.9 ± 31.4	102.3 ± 31.7	F(1, 20.3) = 17.5, P < .001	101.0
	Prone-Leg	92.3 ± 32.4	103.3 ± 34.0	Adjusted Pre = 93.6	104.6

Descriptive data are presented as means \pm SDs

n = 20 legs for each of Seated-Leg and Prone-Leg

^{*}The values for denominator degrees of freedom are obtained by a Satterthwaite approximation (therefore are not integers, see below for details) https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/node/418737