Table 1 demonstrates the prescribed PBL five step process as well and student outcomes.

- Step 1 (Develop Working Hypotheses)
- Provide chief complaint; include age, race, and gender
 - Each Students proposes two plausible, unique, working hypotheses (HO)
- Step 2 (Refine Working Hypotheses)
 - Students synthesize pathophysiology for each HO and list the expected features of history & physical (H&P)-including diagnostics
- Step 3 (Rule in and Out Working Hypotheses)
- Complete casebook H&P open to students
- Students determine Rule-in or Rule-out
 - Each student identifies pertinent positives and negatives for each HO and lists Rationale for rule-in or out provided
- Step 4 (Clinical decision-making)
 - Students collaborate to identify all primary and secondary diagnoses and develop a comprehensive treatment plan
- Step 5 (Case Completion and Reflection)
- Faculty Expert Opinion released
- Opposing casebooks open for all to view
- Reflection
 - Students compare and contrast the two casebooks' salient features in their track as well as behavioral casebooks
 - Identify a-ha learning moments
 - Revised with second cohort to include targeted questions that drove students to alternate casebook and targeted specific learning points