

Supplementary Table 1: Demographic, socio-behavioral, and clinical characteristics at the enrollment visit for a cohort of HIV-infected individuals on anti-retroviral therapy in southwestern Uganda. Summary statistics are presented for participants who ever had the composite outcome (simultaneous detectable viremia and risky sexual behavior) and those who never had the composite outcome.

Enrollment Visit	Total cohort	Individuals who ever had the	Individuals who never had the
Characteristic	(n=463)	composite outcome (n=23)	composite outcome (n=440)
Age (median, IQR)	34 (29-40)	27 (23-33)	35 (30-40)
Household size (median, IQR)	3 (1-5)	2 (1-5)	3 (1-5)
Female gender (n, %)	325 (70)	20 (87)	305 (69)
Completed primary school or greater (n, %)	393 (85)	19 (83)	374 (86)
Married (n, %)	194 (42)	5 (23)	189 (43)
Household asset ownership (1 st quartile) (n, %)	323 (70)	13 (57)	310 (71)
Travel time to clinic less than one hour (n, %)	272 (59)	15 (65)	257 (59)
Internalized stigma score greater than 0 on	115 (63)	7 (70)	108 (62)

the Internalized AIDS

Stigma Score) (n, %)

Any food insecurity as determined by the Household Food Insecurity Assessment Score (n, %)	200 (83)	15 (94)	185 (83)
Probable depression as determined by a score > 1.75 on the Hopkins Symptoms Checklist Score (n, %)	158 (35)	8 (35)	150 (35)
Hospitalized in the past three months (n, %)	45 (10)	2 (9)	43 (10)
Any history of an opportunistic infection (n, %)	233 (51)	12 (54)	221 (51)
Dry season (n, %)	229 (50)	10 (44)	219 (50)

CD4 count (median, IQR)	136 (80-202)	127 (76-186)	137 (80-206)
Log10 Viral load (median, IQR)	5.1 (4.6-5.5)	5.2 (4.2-5.6)	5.1 (4.6-5.5)
Regimen (n, %)			
3TC/AZT/NVP	265 (64)	12 (63)	253 (64)
3TC/D4T/NVP	104 (25)	5 (27)	99 (25)
3TC/AZT/EFV	38 (9)	1 (5)	37 (9)
OTHER	6 (2)	1 (5)	5 (2)
Positive screen for hazardous alcohol use as determined by a score >2 in women and > 3 in men on the AUDIT-C alcohol screen (n, %)	96 (22)	3 (14)	93 (22)
Time on art (years), (median, IQR)	0 (0-0)	0 (0-0)	0 (0-0)

IQR: interquartile range