

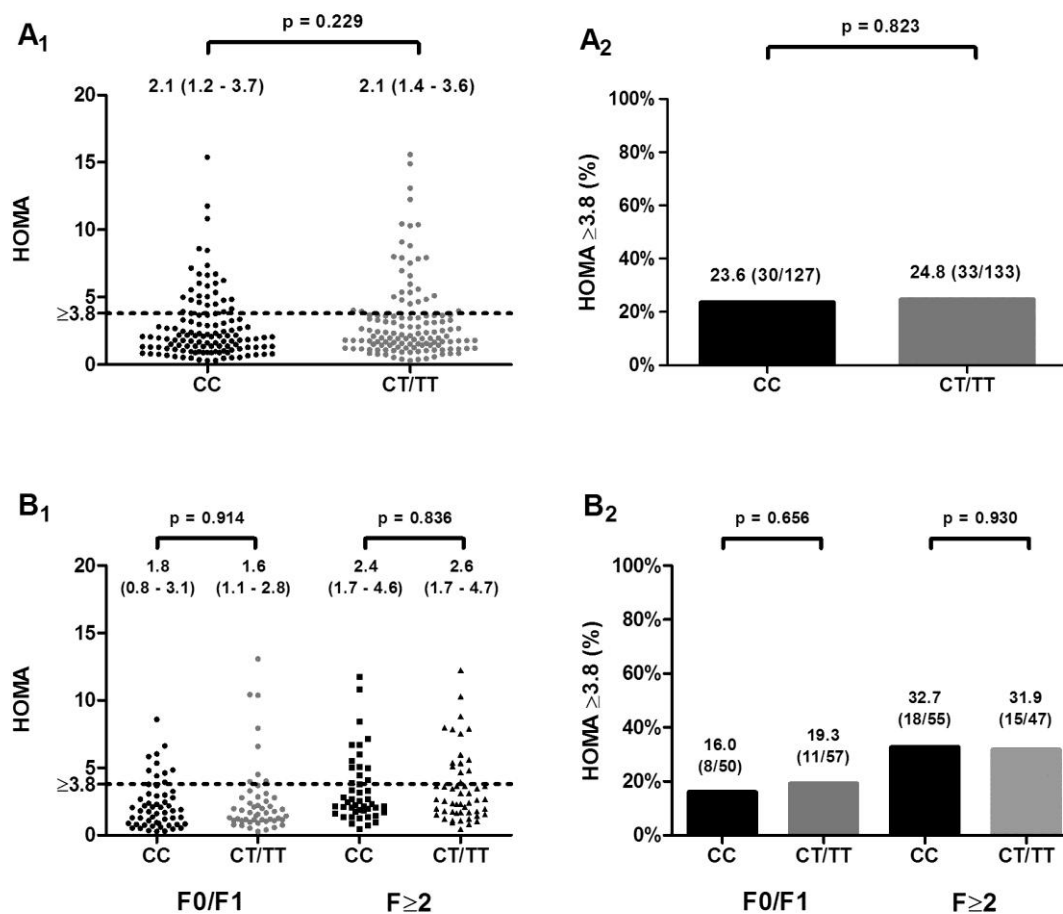
**Supplementary table 1.** Summary of adjusted associations between *SLC30A8* rs13266634 CT/TT genotype, lipid profile and insulin resistance among HIV/HCV coinfecting patients.

	Serum levels		Metabolic disturbance		
	AMR (95% CI) <sup>(a)</sup>	p-value	Cut-offs	OR (95% CI) <sup>(b)</sup>	p-value
HOMA	1.09 (0.89; 1.35)	0.379	≥ 3.8	1.06 (0.52; 1.02)	0.945
Cholesterol (mg/dL)	1.10 (0.93; 1.08)	0.994	≥ 200 mg/dL	0.85 (0.40; 1.82)	0.676
HDL-C (mg/dL)	1.10 (1.03; 1.19)	<b>0.006</b>	≤ 35 mg/dL	0.68 (0.41; 1.12)	0.131
LDL-C (mg/dL)	0.97 (0.87; 1.06)	0.586	≥ 100 mg/dL	0.79 (0.45; 1.37)	0.391
Triglycerides (mg/dL)	0.99 (0.91; 1.08)	0.742	≥ 170 mg/dL	1.22 (0.61; 2.44)	0.585
LDL-C/HDL-C	0.88 (0.79; 0.99)	<b>0.045</b>	≥ 3	0.52 (0.27; 1.02)	0.056
AI	0.89 (0.81; 0.98)	<b>0.024</b>	≥ 3.5	0.47 (0.26; 0.83)	<b>0.009</b>

(a), Multivariate lineal regression was performed to compare the serum values, which were log10-transformed; (b), Logistic regression was performed to compare categorical variables. These tests were adjusted by several epidemiological and clinical factors [age, gender, BMI, nadir CD4+, CD4+ T cells/μL, HIV plasma viral load, HCV plasma viral load, time on CART and specific antiretroviral drugs]. Statistically significant differences are shown in bold.

**Abbreviations:** AMR, arithmetic mean ratio (how many times greater is the value in the presence of CT/TT genotype versus CC genotype); OR, odds ratio (likelihood of having the outcome in the CT/TT genotype versus CC genotype); AI, atherogenic index; b, linear regression coefficient; CI, confidence interval; HDL-C, High-density lipoprotein cholesterol; LDL-C, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol.

**Supplementary Figure 1.** Distribution of HOMA values and insulin resistance (HOMA  $\geq 3.8$ ) according to *SLC30A8* rs13266634 genotypes (**A**) and stratified by liver fibrosis (**B**) among HIV/HCV coinfecting patients. The median (interquartile range) and p-values (unadjusted lineal regression analysis) are showed for HOMA values (**A<sub>1</sub>**, **B<sub>1</sub>**). The percentage of patients and p-values (unadjusted logistic regression analysis) are showed for HOMA  $\geq 3.8$  (**A<sub>2</sub>**, **B<sub>2</sub>**).



**Abbreviations:** F0/F1, no or mild fibrosis (Metavir); F $\geq 2$ , significant fibrosis (Metavir); HOMA, homeostatic model assessment method.