

## Supplemental Digital Content: 1 “Table 2”

**Table 2 Antiretroviral and cardiovascular drugs exposure among cases and controls**

	Control	Case		Control	Case		18 month cIMT missing subgroup
n	99	33	<i>p</i>	97	32	<i>p</i>	<i>p</i>
	Number of patients at the inclusion			Exposure (in days) during the study			
Lamivudine	74	18	0.04	352	315	NS	NS
Emtricitabine*	0	0	NS	48	107	0.04	NS
Zalcitabine*	1	0	NS	4	0	NS	NS
Zidovudine	51	4	<0.001	268	30	<0.001	<0.001
Tenofovir	25	14	0.07	129	299	<0.001	<0.001
Stavudine*	3	1	NS	8	25	NS	NS
Didanosine	10	10	0.01	52	192	<0.001	NS
Abacavir	20	7	NS	71	49	NS	NS
Indinavir*	1	0	NS	0	0	NS	NS
Lopinavir *	17	2	NS	87	18	0.04	<0.001
Fosamprenavir *	3	0	NS	23	8	NS	NS
Nelfinavir *	2	0	NS	12	0	NS	NS
Atazanavir	0	21	<0.001	8.7	483	<0.001	<0.001
Efavirenz	27	0	<0.001	141	0.4	<0.001	0.004
Nevirapine	22	2	0.04	110	44	NS	NS
Without HAART*	11	6	NS	25	8	NS	NS
Patients treated by, n	at the inclusion	at the last cIMT					
β blockers	3	0		4	0		
Calcium antagonists	1	0		2	0		
ACE inhibitors	2	1		2	1		
Fibrates	4	0		5	1		
Statins	6	2		7	2		
Insulin	1	1		1	1		
Biguanids	3	1		3	1		
Sulfamids	2	0		2	0		
Salicylic acid	5	2		4	2		
Anti coagulants	0	0		2	0		

i) Exposure to each antiretroviral drug: number of patients currently exposed at baseline and length of exposure (day) during the study. (The antiretroviral drugs to which none patient was exposed are not showed. All the protease inhibitors were ritonavir boosted.) ii) In the last column: sub-analysis of cases versus controls whose cIMT was not available at 18 months. The statistical analysis is provided only for information. Some samples are too small for  $\chi^2$  test (\*). NS: not significant ( $p>0.05$ ).