Table S1. List of the combined PNGS mutants.

Mutants	Mutated PNGS
M46	N625Q/N463Q
197M.1	N197D/N301Q
197M.2	N197D/N625Q
197M.3	N197D/N463Q
197M.4	N197D/N463Q/N442Q
197M.5	N197D/N463Q/N625Q
197M.6	N197D/N625Q/N442Q
197M.7	N197D/N625Q/N442Q/N339Q
197M.8	N197D/N463Q/N625Q/N442Q/N339Q/N448
197M.9	N197D/N463Q/N625Q/N442Q/N339Q
197M.10	N197D/N463Q/N625Q/N442Q/N339Q/N466Q
197M.11	N197D/N463Q/N625Q/N442Q/N339Q /N466Q/N611Q

Figure S1. The alignment of gp120/41 (gp160) amino acid sequences of FE strain of HIV-1 against the HXB2 reference strain. Conserved residues in FE are shown as dots below the HXb2 sequence, and non-conserved residues are written out for FE. Asterisks indicate the locations of PNGS 197 and 463, both of which are conserved.



Figure S2. The CD4bs nMAbs susceptibility for the Env mutants of B/AE-Env clones.

(A) B05, a clade B virus. B05 and all PNGS mutants were resistant to b12 at the highest concentration tested (25 μ g/mL MAbs) (B) GX74.20, a clade AE virus. The data represent the means of three independent experiments, and the error bars indicate the standard deviations from the means.

