Table S1, SDC. Clinical and demographic characteristics in patients who either received a kidney transplantation or were on the waitlist at any time during follow-up.

	Wait-listed patients	KT patients	P value
	(n=1876)	(n=1975)	
Mean age, y. Males, % Cardiac disease*, % Peripheral vascular disease, % Hemiplegia, % Chronic pulmonary disease, % Connective tissue disorder, % Diabetes, % Mild liver disease^, % HIV positive, % Peptic ulcer, % Any tumor without metastasis, % Hemodialysis at entry, % Central venous catheter, % Previous transplant, % Late referral, % Unemployed status, % CCI score >3, %	$56.4\pm13 62.5 11.5 11.4 3.4 8 6 21 5 1.4 3.5 4 83 42 8.2 28 65.5 60 00$	$50\pm13 63.6 4 4.8 0.8 2.4 2.4 13 2 0.3 2.2 2 77 27 3.6 21.5 50.5 38.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1$	<0.001 0.492 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001
Median time on dialysis (IR), <i>mo.</i> Median time in wait-list (IR), <i>mo</i> .	27 (12-48) 24 (12-44)	20 (11-34) 19 (10-33)	<0.001 <0.001

*Cardiac disease was considered as heart failure or myocardial infarction. ^Mild liver disease was considered as the presence of hepatitis B surface antigen or positive hepatitis C virus antibodies without cirrhosis.

** A 6-month cut-off time was defined for late referral to the nephrologist ^Unemployed status was considered as unemployed or retired because of age

or disability Abbreviations: HIV, human immunodeficiency virus; CCI, Charlson comorbidity index; KT, kidney transplantation; IR, interquartile range. **Table S2, SDC**. Comparison of clinical data between patients who died, patients who remained alive on waitlist and kidney transplant recipients

	Death (n=446)	Wait-listed patients (n=1430)	KT recipients (n=1975)	Р value ⁺
Mean age, <i>y</i> .	60±11	55±13	50±13	<0.001
Males, %	63.7	62.2	63.1	0.669
Cardiac disease*, %	20.2	8.7	4	<0.001
Peripheral vascular disease, %	21.5	8.3	4.8	<0.001
Hemiplegia, %	3.1	3.5	0.8	<0.001
Chronic pulmonary disease, %	10.8	7.0	2.4	<0.001
Connective tissue disorder, %	6.3	5.9	2.4	<0.001
Diabetes, %	33	17	13	<0.001
Mild liver disease [^] , %	7.2	4.1	2	<0.001
HIV positive, %	1.6	1.3	0.3	<0.001
Peptic ulcer, %	6.1	2.7	2.2	<0.001
Any tumor without metastasis, %	6.3	3.4	2	<0.001
Hemodialysis at entry, %	89.9	81.3	77	<0.001
Central venous catheter, %	53.6	39.5	27	<0.001
Previous transplant, %	8.1	8.2	3.6	<0.001
Late referral, %	33.2	26.8	21.5	<0.001
Unemployed status, %	77.1	61.8	50.5	<0.001
CCI score >3, %	78.7	54.2	38.3	<0.001
Median time on dialysis (IR), mo.	17 (7-35)	30(15-54)	20 (11-34)	<0.001
Median time in wait-list (IR), <i>mo</i> .	16 (6-34)	27 (14-47)	19 (10-33)	<0.001

⁺ANOVA for continuous variables and chi-square test for categorical data

*Cardiac disease was considered as heart failure or myocardial infarction.

^Mild liver disease was considered as the presence of hepatitis B surface antigen or positive hepatitis C virus antibodies without cirrhosis.

** A 6-month cutoff time was defined as late referral to nephrologist

^^Unemployed status was considered as unemployed or retired because of age or disability

Abbreviations: HIV, human immunodeficiency virus; CCI, Charlson comorbidity index; KT, kidney transplantation; IR, interquartile range