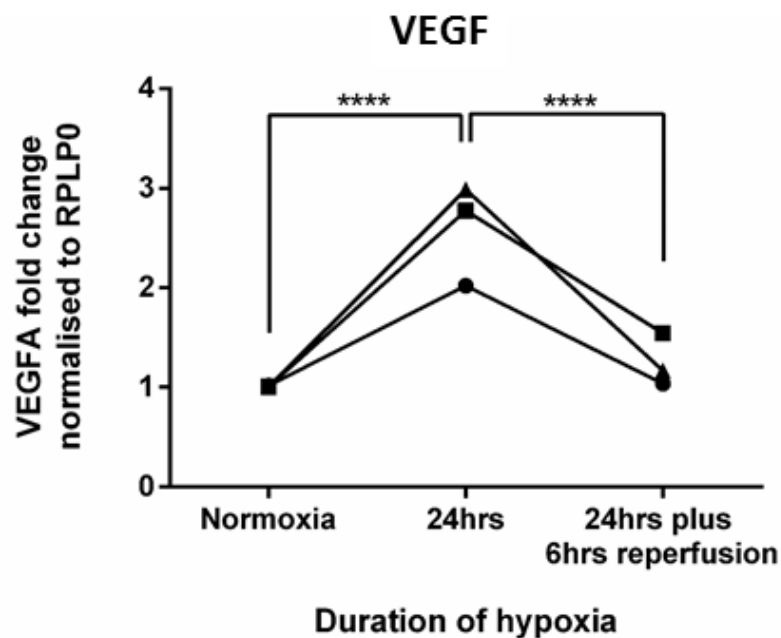
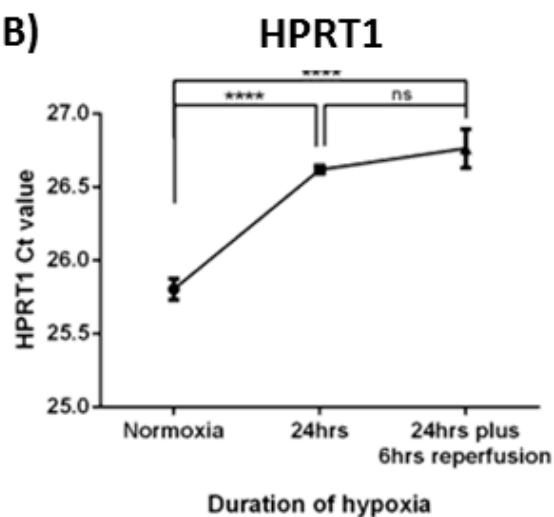


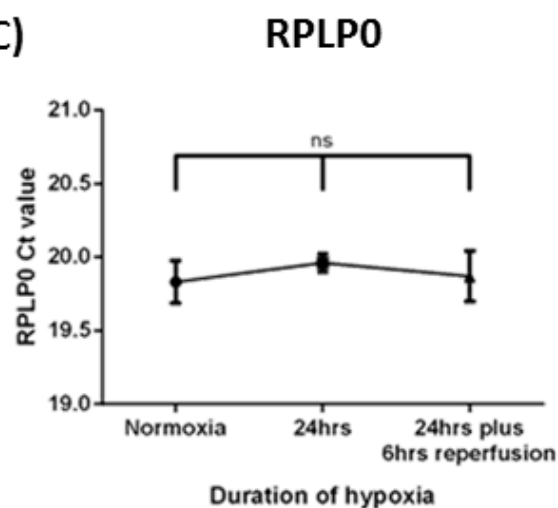
A)



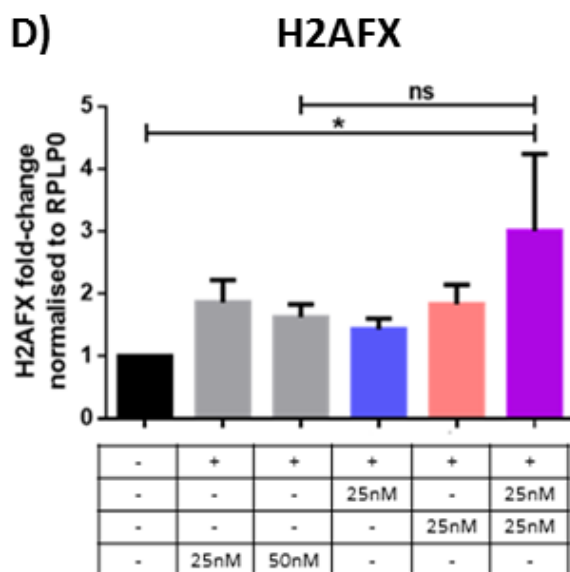
B)



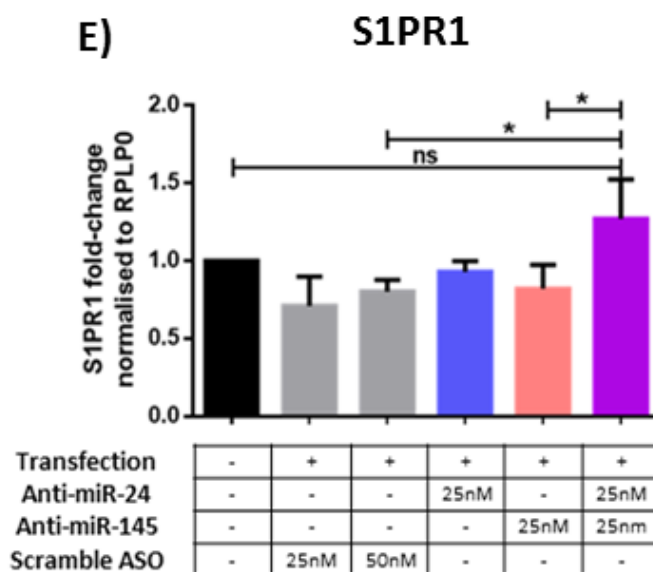
C)



D)

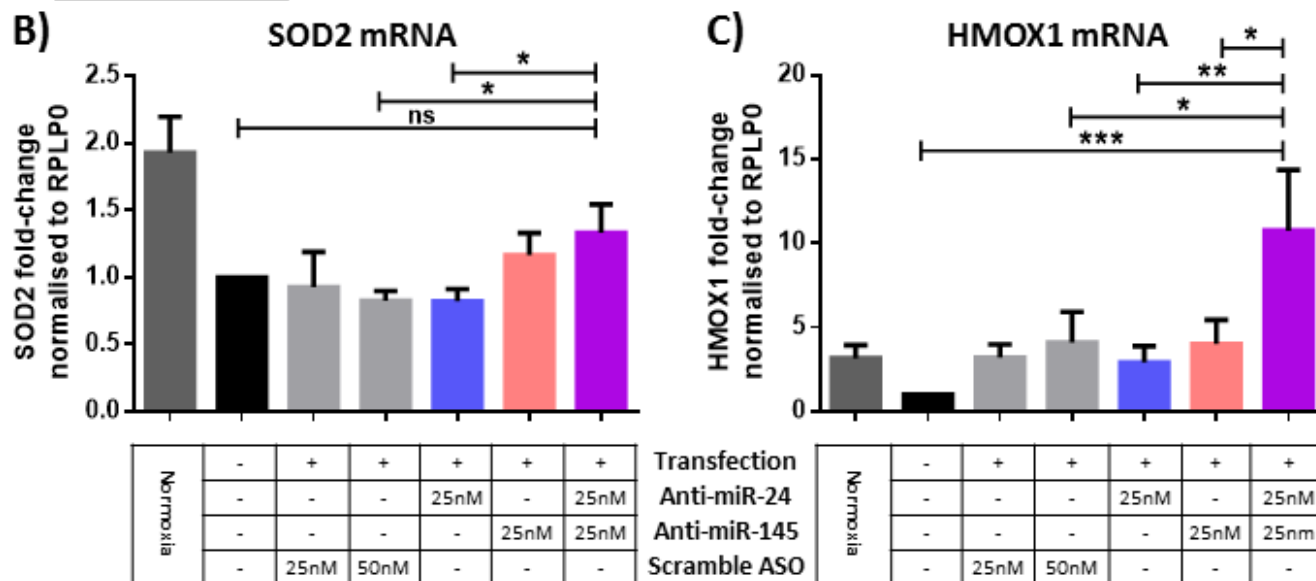
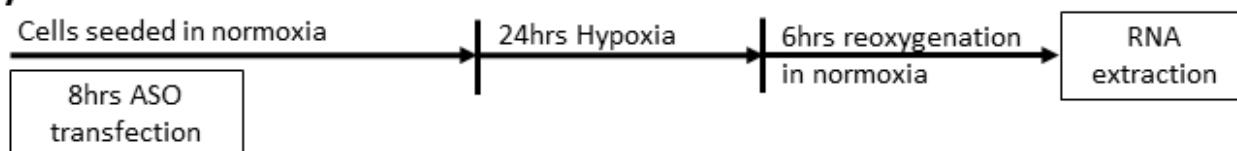


E)



*Supplementary Digital Content Figure S1 - A) VEGF is significantly upregulated following 24 hours in our hypoxic chamber (1% oxygen), and returns to normal following a subsequent 6 hours of reoxygenation. B&C) represent changes in Ct values of candidate reference genes following 24 hours of hypoxia and a subsequent 6 hours of reoxygenation. Each displays three biological replicates, and they are representative of three independent experiments. B) Significant changes in the Ct value of HPRT1 ($P<0.0001$). C) Ct value of RPLP0 does not change significantly ($P=0.516$). D&E) Transfection with anti-miR-24-3p and anti-miR-145-5p ASO prior to hypoxia and reoxygenation with graphs displaying RT-qPCR fold change in H2AFX and S1PR1 mRNA, normalised to RPLP0. D) Fold change in H2AFX ($p=0.016$). E) Fold change in S1PR1 ($p=0.008$). All experiments were performed using HUVECs. ns : non-significant ($p>0.05$), * : $P\leq 0.05$, ** : $P\leq 0.01$, *** : $P\leq 0.0001$.*

A) ASO treatment timeline



Supplementary Digital Content Figure S2 - Transfection with anti-miR-24-3p and anti-miR-145-5p ASO prior to hypoxia and reoxygenation. A) ASO treatment timeline. B) and C) RT-qPCR fold change in SOD2 and HMOX1 mRNA, normalised to RPLP0, including a normoxia control.