

Table e-1. Characteristics of the original Health2000 study population and of the participants of the present PET study at baseline in 2000.

<i>Baseline demographics</i>	<i>Health 2000 study population</i>	<i>Follow-up PET-study</i>	<i>p-value</i>
<i>n</i>	6062	60	
<i>women (n/%)</i>	3262 / 55.0	33 / 55.0	0.93
<i>age at baseline (years)</i>	52.5 ±14.7	55.4 ±3.3	<0.0001
<i>education (years)</i>	11.2 ±4.1	12.0 ±4.1	0.15
<i>APOEε4 genotype (n/%)</i>	1781 / 32.1	30 / 50.0	0.002
<i>HOMA-IR</i>	2.22 ±4.26	1.97 ±1.23	0.51
<i>BMI (kg/m²)</i>	26.9 ±4.6	27.5 ±4.0	0.33
<i>HbA_{1c} (%)</i>	5.3 ±0.5	5.2 ±0.3	0.69
<i>Total cholesterol (mmol/l)</i>	5.9 ±1.1	6.2 ±1.0	0.06
<i>HDL cholesterol (mmol/l)</i>	1.33 ±0.37	1.39 ±0.39	0.24
<i>Triglycerides (mmol/l)</i>	1.57 ±1.02	1.49 ±0.78	0.88
<i>Hypertension</i>	2816/47.6	31/51.7	0.44
<i>Current smoking (n/%)</i>	1269/21.5	9/15.0	0.24

The results are shown as mean ±SD, unless otherwise stated. P-values for differences between the participants of this PIB-PET follow-up study and the participants of the Health 2000 survey. Differences between the continuous variables are assessed with Student's *t*-test, and between categorical variables with Pearson's ChiSquare test. A logarithmic transformation (log_e) is used of HOMA-IR, HbA_{1c} and triglycerides in the analyses.