Vascular Cognitive Impairment in Patients with CADASIL



Some patients with cerebral autosomal dominant arteriopathy with subcortical infarcts and leukoencephalopathy (CADASIL) exhibit impaired cognition

Healthy

controls

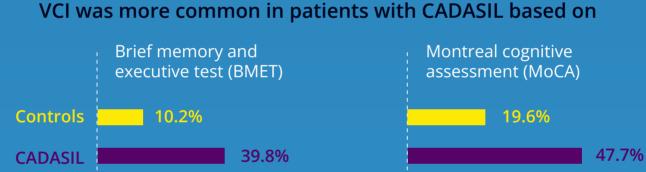
(n = 265)

What are the prevalence of and risk factors associated with vascular cognitive impairment (VCI) in patients with CADASIL?

Cross-sectional study to determine VCI and its associations in

Patients with **CADASIL** (n = 176)

"ເປັນ" "ເປັນໃນໃນໄປ



Factors associated with cognitive impairment in patients with CADASIL after adjusting for age and sex

			Oc	Odds ratio	
			BMET	MoCA	
		Stroke	2.12 (1.05, 4.27) p = 0.04	2.55 (1.21, 5.41) <i>p</i> = 0.01	
VC	6	count ev binary lo	ned lacune aluated via 1.63 (1.10, 2.41) gistic <i>p</i> = 0.014 on analyses		

Patients with CADASIL have a high prevalence of VCI, with stroke and MRI-defined lacune count being independent VCI risk factors

