Supplemental digital content for Martinez W, Bell SK, Etchegaray JM, Lehmann, LS. Measuring moral courage for interns and residents: Scale development and initial psychometrics. Acad Med.

## **Supplemental Digital Appendix 1**

## **Survey Questionnaire**

**Note:** The moral courage scale items were embedded into a much larger questionnaire about "speaking up" about patient safety concerns and patient safety culture. The larger questionnaire addressed several different research aims/study foci including assessment of patient safety climates and professionalism climates. Appendix 1 presents all the sections of the questionnaire relevant to the present study.

## INTRODUCTION

Please read the instructions at the beginning of each section carefully.

Please answer each question honestly. Neither the investigators nor residency or hospital leadership will have access to any individual's results.

**Instructions:** Please answer the following questions about your last month on an inpatient service.

**Patient safety breach** refers to an act or omission that unnecessarily increases the risk of accidental or preventable injuries produced by medical care.

**Examples include but are not limited to:** unrecognized contamination of a sterile field; failure to adhere to contact precautions or proper hand hygiene; disregarding drug interaction warnings without adequate knowledge of risk involved; performing or supervising a procedure when inadequately prepared or trained to do so; disregarding safety rules (e.g., procedural time out); incomplete pass off between providers.

1.	During your last month on an inpatient service, how many times did you:	<u>0</u>	<u>1-2</u>	<u>3-4</u>	<u>5-6</u>	<u>&gt;6</u>
	a. Observed a patient safety breach?					
	b. Discussed the patient safety breach you observed with the person(s) involved?					

**Instructions:** Please indicate the extent of your agreement or disagreement with each of the following statements.

		Strongly Disagree	Moderately Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Slightly Agree	Moderately Agree	Strongly Agree
1.	An important component of the relationship with my patients is my understanding of							

	urage for interns and residents: Scale develo	pment and	1					
	their emotional status, as well as that of their families.							
2.	I try to understand what is going on in my patients' minds by paying attention to their non-verbal cues and body language.							
3.	I believe that empathy is an important therapeutic factor in medical or surgical treatment.							
4.	Empathy is a therapeutic skill without which success in treatment is limited.							
5.	My patients value my understanding of their feelings which is therapeutic in its own right.							
6.	My patients feel better when I understand their feelings.							
	e above six items of the Jefferson Scale of P	•			-			
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Re Ur	esearch in Medical Education and Health Car niversity.  structions: Please indicate the extent of you	r agreeme	Kimmel Ment or disag	Medical ( greement	with each	t Thoma	s Jefferson following  Moderately	Strongly
Re Ur	esearch in Medical Education and Health Car niversity.  structions: Please indicate the extent of you	re, Sidney	Kimmel M	Medical (	with each	t Thoma	s Jefferson	1
In sta	esearch in Medical Education and Health Carniversity.  structions: Please indicate the extent of you attements.  I am determined to do the right thing for my	r agreeme Strongly Disagree	Kimmel Ment or disag	Medical ( greement  Slightly Disagree	with each	t Thoma	s Jefferson following  Moderately	Strongly
In sta	structions: Please indicate the extent of you attements.  I am determined to do the right thing for my patients.  My patients and colleagues can rely on me to	r agreeme Strongly Disagree	Kimmel Ment or disag	Medical ( greement  Slightly  Disagree	with each	t Thoma	s Jefferson following  Moderately	Strongly

5. I use a guiding set of principles from my

profession to help determine the right thing to

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do for my patients.

	do for my patients.							
6.	I do what is right for my patients, even if it puts me at risk (e.g., legal risk, risk to reputation, etc).							
7.	To avoid conflict with others, I do not bring forward ethical concerns regarding my patients' care.							
8.	I follow the law regardless of whether it is the right thing to do for my patient.							
9.	I do what is right for my patients because it is the ethical thing to do.							
10.	I go above and beyond what is required to do what is right for my patients.							
11.	I can be swayed from doing the right thing for my patients by fear or anxiety.							
12.	When I do the right thing for my patients, my motives are pure.							
Ins	Instructions: Please answer the following demographic questions.							
1.	Age range?  □ <25 □ 25-29 □ 30-34 □ 35-39 □ 40+							
2.	Your gender?  ☐ Female ☐ Male							
3.	What institution is your residency program at ☐ Study site A ☐ Study site B ☐ Study site A/B, dual affiliation	ffiliated v	with? <sup>a</sup>					
4.	What is the specialty of the residency program  ☐ Medical [Includes internal medicine, med-pe ☐ Surgical [Includes general surgery, obstetrications]	eds, med-	derm, med-	genetics,			gery, urolo	ogy]

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5.	What is your level of training?  □ PGY-1 □ PGY-2 □ PGY-3 □ PGY-4 □ PGY-5 □ PGY-6
	□ PGY-7 or greater
6.	To what extent do you consider yourself a religious person?  ☐ Not at all religious ☐ Somewhat religious ☐ Moderately religious ☐ Very religious

## **Supplemental Digital Appendix 2**

Factor Loadings, Internal Consistency, Mean Likert-scale Scores, and Item-Total Score Correlations of Six Jefferson Scale of Physician Empathy "Perspective Taking" Items for 352 Interns and Residents, 2013<sup>a</sup>

		Factor <sup>b</sup>		
Ite	em -	1	Mean (SD)	<b>R</b> <sup>c</sup>
1.	An important component of the relationship with my patients is my understanding of their emotional status, as well as that of their families.	0.84	6.24 (1.03)	0.77
2.	I try to understand what is going on in my patients' minds by paying attention to their nonverbal cues and body language.	0.86	6.28 (0.96)	0.80
3.	I believe that empathy is an important therapeutic factor in medical or surgical treatment.	0.87	6.44 (0.88)	0.81
4.	Empathy is a therapeutic skill without which success in treatment is limited.	0.80	5.94 (1.21)	0.71
5.	My patients value my understanding of their feelings which is therapeutic in its own right.	0.87	6.03 (1.08)	0.81
6.	My patients feel better when I understand their feelings.	0.87	6.24 (0.97)	0.80

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>We do not mention the sites by name in this published report. We wish to keep them anonymous.

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Eigenvalue	4.37
% variance	73%
Alpha reliability estimate	0.92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The six "perspective-taking" items of the Jefferson Scale of Physician Empathy are used with permission from the Center for Research in Medical Education and Health Care, Sidney Kimmel Medical College at Thomas Jefferson University

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Rotation not possible with 1 factor.

 $<sup>^{</sup>c}r = All of the item-total score correlations are statistically significant (<math>P < .001$ ).