Supplemental Digital Content 2

Effects of Propofol-induced Unconsciousness on Permutation Entropy (PeEn)

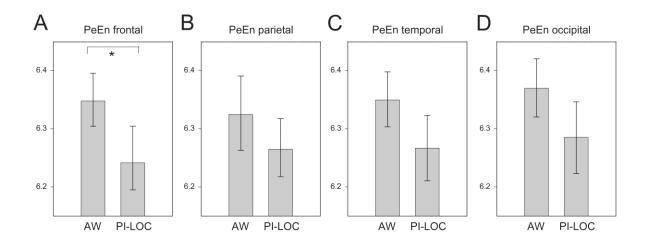


Fig. 1. PeEn at wakefulness (AW) and at propofol-induced unconsciousness (PI-LOC). The plots show values of PeEn in frontal (18 electrodes corresponding to Fp1-FC6 according to the 10-20 scheme; A), parietal (14 electrodes, P11-PO8; B), temporal (12 electrodes, FT1-TP12; C) and occipital (8 electrodes, O9-I12; D) in all 15 subjects (median and interquartile range). * Significant changes of PeEn between AW and PI-LOC at corrected threshold p < 0.05 (area under the receiver characteristic curve / 95% two-sided percentile bootstrap confidence intervals).

Effects of Propofol-induced Unconsciousness on Symbolic Transfer Entropy (STEn_{$X\to Y$}), STEn_{$X\to Y$}) and Directionality Index STEn.

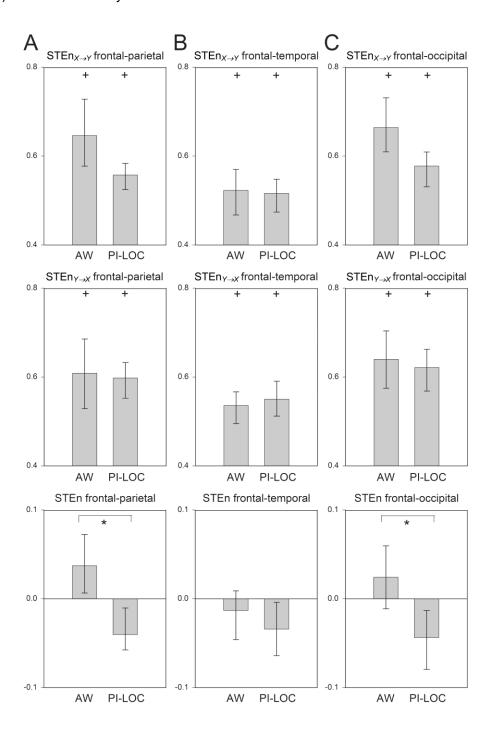


Fig. 2. Symbolic transfer entropy $(STEn_{X\to Y}, STEn_{Y\to X})$ and directionality index STEn at wakefulness (AW) and at propofol-induced unconsciousness (PI-LOC). The plots show values of the indices in frontal-parietal (A), frontal-temporal (B) and frontal-occipital (C) electrodes (frontal: 18 electrodes corresponding to Fp1-FC6 according to the 10-20 scheme; parietal: 14 electrodes, P11-

PO8; temporal: 12 electrodes, FT1-TP12; occipital: 8 electrodes, O9-I12) in all 15 subjects (median and interquartile range). $STEn_{X\to Y}$ indicates directed interaction from frontal to parietal (A), frontal to temporal (B) and frontal to occipital electrodes (C), $STEn_{Y\to X}$ in the reversed direction. $STEn = STEn_{X\to Y} - STEn_{Y\to X}$ indicates the predominant direction (STEn > 0: feedback, STEn < 0: feedforward). * Significant changes of STEn between AW and PI-LOC at corrected threshold p < 0.05 (area under the receiver characteristic curve / 95% two-sided percentile bootstrap confidence intervals). + $STEn_{X\to Y}$, $STEn_{Y\to X} > 0$ at corrected threshold p < 0.05.