Supplemental Table 1. Characteristics of patients with AKI according to the time of AKI occurrence

	Within 7 days (N=40)		More than 7 days (N=59)	
	No.	Summary	No.	Summary
Clinical characteristics				
Age, years	40	66 (57-73)	59	67 (61-78)
Male patients, No (%)	40	32 (80)	59	35 (59)
Fever on admission, No (%)	34	14 (41)	47	9 (19)
Systolic blood pressure, mmHg	38	137 (124-149)	55	134 (118-146)
Diastolic blood pressure, mmHg	38	82 (73-91)	55	80 (74-87)
Severe disease, No (%)	40	29 (73)	59	40 (68)
Smoking, No (%)	40	4 (10)	59	8 (14)
Any comorbidity, No (%)	40	26 (65)	59	30 (51)
Chronic kidney disease, No (%)	40	2 (5)	59	2 (3)
Chronic lung disease, No (%)	40	6 (15)	59	5 (8)
Diabetes, No (%)	40	7 (18)	59	16 (27)
Hypertension, No (%)	40	18 (45)	59	22 (37)
Tumor, No (%)	40	2 (5)	59	3 (5)
Laboratory data				
Blood urea nitrogen, mg/dL	40	29 (16-55)	59	19 (14-27)
Serum creatinine, mg/dL	40	1.1 (0.8-1.6)	59	0.9 (0.7-1.1)
eGFR, ml/min/1.73m^2	40	71 (38-92)	59	81 (70-93)
eGFR< 60 ml/min/1.73m^2, No (%)	40	18 (45)	59	8 (14)
Hematuria	17	5 (29)	26	11 (42)
1+	17	5 (29)	26	9 (35)
2+~3+	17	7 (41)	26	6 (23)
Proteinuria	17	2 (12)	26	4 (15)
1+	17	9 (53)	26	19 (73)
2+~3+	17	6 (35)	26	3 (12)
Lymphopenia, No (%)	40	34 (85)	59	47 (80)
Anemia, No (%)	40	22 (55)	59	25 (42)
D-dimer > 0.5 mg/L, No (%)	39	37 (95)	57	53 (93)
hs-CRP ≥ 10mg/L, No (%)	39	38 (97)	57	52 (91)
LDH > 245U/L, No (%)	40	36 (90)	59	49 (83)
Outcomes				
Intensive care unit, %	40	31 (78)	59	45 (76)
Mechanical ventilation, %	40	32 (80)	59	48 (81)
Non-invasive, No (%)	40	24 (60)	59	44 (75)
Invasive, No (%)	40	24 (60)	59	37 (63)
Vasopressor, No (%)	40	33 (83)	59	42 (72)
ECMO, No (%)	40	1 (3)	59	5 (8)
Hospital length of stay, days	40	9 (5-13)	59	24 (18-38)
In-hospital mortality, No (%)	40	33 (83)	59	38 (64)

Clinical characteristics and laboratory data were assessed on admission. Values for categorical variables are given as count (percentage); values for continuous variables are given as median (interquartile range). AKI, acute kidney

injury; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; hs-CRP, high-sensitivity c-reactive protein; LDH, lactose dehydrogenase. Severe disease was defined as either: (i) respiratory rate > 30/min, or (ii) oxygen saturation ≤ 93%, or (iii) PaO2/FiO2 ratio ≤ 300mmHg. Lymphopenia is defined as lymphocyte count less than 1.0×10^9/L. Anemia is defined as hemoglobin level of less than 13 g/dL in men and as hemoglobin of less than 12 g/dL in women.