Title: Incidence, Severity and Outcomes of Acute Kidney Injury Associated with Dual Renin-Angiotensin System Blockade

Supplemental Material

- Supplemental Table 1
- Supplemental Table 2
- Supplemental Table 3

Supplementary Table 1: Dose of study therapy at time of development of acute kidney injury

	Monotherapy	Combination Therapy	P-Value	
Episodes of AKI with data	104	187		
Losartan dose			0.77	
None	21 (20.2%)	42 (22.5%)		
50 mg daily	2 (1.9%)	2 (1.1%)		
100 mg daily	81 (77.9%)	143 (76.5%)		
Lisinopril/Placebo dose			0.15	
None	34 (32.7%)	7%) 63 (33.7%)		
10 mg daily	3 (2.9%)	17 (9.1%)		
20 mg daily	5 (4.8%)	13 (7.0%)		
40 mg daily	62 (59.6%)	94 (50.3%)		

Supplementary Table 2: Change in dose of study medications after episode of AKI

	Monotherapy	Combination Therapy	P-Value	
Episodes of AKI with data	104	187		
Losartan			0.22	
On no drug prior to and after event	18 (17.3%)	42 (22.5%)		
Drug discontinued or dose reduced	57 (54.8%)	83 (44.4%)		
Dose unchanged or dose increased	29 (27.9%)	62 (33.2%)		
Lisinopril/Placebo dose			0.80	
On no drug prior to and after event	32 (30.8%)	63 (33.7)		
Drug discontinued or dose reduced	48 (46.2%)	79 (42.2%)		
Dose unchanged or dose increased	24 (23.1%)	45 (24.1%)		

Supplementary Table 3: Relationship between AKI and development of study endpoints*

Endpoint	Patients with AKI	Patients without AKI	Hazard Ratio	95% Confidence Interval	<i>P</i> -Value
All Patients		1	1		1
Death, ESRD or	67/189	217/1259	1.78	1.34-2.36	<0.001
decline in eGFR [†]	(35.5%)	(17.2%)			
ESRD or decline in	40/189	138/1259	1.25	0.96-1.64	0.10
eGFR [†]	(21.2%)	(11.0%)			
ESRD	23/203	47/1245	2.00	1.20-3.34	0.008
	(11.3%)	(3.8%)			
Death	34/210	89/1238	1.97	1.31-2.97	<0.001
	(16.2%)	(7.2%)			
Monotherapy Arm§			1		
Death, ESRD or	32/71	120/653	2.2	1.5-3.3	<0.001
decline in eGFR [†]	(45.1%)	(18.4%)			
Combination Therap	y Arm [§]	1			
Death, ESRD or	35/118	97/606	1.5	1.0-2.2	0.54
decline in eGFR [†]	(29.7%)	(16.0%)			

^{*}Time-dependent analysis including AKI events occurring prior to reaching any component of the primary study endpoint, adjusted for treatment group, baseline eGFR and albuminuria; Data presented as number of patients with endpoint/number of patients at risk (%)

[†]Decline in eGFR defined as an fall in eGFR of >30 mL/min/1.73 m² if the eGFR was ≥60 mL/min/1.73 m² at randomization or a decrease in eGFR of >50% if the eGFR was <60 mL/min/1.73 m² at randomization.

[§]*P*-value for interaction of treatment arm x AKI = 0.14