

Association of serum phosphate with efficacy of statin therapy in hemodialysis patients

Supplemental Material

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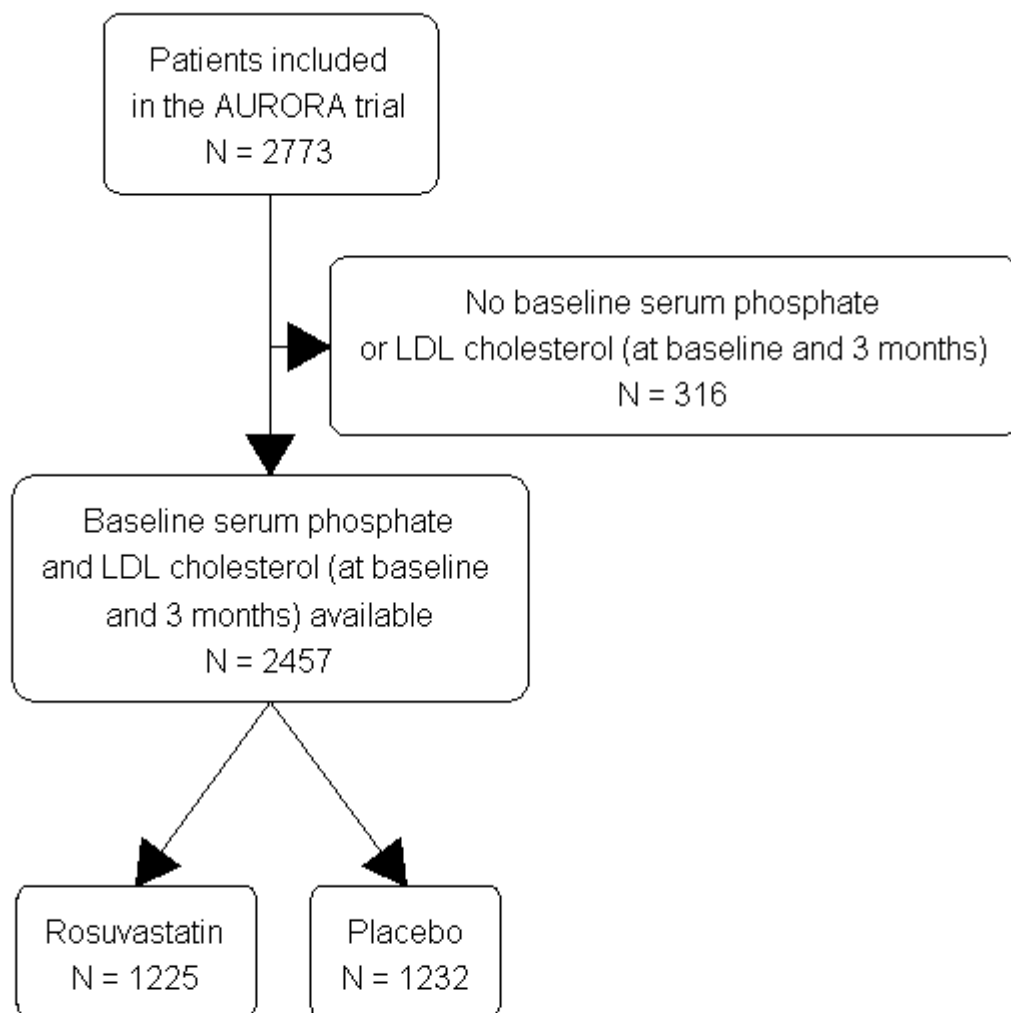
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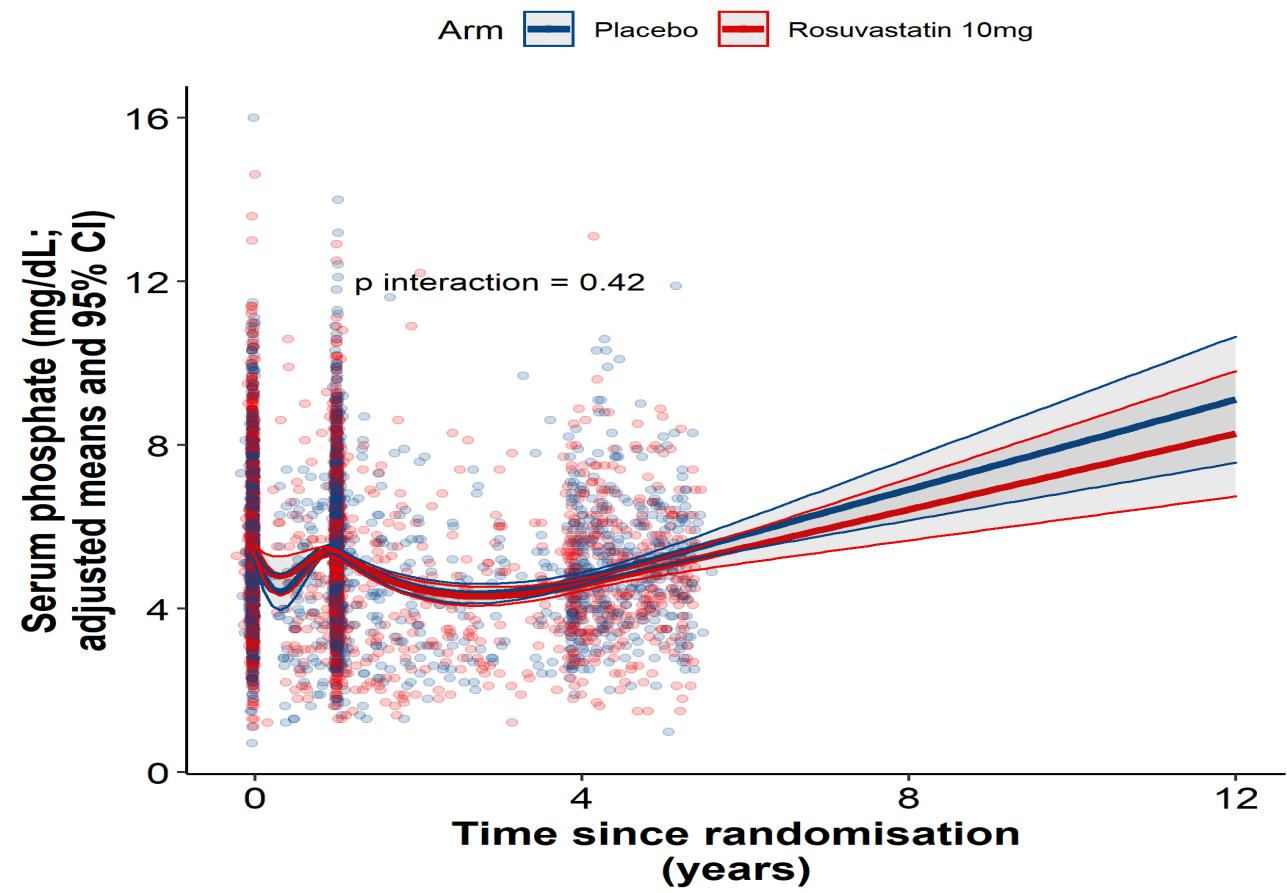
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Supplemental Figure 1: Flow chart of the study in AURORA Trial



Supplemental Figure 2: Evolution of serum phosphate over time in relation to treatment



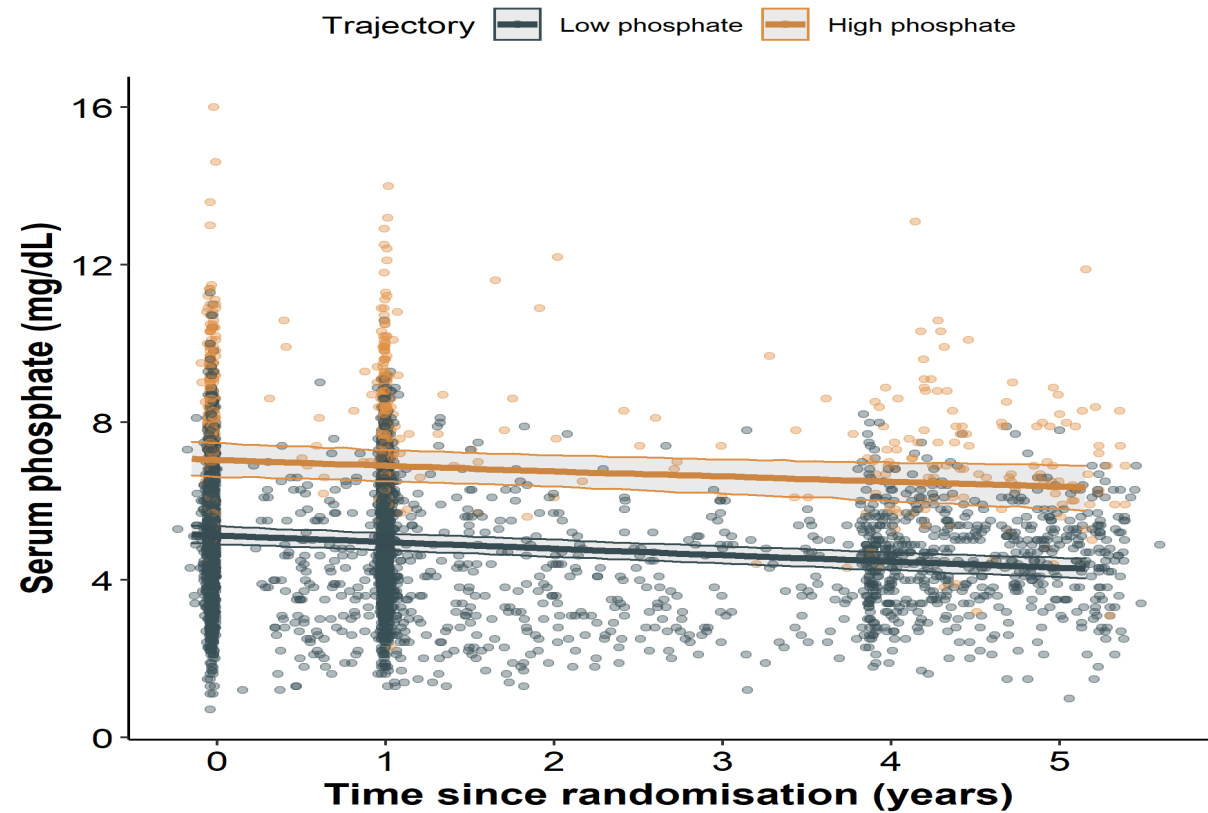
Supplemental Table 1: Comparison of different grouping models for serum phosphate trajectories

G	npm	AIC	BIC	SABIC	entropy	%class1	%class 2	%class3	%class 4
1	8	21,696.4	21,742.9	21,717.4	1.0	100.0			
2	11	21,672.0	21,735.9	21,700.9	0.5	87.0	13.0		
3	14	21,678.0	21,759.3	21,714.8	0.2	19.6	80.4	0.0	
4	17	21,675.9	21,774.7	21,720.6	0.5	13.5	86.0	0.5	0.0

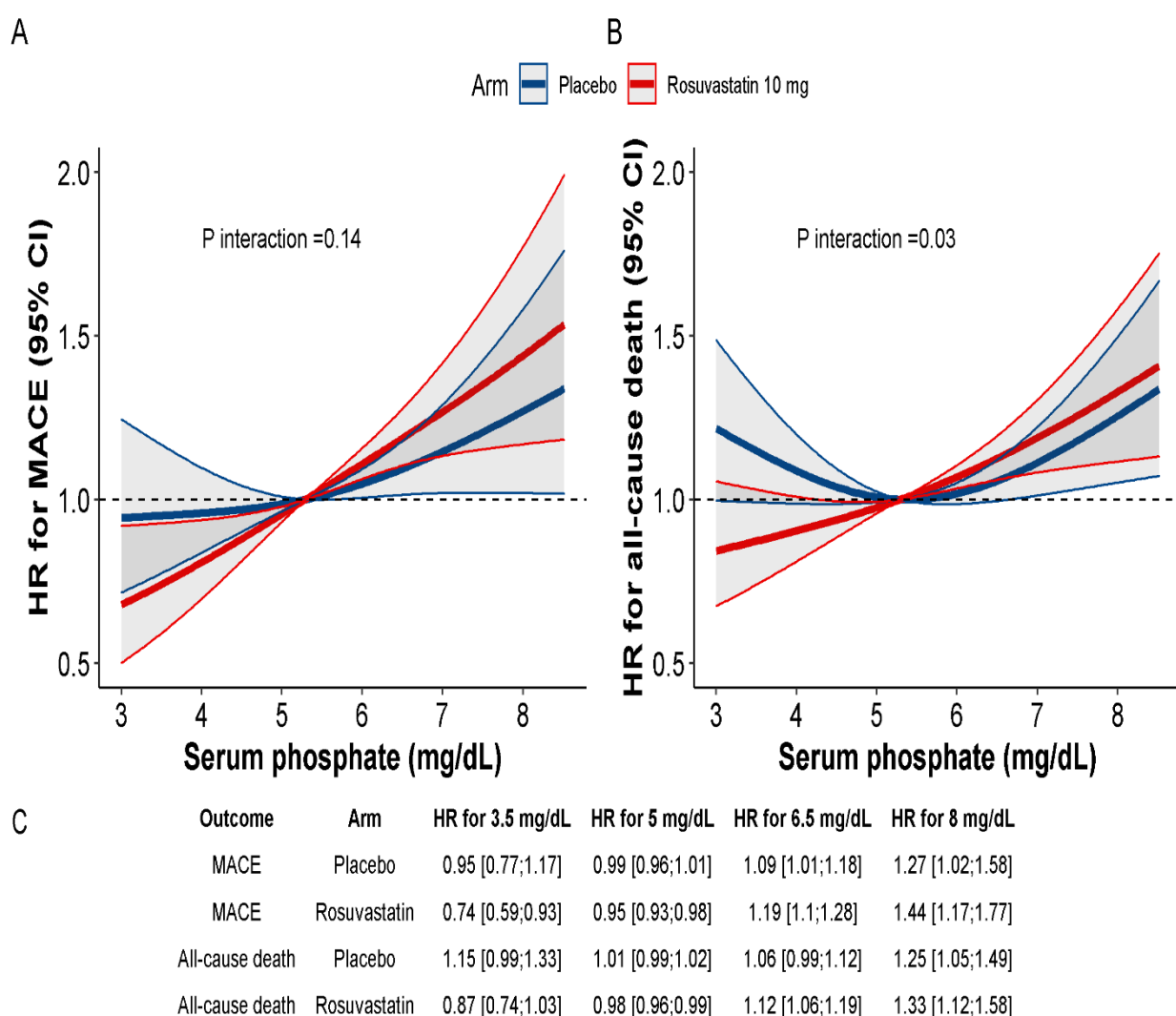
All models were run with a beta link function, which was the best trade-off to model the data. G is the number groups of modeled; npm the number of parameters; entropy is a measure of classification accuracy.

All statistics agree on the fact that the 2-group model is the best.

Supplemental Figure 3: Serum phosphate trajectories over time using latent class mixed models. Data were mostly available at baseline (N = 2457), one-year (N = 1939) and close-out (N = 1314).

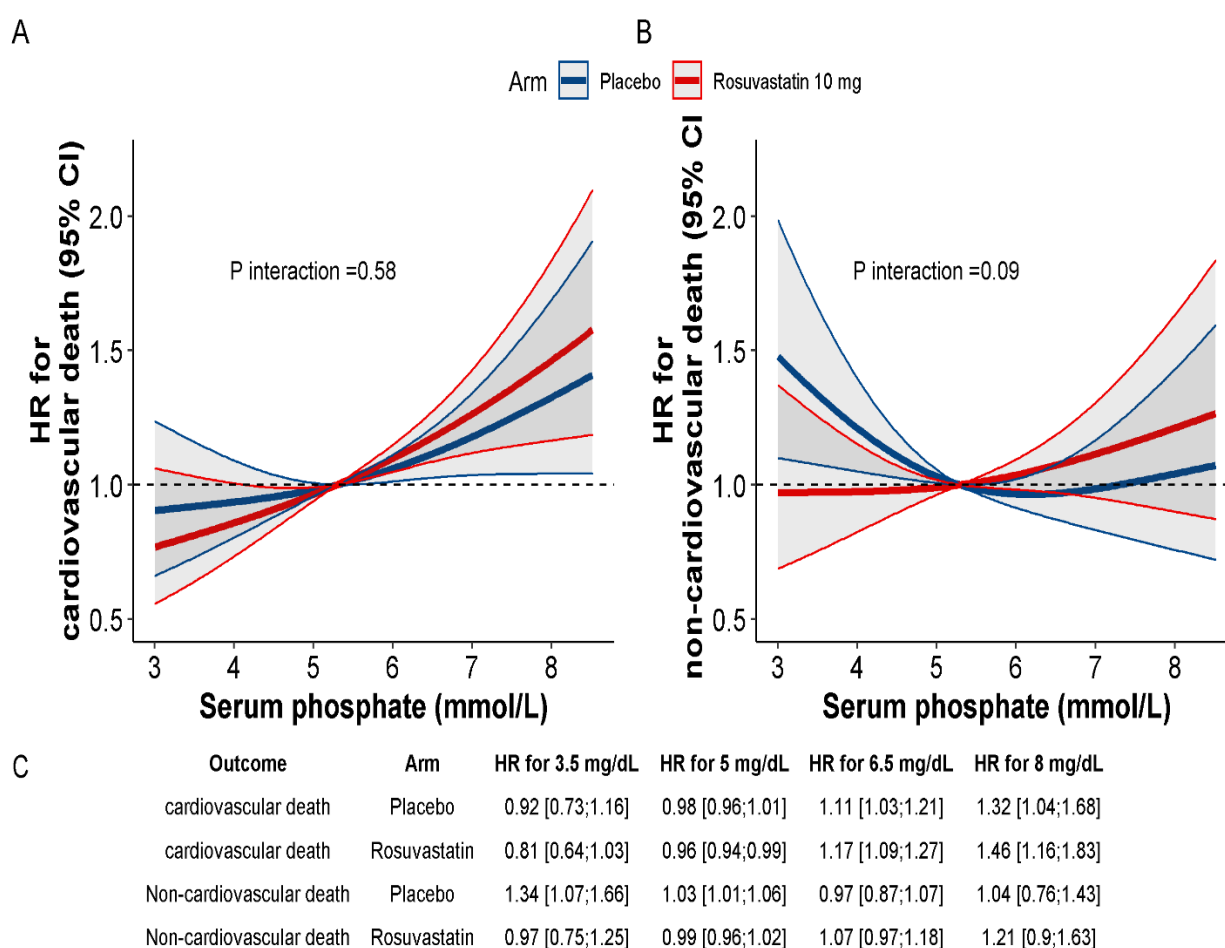


Supplemental Figure 4: Effect of time-dependent serum phosphate levels changes (non-linear) on outcomes in relation to treatment in the AURORA trial. A) MACE. B) All-cause death. C) HR for specific phosphate values. Models contained the interaction between statin treatment and non-linear time-dependent serum phosphate levels and were adjusted for age, sex, smoking status, diabetes, cardiovascular history, mean blood pressure, C reactive protein and time-dependent LDL, and phosphate was modeled using a restricted cubic spline with the median value of 5.29 mg/dL as reference.



Supplemental Figure 5: Effect of time-dependent serum phosphate levels changes (non-linear) on outcomes in relation to treatment.

A) cardiovascular death (N = 558); B) non-cardiovascular death (N = 452); C) HR for specific phosphate values. Models contained the interaction between statin treatment and non-linear time-dependent serum phosphate levels and were adjusted for age, sex, smoking status, diabetes, cardiovascular history, mean BP, CRP and time-dependent LDL, and phosphate was modeled using a restricted cubic spline with the median value of 5.29 mg/dl as reference.



Supplemental Table 2: Interaction between baseline phosphate and rosuvastatin for both MACE and all-cause death outcomes

			MACE (N = 692 events)	All-cause death (N = 1115 events)			
Model	Effect	N event/N per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event/N per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value
Without time-dep. LDL adjustment							
	Treatment effect for T1 baseline phosphate	210/835	0.77 [0.59;1.01]	0.06	373/835	0.81 [0.66;0.99]	0.04
	Treatment effect for T2 baseline phosphate	229/844	1.08 [0.83;1.4]	0.57	367/844	1.04 [0.85;1.28]	0.68
	Treatment effect for T3 baseline phosphate	253/778	0.98 [0.77;1.26]	0.90	375/778	1.06 [0.87;1.3]	0.54
			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.20			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.11	
	Effect of baseline phosphate in Placebo group	357/1232	1.09 [1.02;1.16]	0.01	573/1232	1.03 [0.98;1.09]	0.24
	Effect of baseline phosphate in Rosuvastatin group	335/1225	1.12 [1.06;1.19]	<0.001	542/1225	1.09 [1.04;1.14]	<0.001
			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.49			P for interaction (cont.phosphate) = 0.13	
With time-dep. LDL adjustment							
	Treatment effect for T1 baseline phosphate	210/835	0.71 [0.53;0.94]	0.02	373/835	0.69 [0.56;0.86]	<0.001

Model	Effect	MACE (N = 692 events)			All-cause death (N = 1115 events)		
		N event/N per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event/N per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value
	Treatment effect for T2 baseline phosphate	229/844	0.98 [0.75;1.29]	0.91	367/844	0.9 [0.73;1.11]	0.33
	Treatment effect for T3 baseline phosphate	253/778	0.9 [0.69;1.16]	0.40	375/778	0.91 [0.74;1.13]	0.39
			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.21			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.11	
	Effect of baseline phosphate in Placebo group	357/1232	1.09 [1.02;1.16]	0.01	573/1232	1.03 [0.98;1.09]	0.24
	Effect of baseline phosphate in Rosuvastatin group	335/1225	1.12 [1.06;1.19]	<0.001	542/1225	1.09 [1.04;1.14]	<0.001
			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.51			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.14	

MACE: Major cardiovascular event (nonfatal myocardial infarction, nonfatal stroke, or death from cardiovascular causes); HR: hazard ratio; CI: confidence interval.
Models were adjusted for age, sex, smoking status, diabetes, CV history, mean BP and CRP.

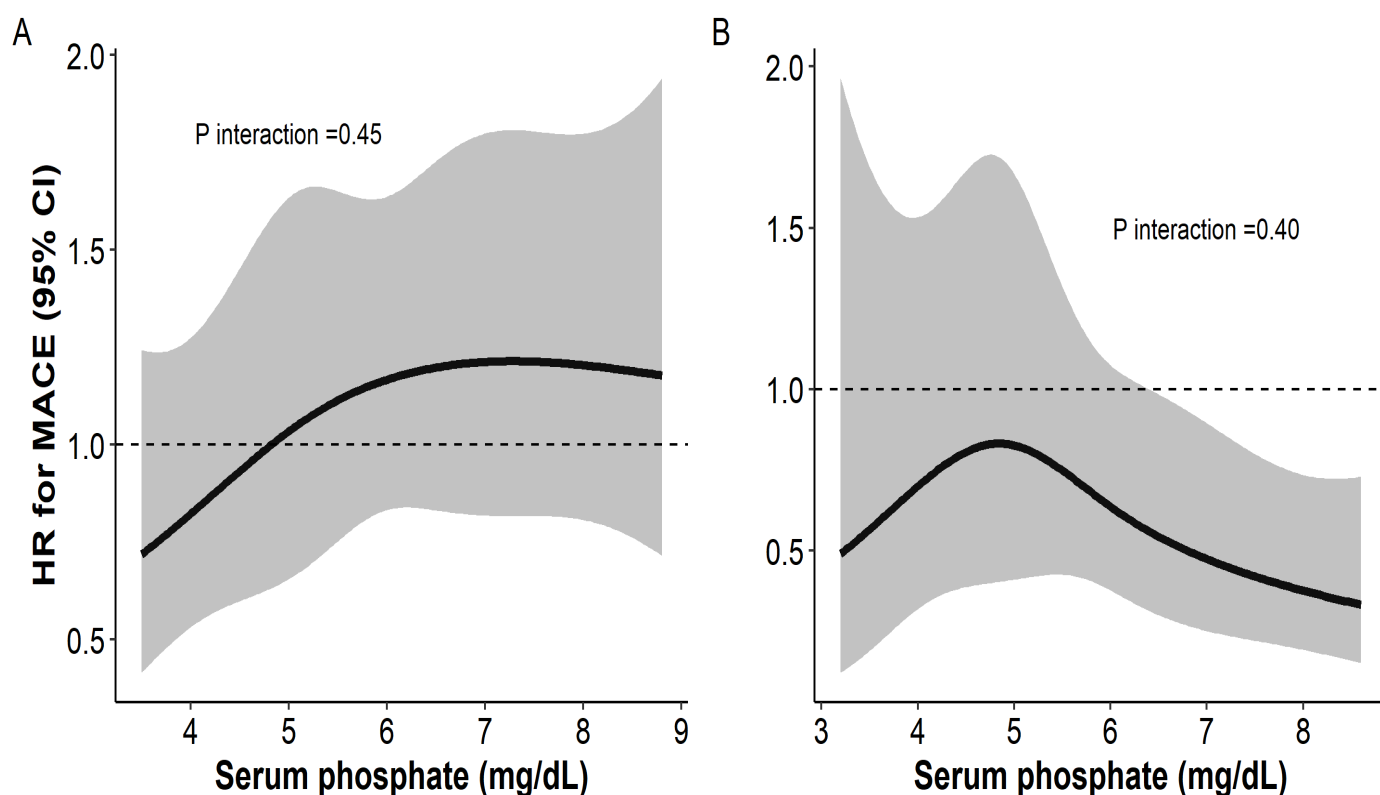
Supplemental Table 3: Interaction between linear time-dependent phosphate and atorvastatin for both MACE (by time period) and all-cause death outcomes in the 4D study

		MACE (before 2.5 years) (N = 318 events)			MACE (after 2.5 years) (N = 119 events)			All-cause death (N = 617 events)		
Model	Effect	N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value
Without time- dep. LDL adjustment	Treatment effect for T1 time-dep. phosphate	95	0.79 [0.51;1.2]	0.27	25	1.13 [0.47;2.73]	0.79	200	0.91 [0.68;1.23]	0.53
	Treatment effect for T2 time-dep. phosphate	97	1.22 [0.79;1.89]	0.36	36	0.71 [0.36;1.37]	0.30	174	1.04 [0.76;1.42]	0.82
	Treatment effect for T3 time-dep. phosphate	126	1.08 [0.76;1.54]	0.68	58	0.51 [0.29;0.91]	0.02	243	0.93 [0.71;1.2]	0.56
			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.33			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.33			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.81	
	Effect of time-dep. phosphate in Placebo group	164	1.08 [0.98;1.18]	0.13	71	1.28 [1.14;1.45]	<0.001	320	1.09 [1.02;1.17]	0.01
	Effect of time-dep. phosphate in Rosuvastatin group	154	1.17 [1.06;1.28]	0.001	48	1.13 [0.97;1.32]	0.11	297	1.13 [1.05;1.21]	<0.001
			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.22			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.20			P for interaction (cont.phosphate) = 0.52	

Model	Effect	MACE (before 2.5 years) (N = 318 events)			MACE (after 2.5 years) (N = 119 events)			All-cause death (N = 617 events)		
		N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value	N event per group	HR [95% CI]	P-value
With time- dep. LDL adjustment	Treatment effect for T1 time-dep. phosphate	95	0.82 [0.52;1.3]	0.40	25	0.98 [0.4;2.44]	0.97	200	0.88 [0.64;1.21]	0.43
	Treatment effect for T2 time-dep. phosphate	97	1.31 [0.83;2.07]	0.25	36	0.61 [0.3;1.22]	0.16	174	1 [0.72;1.39]	0.99
	Treatment effect for T3 time-dep. phosphate	126	1.1 [0.75;1.61]	0.63	58	0.46 [0.25;0.84]	0.01	243	0.9 [0.68;1.19]	0.45
			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.32			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.36			P for interaction (cat. phosphate) = 0.83	
	Effect of time-dep. phosphate in Placebo group	164	1.08 [0.98;1.18]	0.14	71	1.28 [1.14;1.45]	<0.001	320	1.09 [1.02;1.17]	0.01
	Effect of time-dep. phosphate in Rosuvastatin group	154	1.16 [1.06;1.28]	0.001	48	1.13 [0.97;1.32]	0.11	297	1.13 [1.05;1.21]	<0.001
			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.26			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.19			P for interaction (cont. phosphate) = 0.50	

MACE: Major cardiovascular event (nonfatal myocardial infarction, nonfatal stroke, or death from cardiovascular causes); HR: hazard ratio; CI: confidence interval.
Models were adjusted for age, sex, smoking status, diabetes duration, CV history, mean BP and CRP.

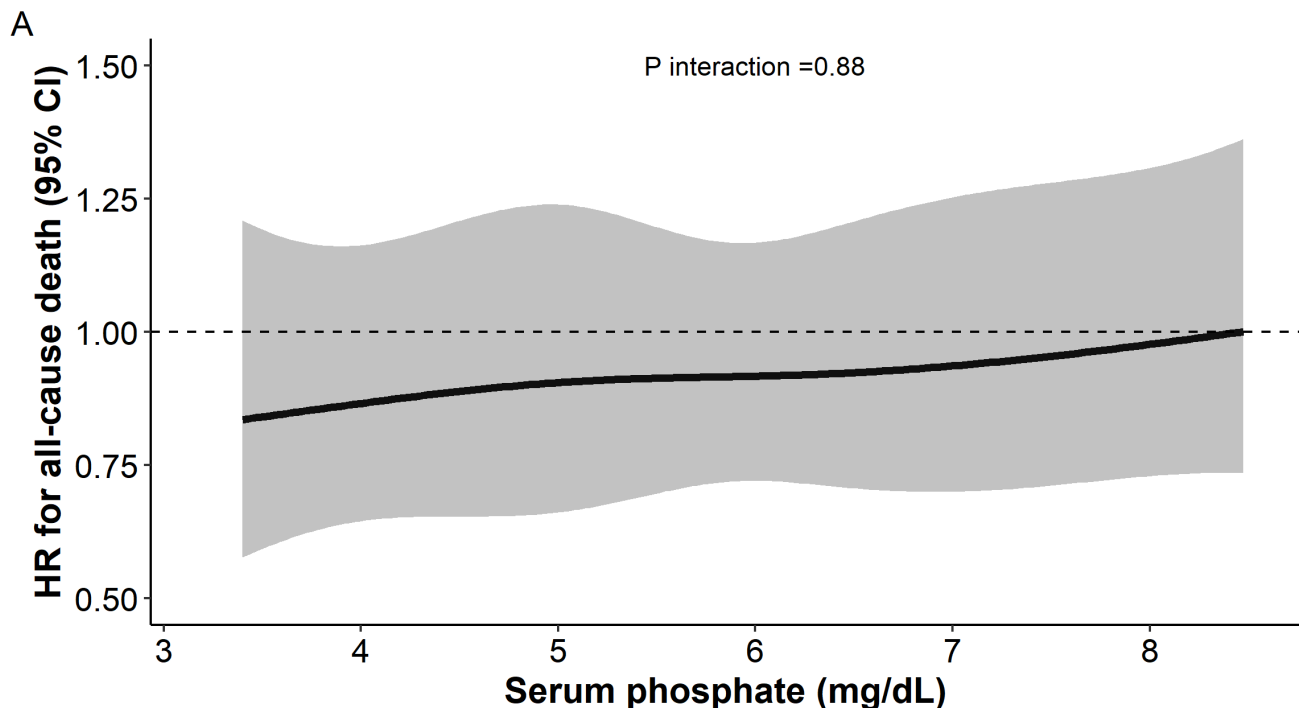
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C

Outcome	Period	HR for 3.5 mg/dL	HR for 5 mg/dL	HR for 6.5 mg/dL	HR for 8 mg/dL
MACE	Before 2.5 years	0.72 [0.42;1.24]	1.03 [0.65;1.63]	1.2 [0.83;1.73]	1.2 [0.81;1.8]
MACE	After 2.5 years	0.57 [0.19;1.69]	0.83 [0.41;1.67]	0.54 [0.3;0.98]	0.38 [0.19;0.74]

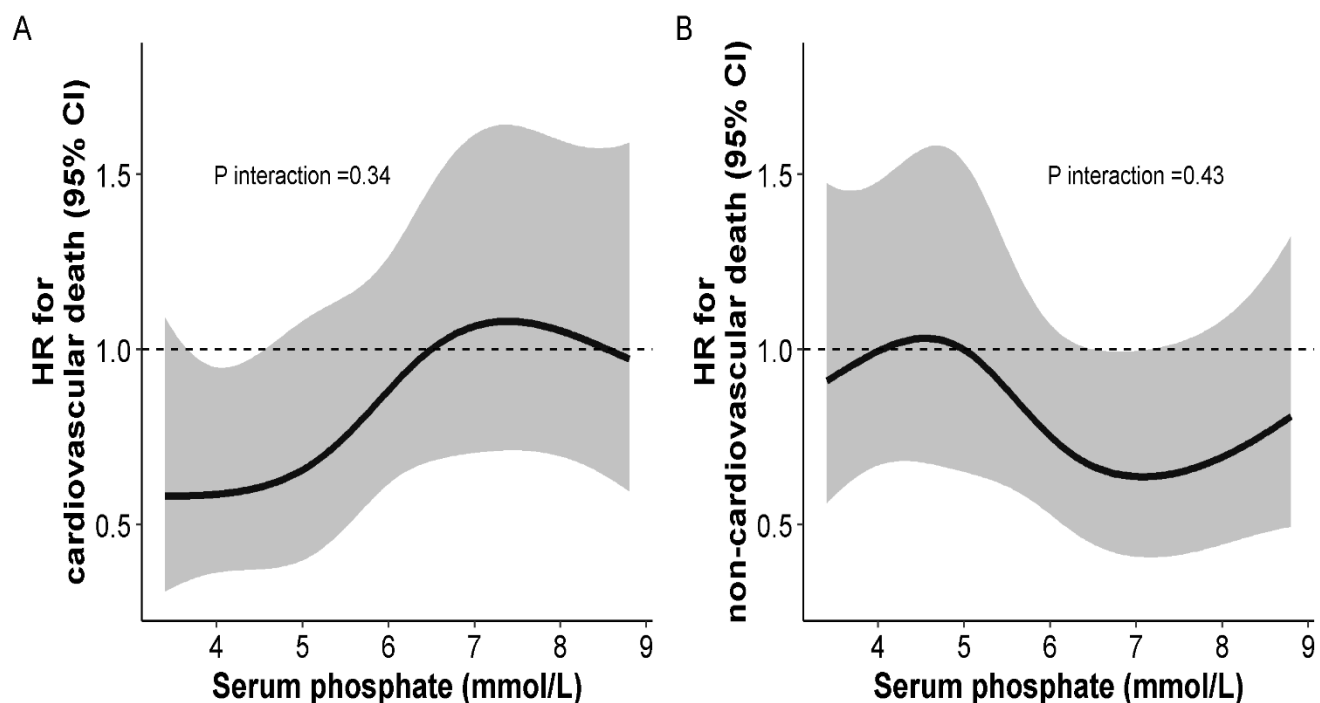
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B

Outcome	HR for 3.5 mg/dL	HR for 5 mg/dL	HR for 6.5 mg/dL	HR for 8 mg/dL
All-cause death	0.84 [0.59;1.19]	0.91 [0.66;1.24]	0.92 [0.71;1.21]	0.98 [0.73;1.31]

Supplemental Figure 8: Treatment effect on outcomes for different values of time-dependent serum phosphate levels (non-linear) in the 4D study. A) cardiovascular death (N = 270); B) non-cardiovascular death (N = 307); C) HR for specific phosphate values. Models were adjusted for age, sex, smoking status, diabetes duration, cardiovascular history, mean BP, CRP and time-dependent LDL, and phosphate was modeled using a restricted cubic spline with the median value of 5.6 mg/dl as reference.



C

Outcome	HR for 3.5 mg/dL	HR for 5 mg/dL	HR for 6.5 mg/dL	HR for 8 mg/dL
cardiovascular death	0.58 [0.32;1.05]	0.66 [0.4;1.08]	1 [0.68;1.47]	1.05 [0.69;1.6]
Non-cardiovascular death	0.93 [0.59;1.46]	1 [0.65;1.53]	0.67 [0.45;1]	0.69 [0.44;1.09]