Appendix A: Summary of Search Terms: Search terms combined using Boolean logic within column terms combined using "or" statements; "and" statements used to combine terms between columns

Statement 1: Treatment recommendations regarding colorectal surgery should consider patients'

degree of frailty (i.e., physiologic age) rather than chronological age.

Frailty	Age	Surgery
Frailty	Biological age	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Chronological age	Procedure
Frailty tools		Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test		Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score		Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		Preoperative
Frailty scale		Perioperative
Frailty evaluation		Complications
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		

Statement 2: Frailty screening in the ambulatory setting identifies vulnerable and frail older adults.

Frailty	Surgery
Frailty	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Procedure
Frailty tools	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index	Preoperative
Frailty scale	Procedure
Frailty evaluation	Perioperative
Frailty questionnaire	Complications
Frailty screening	

Statement 3: Treatment plans for frail older adults should align with patients' goals of care.

Frailty	Goals of Care	Surgery
Frailty	Goals of Care	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Patient Goals	Procedure
Frailty tools	Patient Preferences	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Patient Wishes	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score		Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		

Statement 4: Cognitive function should be assessed pre-operatively in frail, older adults.

Frailty/Age	Cognitive function	Surgery
Frailty	Cognitive function	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Cognitive status	Procedure
Frailty tools	Cognitive screening	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Cognitive impairment	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Cognition	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		
Older adults		
Older patients		
Geriatric		
Elderly		

Statement 5: Frail, older adults should be screened for post-operative signs and symptoms of delirium and treated appropriately.

Frailty/Age	Delirium	Surgery
Frailty	Delirium	Surgery
Frailty assessment		Procedure
Frailty tools		Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test		Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score		Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		
Older adults		
Older patients		
Geriatric		
Elderly		

Statement 6: Frail older adults may benefit from pre-operative, multimodality optimization (i.e., prehabilitation).

Frailty	Prehabilitation	Surgery
Frailty	Prehabilitation	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Preoperative Exercise	Procedure
Frailty tools	Preoperative Care	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Breathing exercises	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Inspiratory Muscle Training	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index	Aerobic Capacity	
Frailty scale	Social Support	

Frailty evaluation	Nutrition Optimization	
Frailty questionnaire	Diet	
Frailty screening		

Statement 7: Frail patients may benefit from a multidisciplinary approach to perioperative care that includes a health-care provider with geriatric expertise.

Frailty	Comanagement	Surgery
Frailty	Comanagement	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Geriatric Comanagement	Procedure
Frailty tools	Multidisciplinary Care	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Geriatric Surgery	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score		Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		

Statement 8: Frail older adults should be screened for social and economic vulnerabilities and offered social support.

Frailty	Social support	Surgery
Frailty	Social support	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Social frailty	Procedure
Frailty tools	Home-based care	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test		Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score		Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		

Statement 9: Frail, older adults should be managed with enhanced recovery protocols after surgery with modifications, as needed.

surgery with mounteutions, as needed.		
Frailty	Enhanced Recovery	Surgery
Frailty	Enhanced Recovery	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Enhanced Recovery Protocols	Procedure
Frailty tools	Enhanced Recovery After	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Surgery	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Multimodality	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index	Multiphase	
Frailty scale	Perioperative	
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		

Frailty screening	

Statement 10: Minimally invasive techniques should be considered for frail, older adults undergoing colorectal surgery.

andergoing colorectal surgery.		
Frailty	Minimally Invasive Surgery	Surgery
Frailty	Minimally Invasive Surgery	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Laparoscopic Surgery	Procedure
Frailty tools	Robotic Surgery	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Laparoscopy	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Robotics	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index		_
Frailty scale		
Frailty evaluation		
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		

Statement 11: Patient-centered post-operative functional outcomes should be measured in addition to traditional post-surgical outcomes in older adults.

Frailty	Functional Recovery	Surgery
Frailty	Functional Recovery	Surgery
Frailty assessment	Surgery Recovery	Procedure
Frailty tools	Patient Reported Outcomes	Abdominal Surgery
Frailty test	Patient Centered Care	Surgical Outcomes
Frailty score	Independence	Operative Outcomes
Frailty index	Activities of Daily Living	
Frailty scale	Continence	
Frailty evaluation	Ostomy	
Frailty questionnaire		
Frailty screening		