**Supplementary Table 5. Comparison of Views of Residents of Recreational States on Important Public Health Domains Pertaining to Marijuana Compared to Other States After Adjusting for Baseline Population Characteristics**

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Views of Residents of recreational states compared to other states** | |
|  | **Unadjusted OR**  **(95% CI)** | **Adjusted OR\***  **(95% CI)** |
| Smoking one marijuana joint a day is somewhat safer or much safer than smoking one cigarette per day | 1.26  [1.14, 1.4] | 1.38  [1.23, 1.54] |
| Marijuana is not at all addictive | 1.02  [0.9, 1.15] | 1.05  [0.93, 1.19] |
| It is somewhat safe or completely safe for pregnant women to use marijuana | 1.02  [0.84, 1.23] | 1.11  [0.9, 1.36] |
| Driving under the influence of marijuana is somewhat safer or much safer than driving under the influence of alcohol | 0.94  [0.84, 1.06] | 1.03  [0.91, 1.16] |
| It is somewhat safe or completely safe to expose adults to secondhand smoke from marijuana | 1.01  [0.89, 1.16] | 1.06  [0.92, 1.22] |
| It is somewhat safe or completely safe to expose children to secondhand smoke from marijuana | 0.96  [0.79, 1.17] | 1.02  [0.83, 1.25] |
| Secondhand smoke from marijuana is somewhat safer or much safer than secondhand smoke from tobacco | 1.14  [1.03, 1.27] | 1.23  [1.1, 1.37] |
| Smoking one marijuana joint a day is somewhat safer or much safer than drinking one glass of wine a day | 1.13  [0.98, 1.31] | 1.21  [1.03, 1.41] |

\*Odds ratios for multivariate models that included each endorsed benefit or risk of marijuana, adjusted for socio-demographic characters (age, gender race, education, income, employment). There was a separate model for each endorsed benefit or risk and the referent in each model was people who did not endorse that benefit or risk.