SDC Table 1: Studies Included in ICD Population

Study	Design/Sample	Intervention	Outcomes	Results	Summary/Conclusions
Fitchet et al	Design: RCT-	EX: CR with	12 wk post- program:	12 wk post- program:	Level of Evidence: II
(2003) ³³	crossover trial. (n=16)	tailored aerobic exercise (1.5 hr/2x/wk at	Exercise capacity Exercise time (min)	Exercise capacity Exercise time	Jadad score = 2
Sample: Time since ICD implantation 20.4±13.8 mo Device n (%) Single-chamber	60-75% of HR) x 12 wk - Education/ cognitive behavioral intervention (30 min weekly) - Supplementary exercise at	Adverse events ICD shock:(frequency of events, n of patients) - During exercise - During the study period - During 12 wks before program (control period)	EX: 11:11±2:17 C: 9:54±3:14 P=NR Adverse events ICD shocks - During exercise: 0 - During the study period: 2 (in 2 pts)	Strengths - 2 initial baseline CPET - Encouraged spouse attendance (50%) - Telemetry wrist monitor (facilitate feedback and aid compliance)	
	Gender: n(%): Male: 14 (88%) Age 58±10y; range 34±74y Ethnicity:	home/ community - Support was combination of positive feedback to exercise + psychological support/interventi on n=8	Arrhythmias and safety Sustained ventricular tachycardia (number of events) terminated by anti-tachycardia pacing	- During 12 wk before program (control period): 0 Arrhythmias and safety SVT terminated by ATP - During the program: 3	Limitations - Small sample size - No comparisons between exercise and control groups were made Complete data not available for all patients in the 12 wk after
	NR ICD Indication Secondary	C: 12 wk usual care n=8	Program (control period) NSVT not requiring ICD treatment; events (n) & patients (n):	(in 2 pts) - During 12 wk before program(control period): 2 (in 2 pts)	completing the CR program Higher dropout rates in those who waited to receive CR
	LVEF% 38±17 Dropout rate: Group 1: 50% Group 2: 12.5%	Both groups: 24- hour ICD advice line	- During the program - During the 12 wks before the program (control period)	NSVT not requiring ICD treatment - During the program:	

Group 1: usual care waited x 12 wk. Group 2: immediate treatment	Anxiety: Norwegian HADS-A Depression: Norwegian HADS-D	18(in 2 pts) - During the 12 wk before the program (control period): 20 (in 1 patient)	
	24 weeks (12 wks post program): Same as 12 wk - Exercise capacity -Adverse events	Anxiety HADS-A Ex (12 wk post- program): 8.1±3.6 C (control period): 13.3 ±2.5 P=NR	
	-Arrhythmias and safety - Anxiety - Depression	Depression HADS-D EX (during program): 6.7±2.9 C (control period): 9.5±3.2	
	Comprehensive CR appraisal Appraisal Questionnaire: n (%)	P=NR 24 weeks (12 wks post program): Exercise capacity Exercise time All: 11:20± (2:17) P=NS	
		Adverse events ICD shocks During 12 wk after the program: 2 (in 2 pts) Arrhythmias and	

				safety SVT - During 12 wks after the program: 2 (in 2 pts) NSVT - During 12 wks after the program: 22 (in 4pts) Anxiety HADS-A All: 6.1±4.5 P=.60 Depression HADS-D All: 5.5±3.9 P=.75 CR appraisal - Very beneficial: 10 (77%) - More confident to exercise: 11(85%) - Feel more positive: 10 (77%)	
Frizelle et al (2004) ³⁴	Design: RCT, cross-over (n=21) Samples: ICD for uncontrolled	EX: Hospital- based cognitive- behavioral CR program: 2h/wk	12 wk: Anxiety HADS-A	12 wk Change scores Anxiety HADS-A EX: -1.08±1.24	Level of Evidence: Jadad score = 2 Strengths

ventricular arrhythmia (100%) Time since ICD implantation: NR Device: ICD for secondary prevention Gender: n(%): NR Ethnicity: NR Age: 61.6±7.4y EX: 60.4+10.13y C: 62.6+4.7y LVEF%: NR	x 12 wk + home exercise - Educational and discussion sessions about ICD concerns - Muscular relaxation; Breathing retraining - Setting and pacing meetings; - Educational session on anxiety, ICD and ECG - Support group (n=12) C: Routine care wait x 12 wk, then 12 wk of CR (n=10)	Depression - Change scores HADS-Depression ICD Total Concerns Questionnaire (TCQ) Number Severity QOL -MacNew QOL after MI (MacNew QLMI) -Euroqual Shuttle walk test Heart rate Level of difficulty T otal distance walked (m) Borg rating 6 mo	C: -0.10 P=.01 Depression HADS-D EX: -1.58±1.16 C: -0.10 P=.001 TCQ Number EX: -4.25±4.49 C: -0.20 P=.007 Severity EX: -10.00±10.01 C: 1.00 P=.006 QOL MacNew	- Study design: All participants received the intervention Limitations - Small sample - Many values for actual outcomes are not provided, only change scores - Population characteristics not described ie gender, ICD type, LVEF) P values not reported for many comparisons - SD not reported for many values
secondary	retraining - Setting and	-MacNew QOL after MI	Number	change scores - Population
	- Educational session on	-Euroqual	C: -0.20	described ie gender, ICD type, LVEF).
Ethnicity: NR	ECG - Support group	Heart rate	1	for many comparisons - SD not reported for
1 - 1	(n=12)	otal distance walked		many values
1				
	then 12 wk of CR (n=10)	6 mo Same as 12 wk		
Dropout rates: 12 weeks Group 1: immediate			EX: 0.42±0.69 C: 0.06 P=.05	
participation 0% Group 2 waiting group 0%			MacNew (Physical) EX: 0.69 ±0.74 C: 0.03 P=.008	
3 months Group 1: 0% Group 2: 10%			MacNew (Social) EX: 0.87±0.82 C: 0.10 P=.004	

MacNew (Global) EX: 5.40±0.65 C: 0.06 P=.005
Euroqual EX: 9.58±6.82 C: 1.56 P=.05
Shuttle walk test Heart rate EX: 0.00±0.00 C: 0.00 P=NS
Level EX: 1.37±0.65 C: 0.00 P=.050
Distance EX: 85.56±24.13 C: 0.32 P=.01
Borg rating EX: 5.60±1.90 C:5.40 P=NS
6 mo: Total sample Anxiety

		,		,
			HADS- A	
			3.9±3.07	
			P=.001	
			Depression	
			HADS- D	
			1.73±1.90	
			P=.003	
			TCQ	
			Number	
			8.59±6.04	
			P=.000	
			Severity	
			11.09±9.79	
			P=.000	
			1 =:000	
			QOL	
			MacNew (Emotional)	
			5.96±1.18	
			P=.000	
			MacNew (Physical)	
			5.86±1.23	
			P=.000	
			MacNew (Social)	
			6.12±1.45	
			P=.000	
			MacNew (Global)	
			5.98±1.25	
			P=.000	
<u> </u>	l .	l .		l .

				Euroqual 84.95±18.50	
				P=.001	
				Shuttle walk test Heart rate 23.59±4.88 P=NS	
				Level	
				8.45±6.47	
				P=.000	
				Distance	
				463±27.79	
				P=.000	
				Borg rating	
				5.65±0.42	
				P=NS	
				Adverse Events: 1, died not cardiac related	
Vanhees at al.,	Design: case-	EX (cases): ICD	12 wk	12 wk	Level of Evidence: IV
(2004) ³⁵	control study,	patients who	Exercise apacity	Exercise apacity	
	ICD=92 Control=473	participated in supervised	PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/ min)	PeakVO ₂ EX: 20.3±4.8	Jadad score = NR
	0011101=473	exercise training	Peak O ₂ pulse mL/	C: 27.8±6.9	Strengths
	Sample:	programme (90	beat	p<.001	- Larger sample size
	consecutive	min/3X/week/12	Maximum HR (bpm)		- Careful description
	patients with ICDs from 2	weeks, at 50– 80% of maximal	Arrhythmias during ex	O ₂ pulse	of interventions and
	centers, time	HR) (n=92);	testing PVC	EX: 13.3±4.4 C: 15.4±3.5	adverse outcomes
	since implant	outdoor activities	SVT	P<.001	Limitations
	median 7 weeks	such as walking	VT		- ICD sample

Gender N:	and jogging, strength & endurance training and recreational sports were added to the training program C: 473 cardiac patients without an ICD who had a CPET and completed CR program x 12 wk All patients: 4-5 education sessions related to heart disease, psychology, diet.	Adverse events ICD shocks	Max HR EX: 125.8+20.2 C: 136.8+18.8 P=.99 Arrhythmias exercise testing PVC EX: 18 (20%) C: 47 (10%) P<0.01 SVT: ICD: 9 (10%) C: 112 (24%) P<.01 VT during testing 1: VT without ICD shock Adverse events 1 VT during training, ICD shock x 1 1 inappropriate ICD shock 6 appropriate ICD shocks outside of training sessions	consisted of patients referred to different rehabilitation programs (Leiden/Leuven). - Controls were patients without an ICD - Nonrandomized design - Both groups participated in exercise program.
-----------	---	---------------------------	---	--

	EX: 14 pts (13.2%) 4 moved; 6 noncardiac comorbidity; 4 ICD shocks related to VT C: NR				
Davids et al (2005) ³⁶	Design: Retrospective telephone survey comparative study (n=82). No patients underwent exercise interventions conducted by the study. Sample: Coronary artery disease and ICD between 1997 and 2001 -Time since ICD implantation (mo) EX: 55±6 C: 43±4 Gender: n(%): Male: 71(86.59)	EX: any outpatient CR program (n=28) C: no CR (n=54)	Telephone survey conducted in 2005: Exercise capacity (self-report) - METs (per wk) - Frequency of regular exercise (times/wk); median - Exercise >3 times/wk (times/week) n(%) - Decrease in exercise after ICD implantation (times/wk) Adverse events (EHR) ICD shock - Any shock n(%) - Appropriate shock n(%) - Inappropriate shock n(%) - Shocks during exercise n(%) - Appropriate shock during exercise n(%)	Exercise capacity (self-report) METs EX: 5.3 C: 3.5 P<.02 Frequency of regular exercise (times/week) EX: 4 C: 3 P=.11 Exercise >3 times/ wk n(%) EX: 23(82) C: 31(57) P<.30 Decrease in exercise after ICD implantation EX: 8(28) C:24(44) P=.15	Level of Evidence: IV Jadad score = NA Strengths - Larger sample - Careful account of ICD shocks confirmed by medical record Limitations - Excluded patients with NYHA III and IV; - Heterogeneity of the exercise intervention, participants had different dosage of exercise; - Absence of older patients; - Level of activities and participation in outpatient cardiac rehabilitation was self-reported; - It was a telephone survey, so patients

Female:	-Inappropriate shock		without a telephone
11(13.41%)	during exercise n(%)	Adverse events	were excluded
		ICD shock	
Age: 61±1.25y		Any shock	
EX: 60 +1.5y		EX: 7(25)	
C: 62+1y		C: 27(50)	
		P=.03	
Ethnicity: NR			
		Appropriate shock	
ICD indication		EX: 4(13)	
Primary:		C: 21(39)	
EX: 12(43%)		P=.03	
C: 25(46%)			
		Inappropriate shock	
Secondary:		EX: 5(18)	
EX: 16(56%)		C: 17(31)	
C: 29(53%)		P=.17	
LVEF%		Shocks during	
EX: 37+2		exercise EX:0(0)	
C:35+2		C:9(16)	
		P=.02	
Dropout rate:			
NR		Appropriate shock	
		during exercise	
		EX: 0(0)	
		C: 7(13)	
		P=.02	
		Inappropriate shock	
		during exercise	
		EX: 0(0)	
		C: 4(7)	
		P=.10	

				Adverse events See above	
Belardinelli et al (2006)¹	Design: RCT (n= 52) Sample: NYHA II heart failure ischemic cardiomyopathy (time since ICD implantation within previous 3 mo)	EX: Aerobic exercise (1h 3x/ wk at 60% peak VO ₂ HR x 8 wk) ICD: n=15 CRT-D: n=15	8 wk: Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) AT Endothelial function Brachial artery reactivity (relative diameter change %)	8 wk: Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ EX: 18.9+/- 2.7 C: 16.1+/-2.2 P<.001 AT EX: 13.5+1.9 C: 10.3+1.9	Level of Evidence: II Jadad score = 3 Strengths: - Blinded interpretation on study results - Careful reporting of adverse outcomes
	Device: with or without CRT -Guidant ICD=100% -Guidant CRT-D =100%	(n=22) ICD: n=12 CRT-D: n=10	LVEF% QOL MLHFQ	P<.001 Endothelial function Diameter change % EX:8% C: 8% P=NS	Limitations: - Small sample sizes - No numerical value of brachial artery outcome presented or MLHFQ
	Gender: n(%): Male: 52(100) Female: 0 (0) Age: EX: 55.1±14y C: 53.1±15y ICD indication		18 mo Arrhythmias and safety Deaths Sustained ventricular tachycardia Frequency of hospitalizations (rate)	LVEF EX: ICD: 33+7 CRT-D: 42+5 P=.001 C: ICD: 33+6% CRT-D: 33+6% P=NS	data - Higher hospitalization rate in those who exercised Changes in MLHFQ scores only in those with CRT-D
	Primary: EX: 18 C: 15 Secondary: EX: 12		Adverse events ICD shocks	QOL EX:50 C: 58 P=NS	

	C: 7 LVEF% (mean±SD) EX: 30.2±7 C: 33.6±8			18 mo: Arrhythmias and safety Deaths EX: 0 C: 0	
	Dropout rate: NR			Sustained VT (n) Ex: 0 C: 8	
				Hospitalization rate EX: 67% C: 45.4% P<.001	
				Adverse events ICD shocks: EX:0 C:8 events	
				Adverse Events: No deaths and no complex ventricular arrhythmias during the training sessions and follow-up in exercise group.	
Dougherty et al (2008) ³⁷	Design: Single group pre-post (n=10)	Cases: Supervised outpatient aerobic	8 wk: Exercise capacity Exercise time(min:sec)	8 wk Exercise capacity Exercise time Pre:	Level of Evidence: V Jadad score = NR
	Sample: sudden cardiac arrest survivors (n=4) or	exercise (3h/wk + home walking 2h/ wk x 8 wk: at 60% to 80% of maximal	Peak VO ₂ (mL/kg/min) METs Max HR HR variability	9:17+5:18 Post: 10:22±5:56 P =0.04 Peak VO ₂	Strengths - HRvariability measures - Excellent adherence to exercise intervention

sustained ventricular arrhythmia (n=6), with ICD	heart rate. Remaining 4 mo: walk for 30 min/all or most	SD of R-R intervals Low frequency (LF) power High frequency power	Pre: 25.59+9.29 Post: 26.00±11.30 P=.78	Limitations - No control group
implant in previous 6 mo	days	(HF) QOL SF-12 PCS	METs Pre: 6.63+2.61 Post:: 7.00±2.94 P=.33	- Small sample size
Gender: n(%): Male: 9 (90%) Female: 1 (10%) Age:		SF-12 MCS Psychological - STAI - CES-D	Max HR Pre: 137.6+19.2 E: 136.7±14.7 P=.89	
(meanSD):_ 54.82±9.73 Ethnicity Caucasian		Biomarker hsCRP	Heart rate variability SD R-R Intervals Pre: 823.33 ± 173.03 Post:911.33±137.58	
100% ICD Type: NR			P=.05 LF Pre:429.58 ± 357.70	
ICD indication: 100% Secondary prevention		6 mo: Heart rate variability SD of R-R Intervals LF HF	Post:620.75±514.25 P=.58	
LVEF% 39.18±19.79		QOL SF-12 PCS	Pre: 143.5 ± 125.88 Post: 227.69±294.27 P=.36	
Time since ICD implantation: ND Dropout rates:		Psychological STAI-Anxiety CES-D Depression	QOL SF-12 PCS Pre: 44.33±10.77 Post: 47.19±9.11 P=.19	

Participants	SF-12 (MCS)
exercised more	Pre: 51.33±11.68
than was	Post: 55.03±8.04
required	P=.48
	Anxiety
	STAI
	Pre: 31.56±11.83
	Post: 28.22±9.68
	P=.06
	Depression
	CES-D
	Pre: 11.00±13.08 Post: 9.22±11.88
	P=.46
	1 = .40
	Biomarker
	hsCRP
	Pre:6.56±3.78
	Post: 4.33±2.61
	P=.69
	6 mo:
	Heart rate variability
	SD R-R intervals
	Pre: 823.33±173.03
	Post: 900.89±145.87
	P=NR
	LF Dro: 420 F9 : 257 70
	Pre:429.58±357.70 Post: 572.5±422.11
	P=.58
	HF

				Pre: 143.5±125.88	
				Post: 229.03	
				±196.79 P=NR	
				QOL	
				SF-12 PCS	
				Pre: 44.33± 0.77	
				Post: 49.36±9.14	
				P= NR	
				SF-12 (MCS)	
				Pre: 51.33±11.68	
				Post: 49.43±8.38	
				P=.48	
				Anxiety	
				STAI	
				Pre: 31.56±11.83	
				Post: 33.6±14.29	
				P=NR	
				Depression	
				CES-D	
				Pre: 11.00±13.08	
				Post: 10.4±12.62	
				P=NR	
				Adverse events	
				-No sustained	
				arrhythmias during	
				exercise testing or	
				exercise interventions.	
				-No ICD shocks.	
Fan et al	Design:	EX (cases):	Safety	Safety	Level of evidence: IV
(2009) ³⁸	Retrospective	Supervised	Hospitalizations	Hospitalizations	
(2009)	case-controlled	exercise training	Death	EX: 4	Jadad score = NR

chart review (n=84) between 1992-2005 at single center Sample: ICD patient and controls who participated in CRTime from ICD implantation (d) 277±366 Gender: n(%): Male: EX: 32 (76%) C: 33 (79%) Age: (mean±SD) EX: 61±12y C: 61±14y Ethnicity: NR ICD indication Primary 10(24%) Secondary 32(74%) LVEF% ICD: 32±15 C: 36±13	in CR (intensity of 50% to 85% of heart rate reserve using telemetry monitoring for 30-60 minutes/3 times/wk using various upper and lower body training modalities) (n=42) C (sample): Matched controls without ICDs who participated in CR as defined above, match was based on LVEF, age, gender. (n= 42)	Adverse event ICD shocks ICD firings (at the rehabilitation center) CPR Exercise capacity METs achieved at end of program	Adverse event ICD shocks during exercise EX: 1 ICD shocks outside of exercise EX: 0 CPR: EX:0 C:0 Death EX: 0 C: 0 Exercise capacity METs Ex: 30% improvement after CR C:37% improvement after training P=NS	Strengths - Relatively large sample size - Good tracking of adverse outcomes Limitations - Retrospective design - Actual values of outcomes not provided or P values
---	---	--	--	---

	Dropout rate: Dropouts secondary to cardiac reason: EX: 9% C: 12%				
	Attendance Patient-sessions attended EX: 21+13 C: 22+13 P=.60				
	Completion				
	rate%				
	ICD: 45				
	C: 62 P=.12				
Piccini et al (2013) ³⁹	Prospective RCT (total n=2331), n=1053 with an ICD Samples Outpatients with HF and EF	ex: Supervised aerobic exercise training (36 sessions 3x/wk x 4 y at 60- 70% target HR) followed by home-based exercise training 5x/wk x 9 mo (n=546)	3 mo: Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min), change from baseline EX (Mean, SE): With ICD at baseline Without an ICD at baseline	3 mo Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (change) With ICD EX: 0.69 (0.12) C: 0.11 (0.12) P=NS Without an ICD at baseline	Jadad score = 2 Strengths - Long-term follow-up - Multicenter, international randomized trial - Largest study of
	<35% ICD or biventricular ICD -Ischemic cardiomyopathy	C: Usual care not restricted in activity	2.2 years f/u: Adverse events - All cause ICD Shock - Hospitalization -Composite endpoint of	EX: 0.91 (0.11) C: 0.31 (0.12) P=NS 2.2 y f/u:	exercise in HF patients with ICDs to date Limitations - Unblinded

61%	(n=507)	Shocks/death	Adverse events	measurement of
01%	(11=307)			
Deside a 10D		- Composite endpoint	ICD shock	outcomes
Device: ICD or		of death, myocardial	EX: 20% (108)	- Analysis included all
CRT-D at		infarction, or worsening	C: 22% (113)	patients with an ICD,
baseline 1053		HF	P=NR	including those
(45% of total)			Time to 1st ICD	implanted during follow-
CRT-D			shock=11.4 mo	up - Appropriate and
EX: 41%			Hospitalization	inappropriate cause of ICD shock could not be
C: 42%			ICDs 67%(709/1053)	determined
Gender: n(%):			No ICD	- Many data points
Female			63% (809/1278)	between exercise and
EX: 113 (21%)			0070 (00071270)	controls, with and
UC: 109 (21%)			ICD shock and death	without ICD are not
			EX: 176 (32%)	provided
Age: (median)			C:177 (35%)	
EX: 61y			P=NR	
UC: 60y			FENK	
OC. 60y			Commonite and aimt of	
Ethnicity 9/			Composite endpoint of	
Ethnicity %			death, myocardial	
Caucasian			infarction, or worsening	
EX: 70%			HF	
C: 70%			41% in those with ICD	
ICD indication				
Secondary				
EX: 28%				
C: 31%				
0.0170				
LVEF%				
(median)				
EX: 24; UC: 24				
EA. 24, UC. 24				
Dranaut vatar				
Dropout rate:				

	EX: 35%				
Smialek et al	Design:	EX:	12 wk:	12 wk:	Level of evidence: IV
(2013) ⁴⁰	pre-post (n=45)	Comprehensive	Exercise capacity	Exercise capacity	
		CR:	PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min)	PeakVO ₂	Jadad score = NR
	Sample:	 2-wk inpatient 		Before: 21.3±9.2	
	1st time ICD	phase and 12-wk	(LVEF)%	After: 24.2±10.3	Strengths
	implantation at 6	outpatient phase.		P=.007	- Training intensity and
	wk after ICD	Inpatient Phase:			amount of exercise were
	implantation	all types of	Depression BDI	LVEF	determined individually
		training listed	-	Before: 30.09±12.75	taking into account ICD
	Device:	below.	QOL	After: 35.43±13.40	programming
	ICD	3 types of	Polish version* of	P=.002	
	- Single-	training:	SF-36 scores		Limitations:
	chamber ICD	41.	Role limitation physical	Depression (BDI)	- Small sample
	(VVI): 16 -Dual-	1.Interval	health	Before: 14.81±9.27	- Complex
	chamber ICD	endurance	Mental dimension	After: 12.83±10.75	intervention
	(DDD): 29	training (repeated	Physical dimension	P=.02	dimensions
	Gender n:	sequences of short exercise	(higher scores = lower		- Lack of control
	Female: 17	and a rest period)	QOL	QOL	group - QOL data not
		and a root poned)		SF-36	presented
	Male: 28	2.Resistance	Adverse events	Role limitation: NR	presented
	Age 62.2y	training (15-20	Death or complication	Mental dimension:NR	
		min/1–2 sessions/	during exercise	Physical dimension:	
	Ethnicity:	wk)	testing or training	significant	
	NR	3.Respiratory	l tooming or training	improvement- data	
		muscle exercise		NR	
	ICD indication	Outpatient phase	Arrhythmias and	Advance	
	Primary	2 (12 wk)	safety	Adverse events	
	39(86.7%)	Aerobic interval	ICD shock	Death= 0	
	Secondary	endurance training	Nonsustained VT	Complication during	
	6(13.3%)	including or	without device	testing or training=0	
		alternating with	intervention	Arrhythmics and	
	LVEF:	resistance training	Including:	Arrhythmias and	
	30.09±12.75	(20- 50min/5x/	Inappropriate ICD	safety - NSVT without ICD	
		wk/12wk	паррторнаю юв	- NOVI WILLIOULICD	

	Dropout rate: NR		intervention Appropriate ICD intervention	shock=7 - Inappropriate ICD intervention=1(2.2%) - Appropriate ICD intervention=2 (4.4%) -No events during exercise interventions	
Toise et al (2014) ⁴¹	Design: prospective RCT (n=55) Sample: ICD implant in prior 6 wk Device n(%) ICD Gender: n(%): Male: EX:18(69%); C: 18(90%) Female: EX: 8(31%); C: 2(10%) Age: (mean ± SD) 66.3±13.3y Ethnicity Caucasian EX: 23 (92% C: 15 (94%)	ex: Gentle adapted Yoga program (consistent with daily life activity: breathing techniques, adapted physical postures relaxation, and meditation) for ICD patients (80 min weekly sessions/8 wk) + Standard medical care + 6 mo follow-up post-intervention (n=31) C: standard medical care with cardiac nurse follow-up for nonroutine device concerns + 5 monthly calls	2 mo: Psychological (change from baseline -CES-D) -Florida Patient Acceptance Survey (FPAS) -Positive Health Expectation Scale (PHE) -State-Trait Personality Inventory (STPI) -Symptom/Emotion Checklist (SEC) -Florida Shock Anxiety Scale (FSAS) -Self-Compassion Scale (SCS) -Interpersonal Support Evaluation (IPS) -Expression Manipulation Test (EMT) Device therapies required over 2 mo-6 mo f/u - ICD shocks -ATPs	2 mo: Psychological CES-D (mean±SD) EX: -2.77±8.85 C: 2.00 ±5.33 P=.07 FPAS EX: 4.94±17.81 C: -3.33±23.06 P=.21 PHE EX: .15±.37 C: .15±.37 P=.97 STPI EX: -3.44±11.15 C: -1.36±7.90 P=.54 SEC EX: -0.08±06.53 C: -3.71± 1.80 P=30 FSAS	Jadad score = 3 Strengths - Participants of both groups received a monthly call from one of the cardiac nurses Limitations - Modest sample size - Limited time in f/u - No physical health outcomes - No data presented related to ICD events; only regression to predict rate of ICD events.

	ICD indication: Primary prevention: 26 (56.5%) LVEF% 34.2 +14.7 EX:33.1 ±14.9 C: 35.4 ±15.0 Dropout rate	from the cardiac nursing staff. (n=24)		EX: -1.24±3.82 C: 3.00±2.08 P<.0001 SCS EX: .24±52 C:29±.61 P=.007 IPS EX: -0.18±0.96	
	n(%): EX: (5) 16.1% C: (4) 16.7%			C: 1.00±2.94 P=.14	
	Attendance EX: 7/8			EMT EX: -0.10±0.55 C: .11± 33 P=.30	
				Device therapy - EX group had fewer expected ICD events over 8 mo, results were not presented for the events/group	
Berg et al	Design:	EX (n=99):	3 mo:	3 mo:	Level of Evidence: II
(2015) ⁴²	Prospective RCT (n=196)	aerobic and resistance	Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min)	Exercise capacity	Jadad score = 3
Berg et al	NOT (II=190)	training (aerobic	QOL	PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) EX:20.98±7.98	Jauau Score = 3
(2015) ⁴³	Sample: 1st time ICD	exercise + resistance +	SF-36 GH SF-36 MCS	C:20.88±7.8 P=NS	Strengths: - Large sample size
Christensen et al (2015) ⁴⁴	implantation; exercise starts 3 mo from implantation	psych-education; 1h x 2x wk with 50-80% of estimated		QOL SF-36 GH EX:62.8±20.9	Use of register-based follow-up informationOne of the few studies that report cost-analysis

-VF arrest prior to ICD 20% each group LVEF%<35% 32.2% both groups Gender: n (%): Male: EX: 79 (80%) C: 76 (78%) Age: (mean ± SD) EX: 57.6±12.9y C: 56.7±3.5y ICD Type: ICD indication: Primary EX: 63 C: 67 Secondary EX: 36 C: 30 LVEF% EX: 32.2(17) C: 32.7(18)	Psycheducational 1x mo x 6 mo & then every 2 mo x 1 y; total sessions= 9 (n=99) C (n=97): 2-h group session on the ICD x 1	Gender differences PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) Exercise time (min) 6 mo: Same as 3 mo Gender difference 12 mo: QOL Gender difference Hospital admission Time to first admission (d) Time to first after heart admission (d) 3 y: Hospital admission Time to first admission (d) Time to first admission Time to first admission (d) I'me to first acute heart admission (d) ICD Therapy ATP ICD Shock Mortality Costs	C: 64.4±21.8 P=NS SF-36 MCS EX:51.7±8.6 C:51.9±11.54 P=NS Gender difference PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) - Male EX: 20.9±8.1 C:22.1±8.1 P=.01 - Female EX:21.4±7.8 C: 16.8±5.1 P=.17 Exercise time (sec) - Male EX: 587±249.6 C: 613±264.7 P=.01 - Female EX: 481.3±174.6 C: 391.5±145.4 P=.29 6 mo: Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) EX: 23.011±8.01	Limitations: - Statistical analysis did not report the baseline information - No blinding to outcomes - Some patients in the usual care received intervention - Some patients started rehabilitation earlier - No information on attendance at CR - Usual care contaminated by information during inclusion suggesting the benefits of intervention - Not all outcomes reported at 3 y - No drop out rate for 36 mo - Only appropriate therapy was included under ICD therapy.
Dropout rate at 3 mo:		Costs	PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) EX:23.011±8.91 C:20.79±8.1	

EV:40.40/		D ND
EX:13.1%	Library Staffers Communication	P=NR
C:18.6 %	- Hospitalization costs	
	(US\$)	SF-36 MCS
	- Outpatient treatment	EX:53.6±9.4
	costs (US\$)	C:51.0±11.0
	- Total costs (US\$)	P=NS
		Gender difference
		PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min)
		- Male
		EX: 23.4±9.5
		C:21.8±8.3
		- Female
		EX:21.7±7.8
		C: 17.1±6.1
		Total exercise time
		(sec):
		- Male
		EX: 650.7±279.8
		C:606.1±277.3
		- Female
		EX:517.5±180.9
		C:399.4±175.6
		5.555.121.5.5
		12 mo:
		QOL SF-36
		MCS
		EX:54.3±7.4
		C:51.2±10.0
		P=NR
		Hospital admission
		EX: 41(41.4%)
		C: 37(38.1%)

P=.53
Gender difference
SF-36 PCS
- Male
EX:47.0±9.6
C:47.4±9.2
- Female
EX:46.8±12.1
C:40.6±12.3
SF-36 MCS -
Male
EX: 54.8±7.1
C: 51.9±9.6
- Female
EX: 52.2±8.6
C: 48.5±11.4
Hospital admission
Time to first admission
EX:41±41.4
C:37±38.1
P=.53
Time to first acute heart
admission
EX:26±26.3
C:24±24.7
P=.37
3 y:
Hospital admissions
1100pttal dallilosiono

Time to first admission
EX:70±70.7
C:63±65.0
P=.35
155
Time to first souts beaut
Time to first acute heart
admission
EX:42±42.4
C:42±43.3
P=0.40
ICD Therapy
ATP
EX: 8.4±37.0
C: 13.8±92.5
P=.29
123
ICD shocks
EX:0.6±2.0
C:0.5±1.5
P=.90
Mortality
Mortality
EX:19(19.2%)
C:12(12.4%)
P=.19
Costs
Intervention costs: 335
Hospitalization costs:
EX: 12 955
EA. 12 900

				C: 20 061 Outpatient treatment costs: EX: 5825 C: 5668 Total costs: EX: 19 664 C: 16 199 Adverse events: see above	
Dougherty et al (2015) ⁶	Design: prospective RCT (n=160) Sample: ICD recipients 3 y after implant Secondary: 92(57.5%) Primary: 68(42.5% Gender: n(%) Male: 124(77.5%) Female: 36 (22.5%) Age 54.9±12.2y EX: 56.1±12.1y C: 53.6±12.28y	ex: Home walking; phase1: 1 hr/d × 5 d/wk × 8 wk at 60-80% of HRR Maintenance Phase 2: Home walking 30 min/d × 5d/wk × 16 wk at 80% of HRR (n=84) C: No exercise directives. 5 monthly phone calls (n=76)	8 wk: Exercise capacity Peak VO ₂ (mL/kg/min) Exercise time (min:sec) VO ₂ at AT Time at AT (min:sec) O2 pulse (VO ₂ /HR) METs 24 wk: Exercise capacity ICD shocks - During exercise - Total ICD shocks - Appropriate shocks Hospitalizations - Associate w/exercise - Total hospitalizations - Total individuals	8 wk Exercise capacity Peak VO ₂ EX: 26.7±7.0 C:23.9±6.6 P=.002 Exercise time EX: 16:04±6:17 C:13:37±4:50 P=.001 VO ₂ at AT EX: 22.5±6.2 C:20.0±5.5 P=.009 Time at AT EX: 12:42±5.21 C: 10:47±4.11 P=.001	Jadad score = 5 Strengths - Blind to the outcomes - Large sample size - Dropouts low - Adherence outcomes carefully reported Limitations - All patients were in NSR at start of study - All patients taking beta blocker medications - Those over 400 lb could not participate - Those who could not walk on treadmill could not participate

	1 VO // ID
	VO ₂ /HR
Ethnicity	EX: 18.5±5.2
EX: Caucasian	C:17.1±5.0
88.1%	F=3.20
C: Caucasian	P=.07
00.00/	
80.3%	METs
ICD device:	EX: 7.57±2.04
Single- or	C:6.77±1.97
dual-chamber	P=.005
ICD	
	24 weeks:
Diagnosis VT/	Exercise capacity
VF 15.7%	Peak VO ₂
Ischemic	EX: 26.9±7.7
cardiomyopathy=	C:23.4±6.0
43.1%	P<.001
Dilated	
cardiomyopathy=	Exercise time
30%	EX: 16:27±6:36
30%	C:13:24±4:33
LVEF% 40.6 ±	P<.001
15.7	
	VO ₂ at AT
Dropout rates:	EX: 23.0±6.8
8 wk:	C:19.8±5.8
EX: 6.6%	P=.001
C: 8.3%	
24 wk:	Time at AT
EX: 10.5%	EX: 13:16±5:45
C:11.9%	C:10:38±4:03
	P<.001
Adherence	VO ₂ /HR
Phase 1: 76%	V O ₂ /111X
Phase 2: 74.8%	EX: 1.7±5.5

C:16.8±4.9
P=.01
METs
EX: 7.64±2.26
C:6.67±1.82
P<.001
Adverse events
ICD shocks
Associated w/exercise
EX:0
C:0
Total ICD shocks
EX: 4
C: 8
0.0
Total individuals
EX: 3
C: 4
0.4
Appropriate shocks
EX: 2
C: 5
0.0
Hospitalization
Associate w/exercise
EX: 0
C:0
Total
EX:11
C:11

				Total individuals EX:9 C:9	
Isaksen et al (2015) ⁴⁵ Isaksen et al (2016) ⁴⁶	Design: Prospective, controlled, nonrandomized (n=38)	EX: Outpatient CR aerobic training (60 min/3x/wk/12 wk, 60-70% of max HR, Borg 11-13	12 wk: Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ (mL/kg/min) (LVEF%	12 wk Exercise capacity PeakVO ₂ EX: 18.4±5.3 C: 16.2±2.7 P<.05	Jadad score = 2 Strength -No adverse noted
	Sample: Ischemic HF primary and secondary prevention, first- time ICD or CRT-D	- 4 4-min intervals at 85% of maxHR, Borg 15-17 (n=26)	Arrhythmias and safety - Antitachycardia pacing (ATP) - NSVT shocks	LVEF Pre EX: 37.6+10.9% Post EX: 39.3 ± 10.5% P=.008 C=NR P=NS	-Low drop out rate Limitations -Small sample -Non randomized study -Data points and p values not report for several outcomes
	Device n(%) ICD only EX: 19(79) C: 10 (91) CRT-D: EX: 5 (21) C: 1(9)	C: Controls were those unable to attend exercise sessions. (n=12)	Endothelial function Brachial artery reactivity (relative diameter % change	Arrhythmias and safety ATP/NSVT (training period total) EX: 1/5 C: 1/4 P=NR	
	Gender: n(%): Male EX: 21 (88) C: 11 (100)		Norweign SF-36 MCS SF-36: PCS	Shock EX: 0 C: 0 P=NS	
	Age (mean ± SD) EX: 65±9y C: 69±9y		Anxiety HADS-A Depression HADS-D	Endothelial function Diameter change EX: 9.95 ± 3.92 % C: 6.93 ± 4.50 % P<.05	

ICD Indication Primary EX: 11 (46) C: 6 (55)	24 mo: QOL SF-36 MCS SF-36 PCS Anxiety HADS-A Depression HADS-D Time in sedentary & physical activities - IPAQ - Time spent sitting during daytime - METs (min/wk) Adverse events: ICD therapies All cause hospitalizations rate	QOL MCS EX: 59 C: 54.9 P=NR PCS EX: 47.1 C: 41.3 P=NR Anxiety HADS-A EX: 2.8 C: 5.1 P=NR Depression HADS-D EX: 1.8 C: 3.6 P<.05 24 months MCS (mean) EX: 57.6 C: 51.4 P=NR PCS (mean) EX: 46.1 C: 35.3 P=NR	
--	--	--	--

Anxiety
HADS-A
EX: 3.2
C: 4.9
P=NR
Depression
HADS-D (mean)
EX: 2.7
C: 5.1
P<.05
1 2.00
Time in sedentary and
physical activities
Time spent
sitting/daytime
EX: 340 min/d
C: 585 min/d
P=.04
MET-min/week
EX:1398
C: 520
P=.10
Adverse events ICD
therapies
- During exercise
EX:0
C:0
- Follow-up
EX: 7 shocks in 2 pts
C: 6 shock in 4 pts.
P=.10

Lau et al (2016) ⁴⁷	Design: Single sample pre-post design (n=301) Sample: Initial ICD implant, 1 mo after ICD implantation for primary or secondary prevention Gender: n(%) Male: 222(73.8%) Female: 79(26.2% Age: (mean ±	EX: 12-week telephone-based home walking self-efficacy intervention (30min/d/12wk at 60-80%) - Individualized program at a level that they were capable of performing before the ICD implant Nurse weekly call to monitor exercise tolerance	3 mo: Safety - ICD shocks - ATP therapies - Total hospitalizations n(%) Efficacy - Daily physical activity (StepWatch) in steps/d - ICD self-efficacy score (Sudden Cardiac Arrest-Self-Efficacy scale) - Physical Activity Behaviors Questionnaire	- All cause hospitalization EX: 1/patient C: 0.8/patient P=NS 3 mo: Safety - ICD Shocks 19(6.3%) - Total shock events:28 - Appropriate ICD shocks 15 (53.6) - Inappropriate ICD shocks 13 (46.4) - ICD shocks associated w/exercise 2 (7.1%) - ATP therapies - Total ATP events: 72 - Appropriate ATP 61 (84.7) - Inappropriate ATP 11 (15.3) - ATP associated with walking 2(2.8%)	Level of Evidence: VI Jadad score: NA Strength - Early walking protocol - Telephone delivered rehabilitation - Large sample - Individualized homebased walking program - Data were verified with medical records Daily physical activity was measured using the StepWatch Limitations - Design precludes
	79(26.2%		Behaviors Questionnaire	(15.3) - ATP associated with	Limitations

180(59.8)	(0%)
-Secondary:	
121(40.2)	Efficacy
	- Daily physical activity
LVEF%	- Total steps/d
≤35%: 206	Pre: 6981.1_3639.
(68.4)	Post: 7787.8±3990.8
>35%: 95 (31.6)	P<.001
Time since ICD	Self-efficacy scale
implantation:	score
-1 month after	Pre: .98±1.73
implantation (4	Post: 9.05±1.16
wk after	P<.001
discharge)	
Barretta I	Physical activity
Dropout rate:	behaviors
Pre-post 9.6%	Pre: 0.74±0.54
	Post: 1.23±0.75
	P<.001
	Adverse events
	See safety outcomes

Final List ICD

Total: 17 Citations

Fitchet A, Doherty PJ, Bundy C, Bell W, Fitzpatrick AP, Garratt CJ. Comprehensive cardiac rehabilitation programme for implantable cardioverter-defibrillator patients: a randomised controlled trial. Heart. 2003;89(2):155-160.

Frizelle DJ, Lewin RJ, Kaye G, et al. Cognitive-behavioural rehabilitation programme for patients with an implanted cardioverter defibrillator: a pilot study. *Br J Health Psychol.* 2004;9(Pt 3):381-392.

Vanhees L, Kornaat M, Defoor J, et al. Effect of exercise training in patients with an implantable cardioverter defibrillator. *Eur Heart J.* 2004;25(13):1120-1126.

Davids JS, McPherson CA, Earley C, Batsford WP, Lampert R. Benefits of cardiac rehabilitation in patients with implantable cardioverter-defibrillators: A patient survey. *Arch Phys Med Rehabil.* 2005;86(10):1924-1928.

Belardinelli R, Capestro F, Misiani A, Scipione P, Georgiou D. Moderate exercise training improves functional capacity, quality of life, and endothelium-dependent vasodilation in chronic heart failure patients with implantable cardioverter defibrillators and cardiac resynchronization therapy. *Eur J Cardiovasc Prev Rehabil.* 2006;13(5):818-825.

Dougherty CM, Glenny R, Kudenchuk PJ. Aerobic exercise improves fitness and heart rate variability after an implantable cardioverter defibrillator. *J Cardiopulm Rehabil Prev.* 2008;28(5):307-311.

Fan S, Lyon CE, Savage PD, Ozonoff A, Ades PA, Balady GJ. Outcomes and adverse events among patients with implantable cardiac defibrillators in cardiac rehabilitation: a case-controlled study. *J Cardiopulm Rehabil Prev.* 2009;29(1):40-43.

Piccini JP, Hellkamp AS, Whellan DJ, et al. Exercise training and implantable cardioverter-defibrillator socks in patients with heart failure. *JACC-Heart Fail*. 2013;1(2):142-148.

Smialek J, Lelakowski J, Majewski J. Efficacy and safety of early comprehensive cardiac rehabilitation following the implantation of cardioverter-defibrillator. *Kardiol Pol.* 2013;71(10):1021-1028.

Toise SC, Sears SF, Schoenfeld MH, et al. Psychosocial and cardiac outcomes of yoga for ICD patients: a randomized clinical control trial. *Pacing Clin Electrophysiol.* 2014;37(1):48-62.

Berg SK, Moons P, Christensen AV, Zwisler AD, Pedersen BD, Pedersen PU. Clinical Effects and Implications of Cardiac Rehabilitation for Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator Patients: A mixed-methods approach embedding data from the Copenhagen Outpatient Programme-Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator Randomized Clinical Trial with qualitative data. *J Cardiovasc Nurs*. 2015;30(5):420-427.

Christensen AV, Zwisler AD, Svendsen JH, et al. Effect of cardiac rehabilitation in patients with ICD: are gender differences present? Results from the COPE-ICD trial. *Pacing Clin Electrophysiol*. 2015;38(1):18-27.

Berg SK, Zwisler AD, Koch MB, et al. Implantable cardioverter defibrillator specific rehabilitation improves health cost outcomes: Findings from the COPE-ICD randomized controlled trial. *J Rehabil Med.* 2015;47(3):267-272.

Dougherty CM, Glenny RW, Burr RL, Flo GL, Kudenchuk PJ. Prospective randomized trial of moderately strenuous aerobic exercise after an implantable cardioverter defibrillator. *Circulation*. 2015;131(21):1835-1842.

Isaksen K, Munk PS, Valborgland T, Larsen AI. Aerobic interval training in patients with heart failure and an implantable cardioverter defibrillator: a controlled study evaluating feasibility and effect. *Eur J Prev Cardiol.* 2015;22(3):296-303.

Isaksen K, Munk PS, Giske R, Larsen AI. Effects of aerobic interval training on measures of anxiety, depression and quality of life in patients with ischaemic heart failure and an implantable cardioverter defibrillator: a prospective non-randomized trial. *J Rehabil Med.* 2016;48(3):300-306.

Lau ET, Thompson EA, Burr RL, Dougherty CM. Safety and efficacy of an early home-based walking program after receipt of an initial implantable cardioverter-defibrillator. *Arch Phys Med Rehabil.* 2016;97(8):1228-1236.

Table abbreviations: AT, anaerobic threshold; ATP, anti-tachycardia pacing; BDI, Bech Depression Inventory; C, Control; DES-D, Centers for Disease Epidemiolgy-Depression scale; CPET, cardiopulmonary exercise test; CR, cardiac rehabilitation; CRT, cardiac resynchronization therapy; CRT-D, cardiac resynchronization-defibrillator; CPR, cardiopulmonary resuscitation; EX, exercise intervention; EHR, electronic hospital record; f/u, follow-up; HADS-A, Hospital Anxiety Depression Scale-Anxiety; HADS-D, Hospital Anxiety Depression Scale-Depression; HF, heart failure; HR, heart rate; HRR, heart rate reserve; hsCRP, high-sensitivity C-reactive protein; ICD, implantable cardioverter defibrillator; IPAQ, Internation Physical Activity Questionnaire; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; METs, metaboloic equivalents; MLHFQ, Minnesota LivingNYHA, New York Heart Association; PVC, premature ventricular contraction; QOL, quality of life; RCT, randomized controlled trial; SD, standard deviation; SE, standard error; SF MCS, Short Form-12 Mental Composite Summary; SF-12, Short Form-12 Physical Composite Summary; STAI, State-Trait Anxiety Inventory; SVT, sustained ventriculat tachycardia; UC, usual care; VF, ventricular fibrillation; VO₂, oxygen uptake; VO₂/HR, oxygen pulse; VT, ventricular tachcardia.