SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT

Podocytes play a key role in the formation of a proper glomerular filtration barrier. Their complex 3D morphology is highly dependent on an intact actin cytoskeleton. This manuscript describes the role of palladin, an essential actin-binding protein, for podocyte function in vitro and in vivo. The results demonstrate that cultured podocytes developed disorganized actin filaments and smaller focal adhesions after the knockdown of palladin. Moreover, the podocyte-specific palladin-knockout mouse showed glomeruli with a disturbed morphology and a mild effacement of podocyte foot processes. After the injection of nephrotoxic serum, a model for GN, palladin-knockout mice developed higher levels of proteinuria than controls. Taken together, our results demonstrate an important role of palladin for podocyte architecture as well as for proper filtration.