

Some versus no leisure-time physical activity at baseline

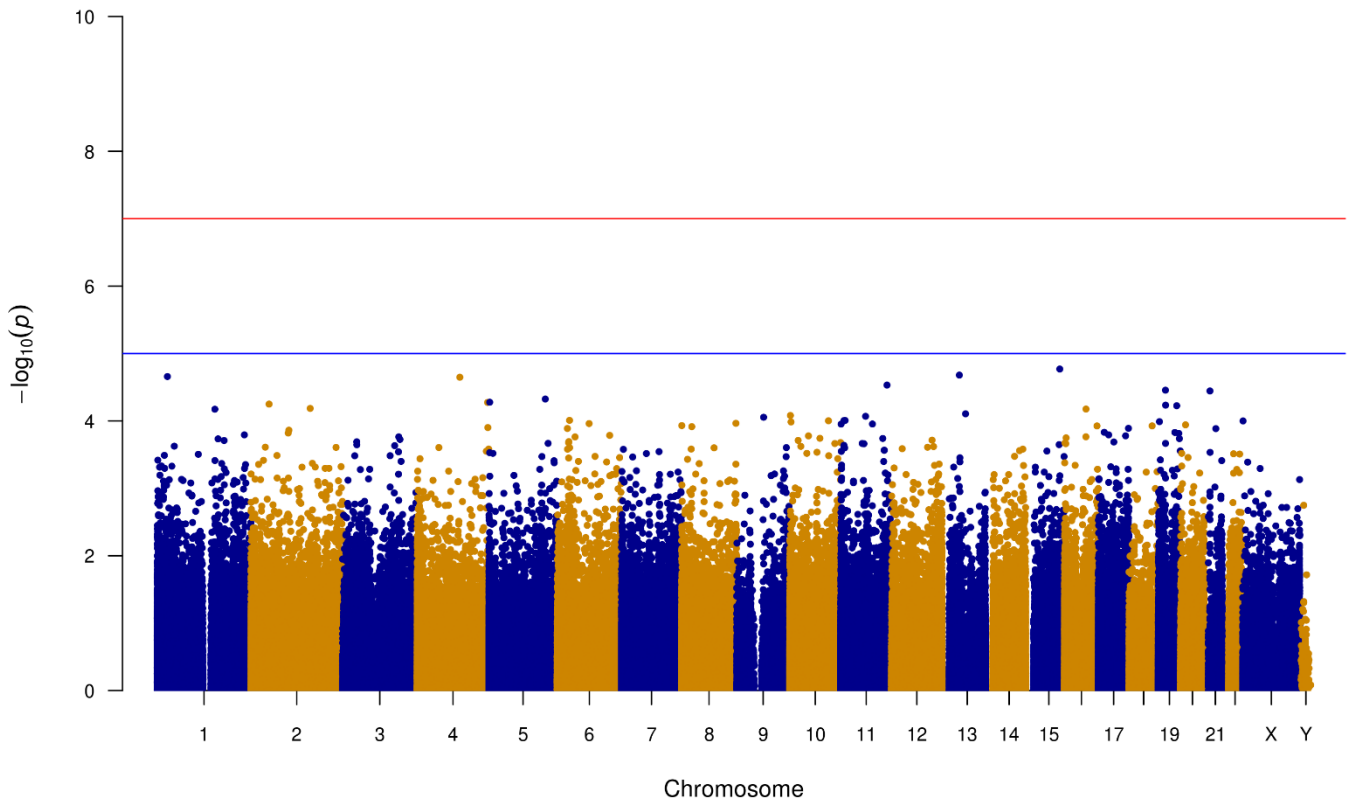


Figure S2. Manhattan plots showing results of genome-wide study of DNA methylation in peripheral blood in relation to doing some (≥ 1 times/week) *versus* no (0 times/week) leisure-time physical activity at 484,830 CpG sites at baseline ($N=5,513$) of the Melbourne Collaborative Cohort Study (MCCS). Red and blue line depict thresholds for statistically significant findings ($P < 1.0 \times 10^{-7}$) and weaker evidence of association ($P < 1.0 \times 10^{-5}$), respectively.