**Supplemental Figure Legends**

**Supplemental Figure 1.** Day-by-day frequency of patients presenting mostly abnormally high (triangular marker) or mostly abnormally low (circular marker) laboratory results according to the ICU and non-ICU sub-groups. The background bar-plot indicates the proportion of patients in the ICU (red), inpatient floor/ward (yellow), and discharged (blue). Labs grouped as markers of inflammation, infection, and coagulation.

**Supplemental Figure 2.** Day-by-day frequency of patients presenting mostly abnormally high (triangular marker) or mostly abnormally low (circular marker) laboratory results according to the ICU and non-ICU sub-groups. The background bar-plot indicates the proportion of patients in the ICU (red), inpatient floor/ward (yellow), and discharged (blue). Labs grouped as markers of cardiac, gastrointestinal/liver, and renal involvement.

**Supplemental Figure 3.** Day-by-day significant *inflammation* laboratory values for the ICU and non-ICU subgroups. The gray band denote the reference range for each lab. Asterisks on the time-axis denote a statistically significant difference between the ICU and non-ICU groups according to the non-parametric two-sided Wilcoxon rank sum test (p-value < 0.05).

**Supplemental Figure 4.** Day-by-day significant *infectious* lab values for the ICU and non-ICU subgroups. The gray band denote the reference range for each lab. Asterisks on the time-axis denote a statistically significant difference between the ICU and non-ICU groups according to the non-parametric two-sided Wilcoxon rank sum test (p-value < 0.05).

**Supplemental Figure 5.** Day-by-day significant *coagulation* lab values for the ICU and non-ICU subgroups. The gray band denote the reference range for each lab. Asterisks on the time-axis denote a statistically significant difference between the ICU and non-ICU groups according to the non-parametric two-sided Wilcoxon rank sum test (p-value < 0.05).

**Supplemental Figure 6.** Day-by-day significant *cardiac* lab values for the ICU and non-ICU subgroups. The gray band denote the reference range for each lab. Asterisks on the time-axis denote a statistically significant difference between the ICU and non-ICU groups according to the non-parametric two-sided Wilcoxon rank sum test (p-value < 0.05).

**Supplemental Figure 7.** Day-by-day significant *gastrointestinal/liver* lab values for the ICU and non-ICU subgroups. The gray band denote the reference range for each lab. Asterisks on the time-axis denote a statistically significant difference between the ICU and non-ICU groups according to the non-parametric two-sided Wilcoxon rank sum test (p-value < 0.05).

**Supplemental Figure 8: Pharmacologic Interventions**. Day-by-day frequency of medication administrations according to pharmacological groups, for the ICU and non-ICU sub-groups. The background bar-plot indicates the proportion of patients in the ICU (red), inpatient floor/ward (yellow), and discharged (blue).