Supplementary material

Video S1. Supplemental Digital Content 1

Video S1

Legend: active and sham needling procedural. The video was a performed with co-authors and volunteers and did not include actual patients.

[Link to Video]

Table S1. Supplemental Digital Content 2

Study design

Visit	Screening	Baseline (D0)	D7	D14
Inclusion / Exclusion criteria	X			
Consent form	X			
MQS	X	Х	Х	X
Clinical scales				
DN4	Х			
NRS	Х	Х	Х	Х
Trigger point Evaluation	Х	Х	Х	х
Pain diary		Х	Х	Х
BPI			Х	Х
McGill			Х	Х
HAD			Х	Х
CGI				Х
Sensorial testing				
QST			Х	X

Legend: Experimental study outline design. Each subject was evaluated on 3 days (D0, D7 and D14). Treatment was performed on D7. QST was performed before and after treatment on D7, and on D14. Pain questionnaires were performed on D7 and D14.MQS = Medication quantification scale, DN4 = Douleur neuropatique 4, NRS= Numeric rating scale, BPI = Brief pain inventory, McGill = McGill short form pain questionnaire, HAD = Hospital anxiety and depression scale, CGI = Clinical global impression scale, QST = Quantitative sensory testing

Table S2. Supplemental Digital Content 3: Demographics and baseline characteristics of patients.

Characteristics	Active	Sham	p-value
Age (years)	58.4 ± 14.5	58.2 ± 11.0	0.968
Sex, female n (%)	18 (90%)	16 (76%)	0.228
Pain intensity	6.3 ± 2.0	6.6 ± 1.7	0.651
DN4	2.4	2.4	
Concomitant treatment			
Regular analgesics n (%)	11 (55)	9 (42)	0.671
Antidepressants n (%)	3 (15)	3 (14)	0.343
Anticonvulsants n (%)	3 (15)	4 (19)	0.443

Legend: DN4: douleur neuropathique 4 questionnaire. * P<0.05.

 Table S3. Supplemental Digital Content 4

Pain intensity scores for the two groups

	NRS (0-10)			
Variable	Baseline	D14	P	
Sham	6.0 ± 1.32	5.1 ± 1.49	0.214	
Active	6.3 ± 2.05	2.4 ± 2.45	0.040	
Р	0.246	<0.001	0.020ª	

Legend: The values are presented as mean ± standard deviation. NRS: numerical rating scale, BPI: brief pain inventory.^a p value for the interaction term between group and time (0-10).

 Table \$4.
 Supplemental Digital Content 5

Descriptive statistics of pain intensity at baseline and D14

Treatment	Time	Mean	Ctd Frror	95% Confidence Interval		
			Std. Error	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	
Sham DN	Baseline	5.8	0.321	5.128	6.472	
	D14	5.0	0.332	4.304	5.696	
Active DN	Baseline	6.3	0.459	5.338	7.262	
	D14	2.4	0.550	1.250	3.550	

Legend: 95% Confidence Interval at D14. DN = dry needling.

Table S5. Supplemental Digital Content 6

Quantitative sensory testing results of dry needling, before, immediately after, and 7 days after dry needling.

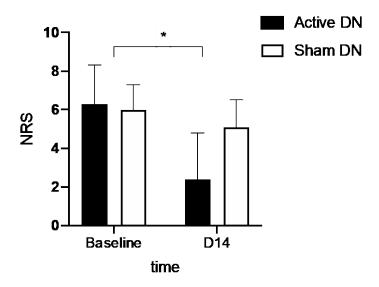
		time			
Variable	Group	Before needling (D7)	Immediately after needling (D7)	D14	p value ^a
Area of mechanical	Active	49.2 ± 37.4	39.2 ± 42.7	30.3 ± 28.5	0.001 ^a
hyperalgesia (cm²)	Sham	49.3 ± 33.4	44.5 ± 35.7	44.1 ± 34.8	
Mechanical detection threshold (g)	Active	3.0 ± 1.4	2.5 ± 0.7	2.5 ± 0.8	0.419
	Sham	2.7 ± 0.7	2.5 ± 0.7	2.7 ± 1.1	_
Mechanical pain	Active	19.1 ± 10.5	16.7 ± 7.9	15.9 ± 8.8	0.712
threshold (g)	Sham	15.9 ± 10.4	15.3 ± 8.1	14.7 ± 7.1	_
Mechanical hyperalgesia (VAS 0- 100)	Active	30.4 ± 19.0	33.8 ± 25.7	25.0 ± 20.8	0.191
	Sham	28.8 ± 16.5	32.4 ± 20.2	32.1 ± 17.7	0.191
Hyperalgesia (VAS 0-	Active	42.6 ± 26.1	39.9 ± 27.1	32.0 ± 24.2	0.200
100)	Sham	42.0 ± 22.0	42.8 ± 23.1	42.0 ± 18.7	
Cold hyperalgesia	Active	17.9 ± 15.1	18.3 ± 21.6	15.2 ± 17.2	0.897
(VAS 0-100)	Sham	19.4 ± 15.0	21.7 ± 16.9	17.1 ± 11.2	

Legend: VAS: visual analogue scale. Data is presented as mean ± standard deviation.^a P value for the interaction term between group and time.

Figure S1. Supplemental Digital Content 6

Mean changes in average pain intensity.

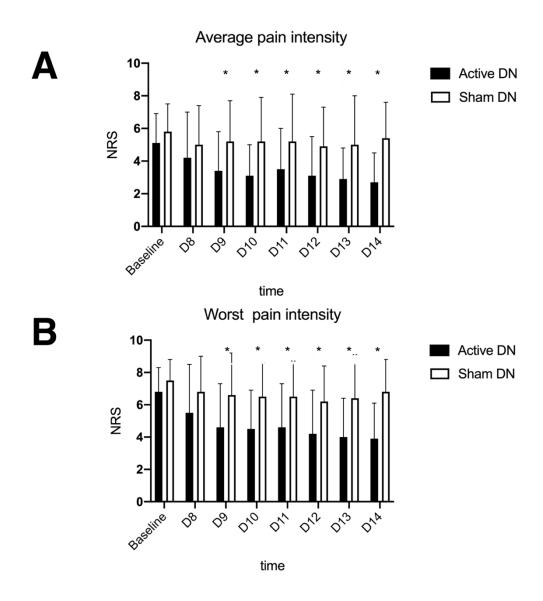
Average pain intensity



Legend: Error bars represent standard error of the mean (S.E.M.)

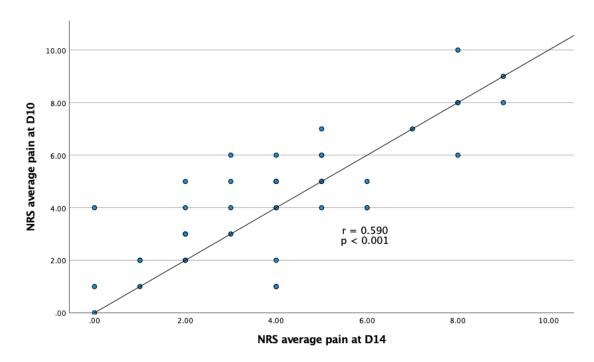
Figure S2. Supplemental Digital Content 7

Changes in pain intensity for average and worst pain over time.



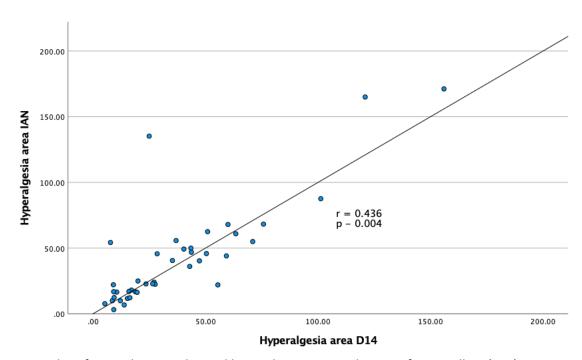
Legend: Error bars represent standard error of the mean (S.E.M.). *P<0.05

Figure S3. Supplemental Digital Content 8



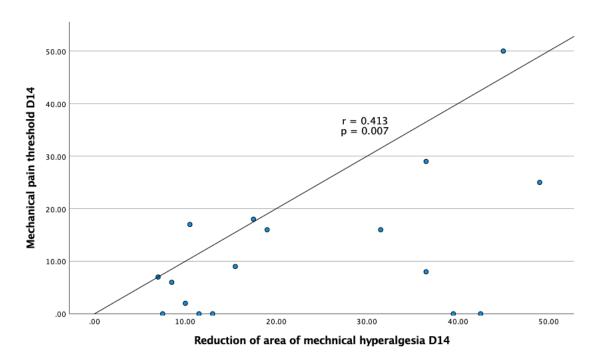
Scatterplot of NRS average pain at D10 versus NRS average pain at D14. The regression line shows an average positive correlation (r = 0.590, p < 0.001), indicating that pain improvement in D9 is correlated with persistent pain improvement at D14.

Figure S4. Supplemental Digital Content 9



Scatterplot of immediate mechanical hyperalgesia area reduction after needling (IAN) versus mechanical hyperalgesia at D14. The regression line shows an average positive correlation (r = 0.436, p = 0.004), indicating that immediate reduction after needling is correlated with maintenance of this positive area reduction response at D14.

Figure S5. Supplemental Digital Content 10



Scatterplot of reduction of the area of mechanical hyperalgesia (cm 2) and correlation with decreasing mechanical pain threshold at D14 (r = 0.413, p = 0.007).