

Table S3. Demographic and Clinical Characteristics of Recipients at 1-Year Post-transplant by Degree of Albuminuria

Characteristic	Overall, n (%)	Albuminuria (ACR, PCR only)		
		Normal	Mild	Heavy
Recipients (n)	725	371 (51.2)	314 (43.3)	40 (5.5)
Age (years)	53.3 [41.8-61.9]	51.7 [40.5-61.4]	55.5 [44.2-63.0]	49.2 [40.0-59.0]
>65 years	133 (18.3)	67 (18.1)	60 (19.1)	6 (15.0)
Female sex	251 (34.6)	125 (33.7)	111 (35.4)	15 (37.5)
Aboriginal race	48 (6.6)	18 (4.9)	27 (8.6)	3 (7.5)
Socio-economic status^a				
Lowest	167 (23.0)	78 (21.0)	79 (25.2)	10 (25.0)
Middle	159 (21.9)	85 (22.9)	64 (20.4)	10 (25.0)
Highest	129 (17.8)	68 (18.3)	54 (17.2)	7 (17.5)
Urban residence^b	640 (88.3)	333 (89.8)	269 (85.7)	38 (95.0)
Pre-transplant dialysis modality^c				
Hemodialysis	418 (57.7)	211 (56.9)	182 (58.0)	25 (62.5)
Peritoneal	205 (28.3)	108 (29.1)	88 (28.0)	9 (22.5)
Pre-emptive	102 (14.1)	52 (14.0)	44 (14.0)	6 (15.0)
Dialysis duration (years)	1.8 [0.8-3.2]	2.1 [1.2-3.4]	2.5 [1.5-3.9]	2.1 [1.2-3.2]
Northern Alberta	439 (60.6)	230 (62.0)	187 (59.6)	22 (55.0)
Co-morbidities^d				
Hypertension	659 (90.9)	334 (90.0)	285 (90.8)	40 (100.0)
Diabetes mellitus	283 (39.0)	120 (32.3)	140 (44.6)	23 (57.5)
Myocardial infarction	28 (3.9)	11 (3.0)	16 (5.1)	1 (2.5)
PCI/CABG	31 (4.3)	15 (4.0)	16 (5.1)	0 (0)
Heart failure	64 (8.8)	29 (7.8)	32 (10.2)	3 (7.5)
Atrial fibrillation	38 (5.2)	18 (4.9)	18 (5.7)	2 (5.0)
Stroke/TIA	21 (2.9)	12 (3.2)	9 (2.9)	0 (0)
Peripheral vascular disease	49 (6.8)	21 (5.7)	24 (7.6)	4 (10.0)

Data is presented as number (%) except for age and dialysis duration, which are presented as median [interquartile range].

^a Income was categorized according to fifths of average neighborhood income (first quintile is the lowest and the fifth quintile is the highest).

^b Urban location indicates a population >10,000 or a population >1,000 with population density >400/km².

^c Recipients identified as pre-emptive were assessed for the presence of dialysis codes and re-classified as hemodialysis (n=5) or peritoneal dialysis (n=7).

^d Assessed by the presence of a diagnostic or procedural code in the 3 years prior to the index date except for hypertension and diabetes which are defined by a previously validated algorithm.^{4,6}

Abbreviations: ACR, albumin-creatinine ratio; CABG, coronary artery bypass graft; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention; PCR, protein-creatinine ratio; TIA, transient ischemic attack.